# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

X ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 [FEE REQUIRED] For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2000

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TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 [NO FEE REQUIRED] For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 0-14616

 $\,$  J  $\,$  S NACK FOODS CORP. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New Jersey 22-1935537 (State or other jurisdiction incorporation or organization) 22-1935537 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6000 Central Highway
Pennsauken, New Jersey
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number including area code: (856-665-9533)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Common Stock, par value: None None (Title of each class) (Name of each exchange on which registered)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K [].

As of November 30, 2000, the latest practicable date, 8,414,793 shares of the Registrant's common stock were issued and outstanding. The aggregate market value of shares held by non-affiliates of the Registrant on such date was \$86,742,587 based on the last price on that date of \$14.46875 per share, which is an average of bid and asked prices.

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The Registrant's 2000 Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2000 and Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on February 8, 2001 are incorporated herein by reference into Parts I, II, III and IV as set forth herein.

J & J SNACK FOODS CORP. 2000 FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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## Item 1. Business

## General

J & J Snack Foods Corp. (the "Company" or "J & J") manufactures nutritional snack foods which it markets nationally to the food service and retail supermarket industries. Its principal snack food products are soft pretzels marketed principally under the brand name SUPERPRETZEL. J & J believes it is the largest manufacturer of soft pretzels in the United States. The Company also markets frozen beverages to the food service industry under the brand names ICEE and ARCTIC BLAST in the United States, Mexico and Canada. Other snack products include Italian ice and frozen juice treats and desserts, churros (an Hispanic pastry), funnel cake, popcorn and bakery products.

The Company's sales are made primarily to food service customers including snack bar and food stand locations in leading chain, department, discount, warehouse club and convenience stores; malls and shopping centers; fast food outlets; stadiums and sports arenas; leisure and theme parks; movie theatres; independent retailers; and schools, colleges and other institutions. The Company's retail supermarket customers are primarily supermarket chains. The Company sells direct to the public through its chains of specialty snack food retail outlets, BAVARIAN PRETZEL BAKERY and PRETZEL GOURMET, located primarily in the Mid-Atlantic States.

The Company was incorporated in 1971 under the laws of the State of New Jersey.

Soft Pretzels

The Company's soft pretzels are sold under many brand names; some of which are: SUPERPRETZEL, MR. TWISTER, SOFT PRETZEL BITES, SOFTSTIX, SOFT PRETZEL BUNS, HOT KNOTS, DUTCH TWIST, TEXAS TWIST and SANDWICH TWIST and; to a lesser extent, under private labels. The Company sells its soft pretzels to the food service and the retail supermarket industries and direct to the public through BAVARIAN PRETZEL BAKERY and PRETZEL GOURMET, its chains of specialty snack food retail outlets. The Company's soft pretzels qualify under USDA regulations as the nutritional equivalent of bread for purposes of the USDA school lunch program, thereby enabling a participating school to obtain partial reimbursement of the cost of the Company's soft pretzels from the USDA. Soft pretzel sales, including those sold through the Company's retail stores, amounted to 30% and 32% of the Company's revenue in fiscals 2000 and 1999, respectively.

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The Company's soft pretzels are manufactured according to a proprietary formula. Soft pretzels, ranging in size from one to ten ounces in weight are shaped and formed by the Company's proprietary twister machines. These soft pretzel tying machines are automated, high speed machines for twisting dough into the traditional pretzel shape. Soft pretzels in customized shapes and sizes and with fillings are extruded or shaped by hand. Soft pretzels, after processing, are primarily quick-frozen in either raw or baked form and packaged for delivery.

The Company's food service marketing program includes supplying ovens, mobil merchandisers, display cases, warmers and similar merchandising equipment to the retailer to prepare and promote the sale of soft pretzels. Some of this equipment is proprietary, including combination warmer and display cases that reconstitute frozen soft pretzels while displaying them, thus eliminating the need for an oven. The Company retains ownership of the equipment placed in customer locations and, as a result, customers are not required to make an investment in equipment.

Frozen Juice Treats and Desserts

The Company's frozen juice treats and desserts are marketed

primarily under the LUIGI'S, ICEE, MINUTE MAID\*, HI-C\*, FROSTAR, SHAPE-UPS, and MAMA TISH'S brand names to the food service and to the retail supermarket industries. Frozen juice treat and dessert sales were 18% and 16% of the Company's revenue in fiscal years 2000 and 1999, respectively.

The Company's SHAPE-UPS, MINUTE MAID and HI-C frozen juice and fruit bars are manufactured from an apple or pear juice base to which water, sweeteners, coloring (in some cases) and flavorings are added. The juice bars contain two to three ounces of apple or pear juice and the minimum daily requirement of vitamin C, and qualify as reimbursable items under the USDA school lunch program. The juice bars are produced in various flavors and are packaged in a sealed push-up paper container referred to as the Milliken M-pak, which the Company believes has certain sanitary and safety advantages.

The FROSTAR product line includes frozen juice and other frozen desserts on a stick and in a cup. The juice bar and FROSTAR products are sold primarily to the school portion of the food service industry.

LUIGI'S Real Italian Ice and MAMA TISH'S Italian Ice and Sorbets are sold to the foodservice and to the retail supermarket industries. They are manufactured from water, sweeteners and fruit juice concentrates in various flavors and are packaged in plastic cups and in squeeze up tubes.

ICEE Squeeze Tubes are sold to the foodservice and to the retail supermarket industries. Designed to capture the carbonated frozen taste of a traditional ICEE drink, they are packaged in three and four ounce squeeze up tubes.

MINUTE MAID soft frozen lemonade is sold to the foodservice and to the retail supermarket industries and is packaged in squeeze up tubes and cups.

#### Churros

The Company sells frozen churros under the TIO PEPE'S brand name to both the food service and retail supermarket industries. Churro sales were 4% and 5% of the Company's sales in fiscal 2000 and 1999, respectively. Churros are Hispanic donuts in stick form which the Company produces in several sizes according to a proprietary formula. The churros are deep fried, frozen and packaged. At food service point-of-sale they are reheated and topped with a cinnamon sugar mixture. The Company also sells fruit and creme filled churros. The Company supplies churro merchandising equipment similar to that used for its soft pretzels.

### Baked Goods

The Company has a contract and private label bakery business which manufactures cookies, muffins and other baked goods for third parties. In addition, the Company produces and markets these products under its own brand names, including MRS. GOODCOOKIE, CAMDEN CREEK BAKERY and PRETZELCOOKIE. Baked goods sales amounted to 13% and 12% of the Company's sales in fiscals 2000 and 1999, respectively.

## Other Products

The Company also markets to the food service industry and direct to the public other products including soft drinks, funnel cakes sold under the FUNNEL CAKE FACTORY brand name, popcorn sold under the AIRPOPT brand name, as well as smaller amounts of various other food products.

Products in the Frozen Beverage Segment

## Frozen Beverages

The Company markets frozen beverages to the food service industry primarily under the names ICEE and ARCTIC BLAST in the United States, Mexico and Canada. The Company sells direct to the

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public through BAVARIAN PRETZEL BAKERY and PRETZEL GOURMET, its chains of specialty snack food retail outlets. Frozen beverage business sales amounted to 33% of revenue in fiscal 2000 and 32% of revenue in fiscal 1999. Under the Company's marketing program, it installs frozen beverage dispensers at customer locations and thereafter services the machines, arranges to supply customers with ingredients required for production of the frozen beverages, and supports customer retail sales efforts with in-store promotions and point-of-sale materials. In most cases, the Company retains ownership of its dispensers and, as a result, customers are not required to make an investment in equipment or arrange for the ingredients and supplies necessary to produce and market the frozen beverages. In fiscal 1999 the Company began providing installation and maintenance service only to a large quick service restaurant, which resulted in the increase of Customer Owned beverage dispensers in 1999 and 2000.

Each new customer location requires a frozen beverage dispenser supplied by the Company or by the customer. Company supplied dispensers are purchased from outside vendors, built new or rebuilt by the Company at an approximate cost of \$6,000 each. The following shows the number of Company owned and customer owned frozen beverage dispensers at customer locations at the dates indicated:

			Company Owned	Customer	Owned Total
September	26,	1998	16,500	200	16,700
September	25,	1999	18,100	4,300	22,400
September	30,	2000	19,500	9,400	28,900

The Company has the rights to market and distribute frozen beverages under the name ICEE to all of the Continental United States, except for portions of eleven states.

#### Customers

The Company sells its products to two principal customer groups: food service and retail supermarkets. The primary products sold to the food service group are soft pretzels, frozen beverages, frozen juice treats and desserts, churros and baked goods. The primary products sold to the retail supermarket industry are soft pretzels and frozen juice treats and desserts. Additionally, the Company sells soft pretzels, frozen beverages and various other food products direct to the public through BAVARIAN PRETZEL BAKERY and PRETZEL GOURMET, its chains of specialty snack food retail outlets.

The Company's customers in the food service industry include snack bars and food stands in chain, department and discount stores such as Kmart, Wal-Mart, Bradlees and Target; malls and shopping centers; fast food outlets; stadiums and sports arenas; leisure and theme parks such as Disneyland, Walt Disney World, Opryland, Universal Studios, Sea World, Six Flags, Hershey Park and Busch

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Gardens; convenience stores such as 7-Eleven, Circle K, AM/PM, White Hen Pantry and Wawa; movie theatres; warehouse club stores such as Sam's Club, Costco and B.J.'s; schools, colleges and other institutions; and independent retailers such as Mrs. Fields. Food service concessionaires purchasing soft pretzels and other products from the Company for use in sports arenas and for institutional meal services include ARAMARK, Service America, Sportservice, Marriott and Volume Services. Machines and machine parts are sold to other food and beverage companies. Within the food service industry, the Company's products are purchased by the consumer primarily for consumption at the point-of-sale.

The Company sells its products to over 90% of supermarkets in the United States. Products sold to retail supermarket customers are primarily soft pretzel products, including SUPERPRETZEL, LUIGI'S Real Italian Ice and MAMA TISH'S Italian Ice and sorbets, MINUTE MAID Juice Bars and Soft Frozen Lemonade, HI-C Frozen Fruit Bars, ICEE Squeeze Up Tubes and TIO PEPE'S churros. Within the retail supermarket industry, the Company's frozen and prepackaged products are purchased by the consumer for consumption at home.

#### Marketing and Distribution

The Company has developed a national marketing program for its products. For food service customers, this marketing program includes providing ovens, mobile merchandisers, display cases, warmers, frozen beverage dispensers and other merchandising equipment for the individual customer's requirements and point-of-sale materials as well as participating in trade shows and in-store demonstrations. The Company's ongoing advertising and promotional campaigns for its retail supermarket products include trade shows, newspaper advertisements with coupons, in-store demonstrations, billboards and, periodically, television advertisements.

The Company's products are sold through a network of about 180 food brokers and over 1,000 independent sales distributors and the Company's own direct sales force. The Company maintains frozen

warehouse and distribution facilities in Pennsauken and Bellmawr, New Jersey; Vernon (Los Angeles) California; Scranton, Pittsburgh, Hatfield and Lancaster, Pennsylvania; Carrollton (Dallas), Texas; and Solon, Ohio. Frozen beverages are distributed from 94 Company managed warehouse and distribution facilities located in 41 states, Mexico and Canada which allow the Company to directly service its customers in the surrounding areas. The Company's products are shipped in refrigerated and other vehicles from the Company's manufacturing and warehouse facilities on a fleet of Company operated tractor-trailers, trucks and vans, as well as by independent carriers.

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### Seasonality

The Company's sales are seasonal because frozen beverage sales and frozen juice treats and desserts sales are generally higher during the warmer months and sales of the Company's retail stores are generally higher in the Company's first quarter during the holiday shopping season.

#### Trademarks and Patents

The Company has numerous trademarks, the most important of which are SUPERPRETZEL, DUTCH TWIST, TEXAS TWIST, MR. TWISTER, SOFT PRETZEL BITES and SOFTSTIX for its soft pretzel products; FROSTAR, SHAPE-UPS, MAZZONE'S, MAMA TISH'S and LUIGI'S for its frozen juice treats and desserts; TIO PEPE'S for its churros; ARCTIC BLAST for its frozen beverages; FUNNEL CAKE FACTORY for its funnel cake products, and MRS. GOODCOOKIE and CAMDEN CREEK for its baked goods. The trademarks, when renewed and continuously used, have an indefinite term and are considered important to the Company as a means of identifying its products.

The Company markets frozen beverages under the trademark ICEE in all of the Continental United States, except for portions of eleven states, and in Mexico and Canada. Additionally, the Company has the international rights to the trademark ICEE.

The Company has numerous patents related to the manufacturing and marketing of its products.

## Supplies

The Company's manufactured products are produced from raw materials which are readily available from numerous sources. With the exception of the Company's soft pretzel twisting equipment and funnel cake production equipment, which are made for J & J by independent third parties, and certain specialized packaging equipment, the Company's manufacturing equipment is readily available from various sources. Syrup for frozen beverages is purchased from the Coca Cola Company, the Pepsi Cola Company, and Western Syrup Company. Cups, straws and lids are readily available from various suppliers. Parts for frozen beverage dispensing machines are manufactured internally and purchased from other sources. Frozen beverage dispensers are purchased from IMI Cornelius, Inc.

## Competition

Snack food and baked goods markets are highly competitive. The Company's principal products compete against similar and different food products manufactured and sold by numerous other companies,

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and new competing products may enter the markets. Competitive factors in these markets include product quality, customer service, taste, price, identity and brand name awareness, method of distribution and sales promotions.

The Company believes it is the only national distributor of soft pretzels. However, there are numerous regional and local manufacturers of food service and retail supermarket soft pretzels. Competition is also increasing in that there are several chains of retail pretzel stores that have aggressively expanded over the past several years. These chains compete with the Company's products.

In Frozen Beverages the Company competes directly with other frozen beverage companies. These include several companies which have the right to use the ICEE name in portions of eleven states. There are many other regional frozen beverage competitors throughout the country and one large retail chain which uses its own frozen beverage brand.

The Company competes with large soft drink manufacturers for counter and floor space for its frozen beverage dispensing machines at retail locations and with products which are more widely known than the ICEE and ARCTIC BLAST frozen beverages.

The Company competes with a number of other companies in the frozen juice treat and dessert and baked goods markets.

#### **Employees**

The Company had approximately 2,200 full and part time employees as of September 30, 2000. Certain production and distribution employees at the Pennsauken plant are covered by a collective bargaining agreement which expires in September 2002. The Company considers its employee relations to be good.

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### Item 2. Properties

The Company's primary east coast manufacturing facility is located in Pennsauken, New Jersey in a 70,000 square foot building on a two acre lot. Soft pretzels and churros are manufactured at this company-owned facility which also serves as the Company's corporate headquarters. This facility operates at approximately 80% of capacity. The Company leases a 101,200 square foot building adjacent to its manufacturing facility in Pennsauken, New Jersey through March 2012. The Company has constructed a large freezer within this facility for warehousing and distribution purposes. The warehouse has a utilization rate of 60-90% depending on product demand. The Company also leases through September 2001 16,000 square feet of office and warehouse space located next to the Pennsauken, New Jersey plant.

The Company owns a 150,000 square foot building on eight acres in Bellmawr, New Jersey. Approximately 30% of the facility is leased to a third party. The remainder is used by the Company to manufacture some of its products including funnel cake, pretzels and cookies.

The Company's primary west coast manufacturing facility is located in Vernon (Los Angeles), California. It consists of a 137,000 square foot facility in which soft pretzels, churros and

various lines of baked goods are produced and warehoused. Included in the 137,000 square foot facility is a 30,000 square foot freezer used for warehousing and distribution purposes which was constructed in 1996. The facility is leased through November 2010. The Company leases an additional 15,000 square feet of warehouse space, adjacent to its manufacturing facility, through May 2002. The manufacturing facility operates at approximately 60% of capacity.

The Company owns a 52,700 square foot building located on five acres in Chicago Heights, Illinois which is presently for sale or lease.

The Company owns a 46,000 square foot frozen juice treat and dessert manufacturing facility located on three acres in Scranton, Pennsylvania. The facility, which was expanded from 26,000 square feet in 1998, operates at approximately 60% of capacity.

The Company leases a 29,635 square foot soft pretzel manufacturing facility located in Hatfield, Pennsylvania. The lease runs through June 2017. The facility operates at approximately two thirds of capacity.

The Company leases a 19,200 square foot soft pretzel manufacturing facility located in Carrollton, Texas. The lease runs through April 2004. The facility operates at less than 50% of capacity.

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The Company's fresh bakery products manufacturing facility and offices are located in Bridgeport, New Jersey in two buildings totaling 94,320 square feet. The buildings are leased through November 2011 and December 2012, if options to extend are exercised. The manufacturing facility operates at approximately 50% of capacity.

The Company's Bavarian Pretzel Bakery headquarters and warehouse and distribution facilities are located in a 11,000 square foot owned building in Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

The Company owns a 25,000 square foot facility located on 11 acres in Hatfield, Pennsylvania which is leased to a third party.

The Company also leases approximately 100 warehouse and distribution facilities.

## Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company has no material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or of which any of their property is subject.

Item 4. Submission Of Matters To A Vote Of Security Holders

None.

#### EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The following is a list of the executive officers of the Company and their principal past occupations or employment. All such persons serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors and have been elected to serve until the Annual Meeting of Shareholders on February 8, 2001 or until their successors are duly elected.

Name	Age	Position
Gerald B. Shreiber	59	Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Dennis G. Moore		
	45	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary, Treasurer and Director
Robert M. Radano	51	Senior Vice President, Sales, Chief Operating Officer and Director
Dan Fachner	40	President of The ICEE Company Subsidiary

Gerald B. Shreiber is the founder of the Company and has served as its Chairman of the Board, President, and Chief Executive Officer since its inception in 1971. His term as a director expires in 2000.

Dennis G. Moore joined the Company in 1984. He served in various controllership functions prior to becoming the Chief Financial Officer in June 1992. His term as a director expires in 2002.

Robert M. Radano joined the Company in 1972 and in May 1996 was named Chief Operating Officer of the Company. Prior to becoming Chief Operating Officer, he was Senior Vice President, Sales responsible for national foodservice sales of J & J. His term as a director expires in 2001.

Dan Fachner has been an employee of ICEE-USA Corp., which was acquired by the Company in May 1987, since 1979. He was named Senior Vice President of The ICEE Company in April 1994 and became President in May 1997.

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#### PART II

## Item 5. Market For Registrant's Common Stock And Related Stockholder Matters

The Company's common stock is traded on the over-the-counter market on the NASDAQ National Market System under the symbol JJSF. The following table sets forth the high and low final sale price quotations as reported by NASDAQ for the common stock for each quarter of the years ended September 25, 1999 and September 30, 2000.

	High	Low
Fiscal 1999 First quarter ended December 26, 1998 Second quarter ended March 27, 1999 Third quarter ended June 26, 1999 Fourth quarter ended September 25, 1999	22-1/2 25 24 24-7/16	15-3/4 19-5/16 19-3/4 20-1/4
Fiscal 2000  First quarter ended December 25, 1999 Second quarter ended March 25, 2000 Third quarter ended June 24, 2000 Fourth quarter ended September 30, 2000	22-3/4 21-7/8 20-1/2 19	15-1/2 16-13/16 14 12-1/2

On November 30, 2000, there were 8,414,793 shares of common stock outstanding. Those shares were held by approximately 2,200 beneficial shareholders and shareholders of record.

The Company has never paid a cash dividend on its common stock and does not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

## Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The information set forth under the caption "Financial Highlights" of the 2000 Annual Report to Shareholders is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 7. Management's Discussion And Analysis Of Financial Condition And Results Of Operations

The information set forth under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of the 2000 Annual Report to Shareholders is incorporated herein by reference.

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## Item 7a. Quantitative And Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The following is the Company's quantitative and qualitative analysis of its financial market risk:

### Interest Rate Sensitivity

The table below provides information about the Company's derivative financial instruments and other financial instruments as of September 30, 2000 that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. These instruments include debt obligations and interest rate swaps. For debt obligations, the table presents principal cash flows and related weighted-average interest rates by expected maturity dates. For interest rate swaps, the table presents notional amounts and weighted-average interest rates by expected (contractual) maturity dates. The notional amounts are used to calculate the contractual payments to be exchanged under the swap contract. Weighted-average variable rates are based on implied forward rates in the yield curve at the reporting date.

## Expected Maturity Date (\$ in thousands)

					There		Fair
2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	after	Total	Value

Liabilities
Long-term debt

interest rate Variable	8.66%	9.50%	9.27%	-	-	7.25%	7.47%	
rate	\$ 2,000	-	-	\$37,000	-	-	\$39,000	\$39,000
Average interest								
rate	7.34%	-	-	7.34%	-	-	7.34%	
Interest Rate Receive variable/	e Swaps							
	\$13,000	\$8,000	\$2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$23,000	\$ 206
Average								
pay rate	6.84%	6.84%	6.84%	-	-	-	6.84%	
Average								
Receive								
Rate	6.11%	6.11%	6.11%	-	-	-	6.11%	

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Company holds long-term debt with variable interest rates indexed to LIBOR, which exposes it to the risk of increased interest costs if interest rates rise. To reduce the risk related to unfavorable interest rate movements, the Company enters into interest rate swap contracts to pay a fixed rate and receive a variable rate that is indexed to LIBOR. The ratio of the swap notional amount to the principal amount of variable rate debt issued changes periodically based on the Company's ongoing assessment of the future trend in interest rate movements. At September 30, 2000, this ratio was 70 percent and no change in the ratio is expected at the current time. The percentage of variable rate debt fixed under interest rate swap contracts is expected to decrease as scheduled debt payments are made.

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#### Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

The Company has not entered into any forward exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency rate risk as of September 30, 2000 because it does not believe its foreign exchange exposure is significant.

## Item 8. Financial Statements And Supplementary Data

The following consolidated financial statements of the Company set forth in the 2000 Annual Report to Shareholders are incorporated herein by reference:

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999

Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 25, 1999 and September 26, 1998

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the three fiscal years ended September 30, 2000

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 25, 1999 and September 26, 1998

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Item 9. Changes In And Disagreements With Accountants On Accounting And Financial Disclosure

None.

#### Item 10. Directors And Executive Officers Of The Registrant

Information concerning directors, appearing under the captions "Information Concerning Nominee For Election To Board" and "Information Concerning Continuing Directors And Executive Officers" in the Company's Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on February 8, 2001, is incorporated herein by reference. Information concerning the executive officers is included on page 10 following Item 4 in Part I hereof.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information concerning executive compensation appearing in the Company's Proxy Statement under the caption "Management Remuneration" is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership Of Certain Beneficial Owners And Management

Information concerning the security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management appearing in the Company's Proxy Statement under the caption "Principal Shareholders" is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships And Related Transactions

Not applicable.

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#### PART IV

Item 14. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules And Reports On Form 8-K

#### (a) Financial Statements

The following are incorporated by reference in Part II of this report:

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999

Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 25, 1999 and September 26, 1998

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the three fiscal years ended September 25, 1999

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 25, 1999 and September 26, 1998

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Financial Statement Schedule

The following are included in Part IV of this report:

Report of Independent Certified Public	Page			
Accountants on Schedule	19			
Schedule:				
II. Value and Qualifying Accounts	20			

All other schedules are omitted either because they are not applicable or because the information required is contained in the financial statements or notes thereto.

#### Exhibits

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation filed February 28, 1990. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 10-Q dated May 4, 1990.)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws adopted May 15, 1990. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 10-Q dated August 3, 1990.)

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- 4.1 New Jersey Economic Development Authority Economic Development Revenue Bonds Trust Indenture dated as of December 1, 1991. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's 10-K dated December 18, 1992.)
- 4.2 Loan Agreement dated as of December 19, 2000 by and among J & J Snack Foods Corp. and certain of its Subsidiaries and Fleet National Bank, as Agent.
- 10.1 Proprietary Exclusive Manufacturing Agreement dated July 17, 1984 between J & J Snack Foods Corp. and Wisco Industries, Inc.(Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form S-1 dated February 4, 1986, file no. 33-2296).
- 10.2\*J & J Snack Foods Corp. Stock Option Plan.
   (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form S-8
   dated July 24, 1992, file no. 33-50036.)
- 10.3\*J & J Snack Foods Corp. 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan, As Amended, Effective January 1, 1989. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's 10-K dated December 18, 1992.)
- 10.4\*First, Second and Third Amendments to the J & J Snack Foods Corp. 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's 10-K dated December 19, 1996).
- 10.6 Lease dated September 24, 1991 between J & J Snack Foods Corp. of New Jersey and A & H Bloom Construction Co. for the 101,200 square foot building next to the Company's manufacturing facility in Pennsauken, New Jersey. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 10-K dated December 17, 1991).
- 10.7 Lease dated August 29, 1995 between J & J Snack Foods Corp. and 5353 Downey Associated Ltd for the lease of the Vernon, CA facility. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 10-K dated December 21, 1995).
- 10.8\*J & J Snack Foods Corp. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form S-8 dated May 16, 1996).
- 10.9\*Amendments to the J & J Snack Foods Corp. Stock Option

Plan and the J & J Snack Foods Corp. Non-Statutory Stock Option Plan for Non-Employee Directors and Chief Executive Officer. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement dated December 15, 1999.)

- 13.1 Company's 2000 Annual Report to Shareholders (except for the captions and information thereof expressly incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K, the Annual Report to Shareholders is provided solely for the information of the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not deemed "filed" as part of the Form 10-K.) (Page 21.)
- 22.1 Subsidiaries of J & J Snack Foods Corp. (Page 54.)
- 27.1 Financial Data Schedule. (Page 56.)
- \*Compensatory Plan
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

No reports on Form 8-K have been filed by the Company during the last quarter of the period covered by this report.

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

J & J SNACK FOODS CORP.

December 20, 2000

By /s/ Gerald B. Shreiber Gerald B. Shreiber, Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

December 20,	2000	/s/ Robert M. Radano Robert M. Radano, Senior Vice President, Sales, Chief Operating Officer and Director
December 20,	2000	/s/ Dennis G. Moore Dennis G. Moore, Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Director
December 20,	2000	/s/ Stephen N. Frankel Stephen N. Frankel, Director
December 20,	2000	/s/ Peter G. Stanley Peter G. Stanley, Director
December 20,	2000	/s/ Leonard M. Lodish Leonard M. Lodish, Director

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON SCHEDULE

Board of Directors J & J Snack Foods Corp.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of J & J Snack Foods Corp. and Subsidiaries referred to in our report dated November 7, 2000 which is included in the Annual Report to Shareholders and incorporated by reference in Part II of this form, we have also audited Schedule II for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended September 30, 2000 (53 weeks, 52 weeks and 52 weeks). In our opinion, this schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein.

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## SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

Year		Desc	cription		Opening balance	Charged to expense	Deductions	Closing Balance
2000	Allow.	for	doubtful	accts	\$806,000	\$1,384,000	617,000(1)	\$1,573,000
1999	Allow.	for	doubtful	accts	597,000	321,000	112,000(1)	806,000
1998	Allow.	for	doubtful	accts	392,000	250,000	45,000(1)	597,000

(1) Write-off uncollectible accounts receivable.

## J & J SNACK FOODS CORP.

## 2000 ANNUAL REPORT

TO SHAREHOLDERS

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J&J Snack Foods 6000 Central Highway Pennsauken, NJ 08109 (856) 665-9533 www.jjsnack.com

More Products, for More People, in More Places...Every Day

2000 ANNUAL REPORT

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

		Fiscal vea	ar ended in	September	•		
	(In t	,	except per	•			
	20 <u>0</u> 0	1999 <sup>°</sup>	1998	1997	´ 1996		
Net Sales	\$321,112	\$288,439	\$262,390	\$220,318	\$186,018		
Net Earnings	\$9,968	\$14,264	\$11,850	\$8,159	\$5,843		
Total Assets	\$220,039	\$213,680	\$213,261	\$136,827	\$123,128		
Long-Term Debt	\$42,481	\$34,660	\$48,199	\$5,028	\$5,010		
Stockholders' Equity	\$133,274	\$131,169	\$119,681	\$105,904	\$96,708		
Common Share Data							
Earnings Per							
Diluted Share	\$1.10	\$1.50	\$1.26	\$.91	\$.65		
Earnings Per							
Basic Share	\$1.13	\$1.58	\$1.32	\$.93	\$.65		
Book Value Per Share	\$15.64	\$14.57	\$13.25	\$11.97	\$11.05		
Common Shares Outstanding							
At Year End	8,522	9,000	9,036	8,850	8,749		

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### PRESIDENT'S LETTER

Last year in my President's Letter I opened with the comment "By most any standards, 1999 was a terrific year for J&J Snack Foods Corp...we achieved record sales and earnings were the highest in our history." Just as we were pleased to report and share with you (with unabashed pride) our previous year's record results, it is with disappointment but candidness that I remark on our fiscal year 2000 results. While our sales grew over 11% to a record \$321 million, this, nonetheless, fell short of our budgeted plans. This shortfall, together with a combination of other unrelated factors, resulted in net earnings falling 30% to \$9,968,000 and EPS declining 27% to \$1.10. The best way to deal with difficult questions is to confront them head on with decisiveness and honesty.

## Q. What happened this year and why?

- A. Some of our core business products suffered from sluggish sales. In addition, manufacturing problems related to the start-up of our MINUTE MAID brand licensed products at our frozen dessert plant in Scranton, PA caused both shortfalls in production and increased costs. Additionally, cooler than normal summer weather in the Northeast caused disappointing sales for our ICEE subsidiary and frozen dessert products. We also took a substantial one-time charge related to accounts receivable from movie theater chains and wrote down certain real estate assets. On a positive note, we did increase sales by 11%, and we believe that the factors contributing to our decline in earnings have been corrected.
- Q. What are you doing to address sluggish sales of soft pretzels?
- A. Plenty! Although we are disappointed with soft pretzel sales to certain individual specialty markets, we are in the process of addressing this with new and improved product entries--including some exciting, newly created "first of its kind" filled soft pretzel varieties that have been developed by our R&D staff.
- Q. What can we expect for next year and the future?
- A. Better than this year! A lot better. Sales will be higher, but more importantly, our commitment and belief is very strong. We expect to achieve strong increases in sales and earnings for fiscal 2001 and beyond. The business strategy is essentially the same...niche products; low cost producer; strong sales and marketing. Complement those ideals with strategic alliances and partnerships with world-class companies, and we have a continuing recipe for success.

  Our portfolio of brands includes category leaders like SUPERPRETZEL, ICEE, TIO PEPE'S churros, LUIGI'S Italian ice, MINUTE MAID frozen desserts and fast growing new additions, like MRS. GOODCOOKIE and CAMDEN CREEK ready-to-bake cookie dough. Really, there is no other company quite like us. We are a one-of-a-kind company, participating in both the snack and beverage industries...with equity, value and leadership in strong brands.

## Q. How about acquisitions?

- A. Over the years, we have grown both organically and from acquisitions. If an acquisition expands our sales and distribution and provides complementary and synergistic value, it is certainly worth considering. Our very recent acquisition of Uptown Bakeries in November 2000, a manufacturer providing fresh bakery products such as bagels, donuts, fancies, muffins and soft pretzels, fits those criteria. It's important -- make that critical -- that we make acquisitions fit properly and provide resources to the acquired company resulting in an overall improvement to the J&J Snack Foods organization.
- ${\tt Q}.$  How can you market your products better given the competitiveness and the consolidation of the markets?
- A. By creating more value for the trade, and ultimately, the final consumer. By marketing better, improving point-of-sale materials as well as dispensing and merchandising equipment, and expanding our distribution alternatives in both frozen and fresh channels. We are learning that the sales and distribution systems that are in place can

be diversified and improved by listening, learning and reacting. And there is a wealth of technology being created to advance our manufacturing and distribution capabilities.

- Q. Will the Company continue to repurchase shares?
- A. We believe J&J Snack Foods is undervalued and a great investment by any comparable standard. The Company plans to continue to repurchase shares as available.
- Q. How do you care to sum up?
- A. We believe we are a terrific company with hard working, talented, dedicated people. We have an excellent customer base and expanding product lines and marketplaces. The foundation is in place to have a banner year and we plan on delivering!

#### 2000 IN REVIEW

Consumer enthusiasm over the years has made J&J Snack Foods Corp. a leader in the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of an expanding variety of nutritional, popularly priced, niche snack foods and beverages. During fiscal year 2000 we continued to expand our snack food and beverage business, allowing us to bring more products to more people in more places every day.

J&J's expanding portfolio of products includes soft pretzels; frozen beverages; frozen juice bars and desserts; churros, a cinnamon pastry; funnel cakes; cookies and bakery goods; and other snack foods and drinks. They are available to the food service and retail supermarket industries at tens-of-thousands of locations... and growing.

Our two business segments, Snack Foods -- which includes Food Service, Retail Supermarket, Bakery and our Restaurant Group -- and Frozen Beverages achieved record sales growth this past year and remain dedicated to the ongoing health, vibrancy and evolution of the Company.

- \* The cornerstone of J&J Snack Foods, our Food Service division, continues to play a vital role in the Company's growth. This fiscal year saw an increase of 4% in sales due in part to a greater focus on a broader product mix and the expansion of our branded frozen cookie dough business.
- \* The growth trend that the Retail Supermarket division established in 1999 continued its momentum this fiscal year in large part due to exciting, new product introductions in frozen desserts. Total sales were up a sharp 29%.
- \* J&J's Los Angeles-based West Coast Bakery division saw sales rise 9% as it continues to sell more and more commercial bakery goods.
- \* And our Restaurant Group, which operates our chain of retail stores, generated an increase of 1% in sales during fiscal year 2000 as well.
- \* Our Frozen Beverage business, driven by the ICEE brand, had an impressive performance in fiscal 2000 posting a double-digit sales increase of 14%. Our strengthened partnership with The Coca-Cola Company was a contributing factor.

Overall, 2000 was a solid growth year for J&J Snack Foods... a year of maintaining and building momentum in each of our niche product categories: soft pretzels, frozen beverages, frozen desserts and our other popular snacks. As we approach our 30th anniversary next year, we continue to search for new ways to delight our loyal fans so we can bring them even more products to more places in the days to come.

## SOFT PRETZELS

J&J's flagship soft pretzel brand, SUPERPRETZEL, remained the clear category leader in fiscal 2000 despite the fact that our overall pretzel business was somewhat flat. SUPERPRETZEL, America's Favorite Soft Pretzel, is a good-for-you snack that is perfect for today's busy, health-conscious lifestyles. They're convenient, portable, low fat and above all, great tasting!

To stimulate sales across this all-important product line, we're developing new marketing, promotional and merchandising initiatives for fiscal 2001.

The everywhere snack

SUPERPRETZEL soft pretzels are enjoyed by consumers of all ages at tensof-thousands of high-traffic locations across the country. They're being munched in malls; snapped up at snack bars and supermarkets; and carried out of chain, convenience and warehouse club stores.

They're in the hands of cheering fans at sports arenas; a family treat at amusement, leisure and theme parks; part of the show at movie theatres; and always a favorite snack at home or at school.

In fact, the SUPERPRETZEL brand is virtually everywhere. And that's exactly where it should be.

Not just a pretzel anymore

To maintain SUPERPRETZEL's leadership position and meet growing consumer demand, we continue to focus on new soft pretzel shapes, sizes and flavors.

SUPERPRETZEL soft pretzels are even more popular in schools since we've introduced custom shapes such as shamrocks, hearts and pumpkins, which create seasonal promotions. They provide students with a fun, great tasting menu change -- while also satisfying bread requirements for the U.S.D.A. National School Lunch/Breakfast Program.

SUPERPRETZEL SOFT PRETZEL BITES, a bite-size version that's perfect for parties, and SUPERPRETZEL SOFTSTIX, cheese-filled soft pretzel sticks, are two examples of our innovative soft pretzel line extensions. New initiatives to reformulate and expand our line of gourmet soft pretzel offerings are already under way.

Merchandising means business

At retail snack bars, where merchandising is everything, we continue to roll out Project 2000. This new display case retrofits existing SUPERPRETZEL merchandising units with eye-catching graphics to increase visibility, enhance brand recognition and stimulate impulse purchases.

Strong partnerships in-store

The SUPERPRETZEL brand remains soft pretzel king of the crowded supermarket freezer case, with overall retail sales rising 7% in fiscal 2000. One key contributor was SUPERPRETZEL SOFTSTIX -- which combine our soft pretzels with KRAFT\* cheese filling -- delivering a huge 40% gain through increased sales and distribution.

Successful promotions with complementary leading brands such as Cheez Whiz\*\* and French's\*\*\* mustard, which highlighted increased consumer usage of dips and toppings, also helped increase sales. And now, Canadian supermarket shoppers can purchase SUPERPRETZEL soft pretzels, too!

Our Restaurant Group, which operates BAVARIAN PRETZEL BAKERY and PRETZEL GOURMET retail stores in the Mid-Atlantic states, saw a modest sales increase for fiscal 2000. This division also developed and opened two new expanded menu snack bar concepts: TREAT ZONE in malls and Cafe Roebucks in Sears stores.

- \* KRAFT and the KRAFT logo are registered trademarks owned and licensed by Kraft Foods, Inc.
- \*\* Cheez Whiz is a registered trademark of Kraft Foods, Inc.
- \*\*\* French's is a registered trademark of Reckitt Benckiser.

## FROZEN BEVERAGES

It was another cool year for The ICEE Company, the world's largest distributor of frozen beverages, which experienced a solid sales increase of 14% in fiscal 2000. Very cool, indeed! The ICEE brand is available throughout the U.S., Canada and Mexico. ARCTIC BLAST and other signature brands are also available.

Kids of all ages absolutely love our carbonated and uncarbonated semi-frozen beverages. These refreshing drinks are served from our proprietary dispensing equipment and can be enjoyed by sipping through a straw or eating with a spoon. And today, consumers are enjoying them at over 19,000 food service locations nationwide, many of which also offer

our SUPERPRETZEL soft pretzels and other snack food products... a sensational combination! Our mascots, JJ SUPERPRETZEL and ICEE BEAR, agree.

A world-class partnership

We are delighted to report that our long-term marketing agreement with The Coca-Cola Company continues to grow. During fiscal 2000, we installed an additional 3,500 frozen carbonated beverage machines in Burger King\* locations nationwide, completing this rollout of the national program to 7,500 locations.

Under this partnership, The ICEE Company, Coca-Cola's primary infrastructure partner, provides the ongoing service of the dispensing equipment while The Coca-Cola Company provides the syrup. It's a perfect blend of The ICEE Company's operational and service system expertise and the marketing power of Coca-Cola\*\*. We are excited with the opportunity to develop and execute additional beverage programs as a partner with The Coca-Cola Company for the future.

Advancing the vision and opportunities

We continue to place ICEE machines in high-traffic locations where people have a thirst for a cold, delicious beverage. In fiscal 2000, we installed an additional 1,400 frozen beverage machines in food service locations, plus more than 500 SMOOTHEE BY ICEE machines in schools nationwide.

Behind the scenes, we're working to ensure that every machine is 100% reliable and ready to delight every customer. Our nationwide network of branches and service technicians continues to perform this vital task more effectively each year, thanks to strong support from our centralized state-of-the-art Customer Service Center.

We've also moved several high-volume accounts to direct store distribution, providing faster access to equipment and ingredients while more efficiently executing promotional opportunities.

Icing the trends

Look around, and the trends are clear: People everywhere are flocking to juice bars, coffee bars and in-store snack bars. And The ICEE Company is there to put these trends on ice.

Last year, three exciting new frozen uncarbonated beverages were added to the ICEE family.

SMOOTHEE BY ICEE is made with real fruit juice, and is available in popular fruit flavors. This healthy and refreshing new taste is receiving high grades in a number of schools, and is being tested in supermarket snack bars. JAVA FREEZE, a frozen delight in gourmet coffee flavors, is available at snack bars and other locations. And, FROZEN COCKTAILS, created expressly for adults to enjoy, is a perfect fit for sports and entertainment venues.

And the future is shaping up to be even cooler.

- \* Burger King is a registered trademark of Burger King Corporation.
- \*\* "Coca-Cola" is a trademark of The Coca-Cola Company.

### FROZEN DESSERTS

Fiscal 2000 brought continued growth and exciting developments in our Frozen Desserts division through new product introductions and strategic partnerships. Our LUIGI'S, SHAPE UPS, ICEE and MAMA TISH'S brands have been joined by MINUTE MAID\* and HI-C\*, high-visibility consumer favorites.

Got a minute for some great news?

The year's most important event: A long-term partnership with The Minute Maid Company.

"We are excited to be partnering with J&J Snack Foods, an industry leader, who will market MINUTE MAID and HI-C frozen dessert products to all trade and consumer channels," said Gary Poos, Vice President, New Channel Activation, The Minute Maid Company.

This groundbreaking agreement helped sales in our Food Service division

to grow by 7% in fiscal 2000. This strategic alliance gives J&J the exclusive rights to manufacture, sell and distribute a dynamic new line of MINUTE MAID and HI-C frozen juice products. Both nationally recognized brands are hits among kids and adults alike and J&J will benefit from their broad consumer acceptance and marketing support.

Available in cups, tubes or m-paks, MINUTE MAID Soft Frozen Lemonade and HI-C Frozen Fruit Bars are delicious, refreshing new treats available to cool off consumers at numerous food service locations... sports venues, leisure and theme parks and club stores. And sports fans everywhere helped make sales of MINUTE MAID Soft Frozen Lemonade cups at stadiums and sports arenas extremely successful this fiscal year. How cool is that!?!

Welcome to the club

Our new MINUTE MAID and HI-C products were also part of our strong sales story in warehouse club stores nationwide. These new products felt right at home next to our other successful brands, LUIGI'S Real Italian Ice, MAMA TISH'S Italian Ice and ICEE Squeeze Tubes, which all continue to perform well in this important channel.

New school ties

Our SHAPE UPS frozen juice bars continue to be a favorite with students everywhere. SHAPE UPS carry the Child Nutrition (CN) Label and satisfy juice requirements for the U.S.D.A. National School Lunch/Breakfast Program. After all, they're made with real fruit juice. And SHAPE UPS are also benefiting from themed school promotions tied in with other wholesome J&J food service products, including SUPERPRETZEL soft pretzels and CAMDEN CREEK cookies. These tasty treats are one of the most popular combos in the lunchroom.

Resounding retail results

Overall retail supermarket sales of frozen desserts increased by a whopping 61% in fiscal 2000! Credit goes to four new product introductions:

MINUTE MAID Juice Bars, MINUTE MAID Soft Frozen Lemonade and HI-C Frozen Fruit Bars were launched nationally and have staked their claim in the freezer case. ICEE Squeeze Tubes, which capture the carbonated fizz and taste of a traditional ICEE drink, were successfully introduced to test markets last year and were rolled out on a national basis during fiscal 2000. These frozen treats, available in two variety packs, are further enhancing the high brand awareness and equity of the ICEE name among consumers of all ages.

Sales of LUIGI'S Real Italian Ice, like other frozen novelty products, saw a slight decline due in part to a cool, rainy summer in the Northeast.

With our exciting new product line extensions and hopes for warmer weather, sales for all our frozen dessert products look hot for 2001!

\* "MINUTE MAID" and "HI-C" are registered trademarks of The Coca-Cola Company.

#### MORE SNACKS

Yes... there's more! J&J also produces other niche snack foods, including cookies, churros, funnel cakes and other bakery goods.

Sunny times on the West Coast

Our Los Angeles-based West Coast Bakery put in a golden performance in fiscal 2000, with sales increasing by 9%. Credit goes to our frozen cookie dough, commercial baking ingredients and contract private label products, including organically certified baked goods. And, manufacturing efficiencies continue to improve as a result of capital expenditures on automated equipment.

Monster performance in cookies

Awesome! That's the word for J&J's Food Service branded cookie business, where sales increased 63% for the year. This phenomenal performance was led by sales of our frozen cookie dough, under the brands MRS. GOODCOOKIE and CAMDEN CREEK.

Our recipe for success contains several ingredients. First, fiscal 2000

saw new product entries and reformulations. Second, we expanded distribution nationwide. Third, we added several significant new customers. Fourth, we introduced an updated heated cookie display case. And fifth, we began production at an East Coast manufacturing facility to meet increased demand while creating production and distribution efficiencies.

Blend it all together, and you've got some real treats in the corporate cookie jar.

TIO PEPE'S... broadening its appeal

Another of our niche products, TIO PEPE'S churros, (crispy, cinnamon doughnut-like snacks sold to both the food service and retail marketplaces) has been gradually gaining popularity across the country -- and in international markets. To further support that effort, we've recently placed a sales person in the Asia-Pacific region; a move that has already begun to stimulate increased sales of our churros products in that part of the world.

While we experienced a modest decline in overall churros sales this year, TIO PEPE'S fruit-filled churros are experiencing growth in both schools and leisure accounts. They are popular for school food service as they satisfy both bread and fruit requirements for the U.S.D.A. National School Lunch/Breakfast Program.

Funnel cakes are always fun

No need to sugar-coat these results: Our food service funnel cake business enjoyed another strong year, with a sales growth of 18%.

THE FUNNEL CAKE FACTORY brand offers a unique line of frozen, precooked, pre-shaped funnel cakes that are easy to prepare. They're also available as a make-your-own dry mix.

Concessionaires love watching their dough rise as funnel cakes continue to attract hungry customers at theme and leisure parks, stadiums, arenas and special events. And because our funnel cakes meet bread standards for the U.S.D.A. National School Lunch/Breakfast Program, sales are also increasing in the school food service market.

As J&J begins fiscal year 2001, we remain committed to bringing even more products to more people, in more places... every day.

JJ Snack Foods FAMILY OF BRANDS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In addition to historical information, this discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise or update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Fiscal 2000 (53 weeks) Compared to Fiscal 1999 (52 weeks) Net sales increased \$32,673,000 or 11% to \$321,112,000 in fiscal 2000 from \$288,439,000 in fiscal 1999.

The Company has two reportable segments, as disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements: Snack Foods and Frozen Beverages. The Snack Foods segment manufactures and distributes snack foods and bakery items, which includes sales to food service customers and retail supermarkets. The Frozen Beverages segment markets and distributes frozen beverage products. These segments are managed as strategic business units due to their distinct production processes and capital requirements.

Snack Foods

Sales to food service customers increased \$4,978,000 or 4% to \$118,185,000 in fiscal 2000. Soft pretzel sales to the food service market decreased 2% to \$60,309,000 due primarily to lower unit sales to two customers. Churro sales decreased 8% to \$11,162,000 due primarily to decreased unit sales to two customers. Frozen juice bar and ices sales increased 7% to \$29,014,000. Sales of the Company's MINUTE MAID\* brand licensed products accounted for the frozen juice bars and ices sales increase. Sales of cookies to food service customers increased \$4,471,000, or 63%, to \$11,597,000 for the year due to the acquisition of the Camden Creek Bakery cookie business and increased unit sales.

\* Minute Maid is a registered trademark of the Coca-Cola Company.

Sales of products to retail supermarkets increased \$12,597,000 or 29% to \$56,526,000 in fiscal 2000. Total soft pretzel sales to retail supermarkets were \$25,721,000, an increase of 7% from fiscal 1999. Sales of our flagship SUPERPRETZEL brand soft pretzels, excluding SOFTSTIX, increased 3% to \$19,340,000. An advertising program which began in last year's first quarter helped boost year ago pretzel sales. SOFTSTIX sales increased \$1,203,000 or 40% to \$4,234,000 from the previous year. Sales of frozen juice bars and ices increased \$10,949,000 or 61% to \$28,822,000 in 2000 from \$17,873,000 in 1999 due primarily to the introduction of the Company's MINUTE MAID brand licensed products. Bakery sales increased \$2,503,000 or 9% to \$29,408,000 in fiscal 2000 due to increased unit sales across our customer base. Sales of our Bavarian Pretzel Bakery increased 1% to \$12,822,000 for the year.

#### Frozen Beverages

Frozen beverage and related product sales increased \$12,422,000 or 14% to \$104,171,000 in fiscal 2000. Beverage sales alone increased 12% to \$88,421,000 for the year and gross profit on beverage sales increased 8%, or \$4,694,000 for the year. Service and lease revenue increased \$4,378,000 for the year.

#### Consolidated

Gross profit decreased to 52% of sales in 2000 from 53% of sales in 1999. The gross profit percentage decrease is primarily attributable to cost overruns during start up manufacturing of our MINUTE MAID brand licensed products which was begun during the Company's second quarter, lower food service pretzel and churro sales, and lower gross profit percentages of the increased service and lease revenue of our frozen beverage business.

Total operating expenses increased \$19,510,000 to \$148,023,000 in fiscal 2000 and as a percentage of sales increased to 46% in 2000 from 45% in 1999. Marketing expenses increased to 32% of sales in fiscal 2000 from 30% in 1999 due to increased depreciation expense of frozen beverage dispensers, increased payroll and vehicle costs for the servicing of frozen beverage dispensers and establishing of reserves for trade receivables from movie theatre chains. Distribution expenses decreased less than one percent to 9% of sales in 2000. Administrative expenses were 4% of sales in both fiscal 2000 and 1999.

Operating income decreased \$6,151,000 or 25% to \$18,812,000 in fiscal 2000.

Without the impact of reserving for accounts receivable from movie theatre chains, operating income would have decreased \$5,098,000 or 20% to \$19,865,000 in fiscal 2000.

Interest expense decreased \$469,000 to \$2,755,000 in fiscal 2000 due to lower debt levels.

Sundry expense increased \$1,058,000 to \$643,000 in 2000 compared to sundry income of \$415,000 in 1999 primarily because of the writedown to its net realizable value of property held for sale in 2000.

The effective income tax rate was 37% in both fiscal 2000 and fiscal 1999.

Net earnings decreased \$4,296,000 or 30% in fiscal 2000 to \$9,968,000 or \$1.10 per fully diluted share.

Without the impact of reserving for the trade receivables from movie theatre chains and the writedown of the property held for sale, net earnings in 2000 would have been \$11,158,000 or \$1.23 per diluted share.

Fiscal 1999 (52 weeks) Compared to Fiscal 1998 (52 weeks)

Net sales increased \$26,049,000 or 10% to \$288,439,000 in fiscal 1999 from \$262,390,000 in fiscal 1998.

The Company has two reportable segments, as disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements: Snack Foods and Frozen Beverages. The Snack Foods segment manufactures and distributes snack foods and bakery items, which includes sales to food service customers and retail supermarkets. The Frozen Beverages segment markets and distributes frozen beverage products. These segments are managed as strategic business units due to their distinct production processes and capital requirements.

#### Snack Foods

Sales to food service customers increased \$9,737,000 or 9% to \$113,207,000 in fiscal 1999. Soft pretzel sales to the food service market increased 2% to \$61,833,000. Churro sales increased 8% to \$12,075,000. Frozen juice bar and dessert sales increased 10% to \$27,196,000. These sales increases were due primarily to increased unit volume to one customer in each of these categories. Sales of cookies to food service customers increased \$4,458,000, or 167%, to \$7,126,000 for the year. Approximately one-half of the cookies sales increase resulted from the acquisition of the Camden Creek Bakery cookie business.

Sales of products to retail supermarkets increased \$5,335,000 or 14% to \$43,929,000 in fiscal 1999 due in part to a new advertising campaign. Total soft pretzel sales to retail supermarkets were \$24,027,000, an increase of 10% from fiscal 1998. Sales of our flagship SUPERPRETZEL brand soft pretzels, excluding SOFTSTIX, increased 9% to \$18,816,000. SOFTSTIX sales increased \$745,000 or 33% to \$3,031,000 from the previous year. Sales of frozen juice bars and ices increased \$2,835,000 or 19% to \$17,873,000 in 1999 from \$15,038,000 in 1998 due, in part, to the introduction of ICEE Squeeze Tubes.

Bakery sales increased \$3,598,000 or 15% to \$26,905,000 in fiscal 1999 due to increased unit sales across our customer base. Sales of our Bavarian Pretzel Bakery decreased 4% to \$12,649,000 for the year due to fewer stores.

#### Frozen Beverages

Frozen beverage and related product sales increased \$7,950,000 or 9% to \$91,749,000 in fiscal 1999. Beverage sales alone increased 5% to \$78,960,000 for the year, in part due to the December 1997 acquisition of National ICEE Corporation. Sales revenues were impacted by changes in billing practices resulting in lower revenues per gallon purchased by customers but which did not result in an overall drop in profit margin. Gross profit on product sales increased 12%, or \$6,372,000 for the year. Service and lease revenue increased approximately \$5,000,000 for the year.

## Consolidated

Gross profit increased to 53% of sales in 1999 from 52% of sales in 1998. The gross profit percentage increase is primarily attributable to improved efficiencies at our Italian ice and frozen dessert plant in Scranton, PA and to increased gross profit percentages of frozen beverage sales.

Total operating expenses increased \$13,396,000 to \$128,513,000 in fiscal 1999 and as a percentage of sales increased less than 1% to 45% in 1999 from 1998. Marketing expenses were 30% of sales in both fiscal 1999 and 1998. Distribution expenses increased 1U4 of one percent to 10% of sales in 1999. Administrative expenses were 4% of sales in both fiscal 1999 and 1998.

Operating income increased \$4,502,000 or 22% to \$24,963,000 in fiscal 1999.

Interest expense increased \$191,000 to \$3,224,000 in fiscal 1999 due to the December 1997 purchase and assumption and subsequent refinancing of the debt of National ICEE Corporation.

Sundry income decreased by \$393,000 in fiscal 1999 from \$808,000 in fiscal 1998. The primary reason for the decrease was that 1998 included significant income resulting from the successful settlement of certain litigation.

The effective income tax rate was 37% in both fiscal 1999 and fiscal 1998.

Net earnings increased \$2,414,000 or 20% in fiscal 1999 to \$14,264,000.

### ACQUISITIONS, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

On November 20, 2000, the Company acquired the assets of Uptown Bakeries for cash. Uptown Bakeries, located in Bridgeport, NJ, sells fresh bakery products to the food service industry with approximate annual sales of \$17,000,000.

In February 1999, the Company acquired the Camden Creek Bakery cookie business from Schwan's Sales Enterprises, Inc., Marshall, MN for cash. Camden Creek sells frozen ready-to-bake cookies to the food service industry with approximate annual sales of \$5,000,000.

In December 1997, the Company acquired the common stock of National ICEE Corporation. National ICEE Corporation, with annual sales of approximately \$40 million, markets and distributes frozen carbonated beverages primarily in the eastern half of the United States. The Company had incurred approximately \$50 million of debt to complete the acquisition. The following are the unaudited pro forma results of operations for the fiscal year 1998 assuming the above had occurred at the beginning of that fiscal year (in thousands except per share amounts):

Sales \$268,390
Net Earnings \$11,346
Earnings per diluted share \$1.21

All of the Company's acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, and the operations are included in the consolidated financial statements from the respective acquisition date.

The Company's future expected operating cash flow along with its borrowing capacity are its primary sources of liquidity. The Company believes that these sources are sufficient to fund future growth and expansion.

Fluctuations in the value of the Mexican peso and the resulting revaluation of the net assets of the Company's Mexican frozen beverage subsidiary caused decreases of \$15,000 and \$285,000 in accumulated comprehensive income (loss) for the 2000 and 1998 fiscal years, respectively and an increase of \$93,000 in the 1999 fiscal year. In 2000, sales of the Mexican subsidiary were \$2,967,000 as compared to \$2,475,000 in 1999.

In fiscal year 2000, the Company purchased and retired 614,000 shares of its common stock at a cost of \$9,834,000. Under a buyback authorization approved by the Board of Directors in December 1999, 386,000 shares remain to be purchased at September 30, 2000.

Subsequent to September 30, 2000 and prior to the issuance of these financial statements, the Company refinanced its unsecured term loan and its general-purpose bank credit line. Outstanding balances under these facilities were \$18,000,000 and \$21,000,000 at September 30, 2000, respectively. Accordingly, the Company has classified only \$2,000,000 of the unsecured term note as short-term based on the refinanced arrangements. The new agreement provides for up to a \$75,000,000 revolving credit facility repayable in three years, with the availability of repayments without penalty. The new agreement contains restrictive covenants and requires commitment fees in accordance with standard banking practice.

In June 1998, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" was issued. Subsequent to this statement, SFAS No. 137 was issued, which amended the effective date of SFAS No. 133 to be all fiscal quarters of all fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. In June 2000, SFAS 138 was issued, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities, an amendment of SFAS 133." SFAS 133, as amended by SFAS 138, requires that all derivative instruments be recorded on the balance sheet at their respective fair values. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period in current earnings or other comprehensive income, depending on the designation of the hedge transaction. The Company will adopt SFAS 133, as amended by SFAS 138, in the first quarter of fiscal year 2001. Based on the Company's minimal use of derivatives at the current time, management does not anticipate the adoption of this standard to have a significant impact on earnings or financial position of the Company. However, the impact from adopting

SFAS No. 133, as amended by SFAS 138, will depend on the nature and purpose of the derivatives instruments in use by the Company at that time.

In September 2000, the Emerging Issues Task Force reached a consensus on Issue 00-10, "Accounting for Shipping and Handling Fees and Costs" (Issue 00-10). Issue 00-10 requires that all amounts billed to customers related to shipping and handling should be classified as revenues. In addition, Issue 00-10 specifies that the classification of shipping and handling cost is an accounting policy decision that should be disclosed pursuant to Accounting Principles Board (APB) No. 22, "Disclosure of Accounting Policies." The Company's product costs includes amounts for shipping and handling, therefore, it charges its customers shipping and handling fees at the time the products are shipped or when its services are performed. The cost of shipping products to the customer is recognized at the time the products are shipped to the customer and is included in Distribution expenses. Accordingly, this consensus opinion had no effect on the Company's current and previous classifications.

In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements (SAB 101) which addresses certain criteria for revenue recognition. SAB 101, as amended by SAB 101A and SAB 101B, outlines the criteria that must be met to recognize revenue and provides guidance for disclosures related to revenue recognition policies. The Company must implement any applicable provisions of SAB 101 no later than the first quarter of fiscal year 2001. Management believes the Company's revenue recognition policies comply with the guidance contained in SAB 101 and, therefore, the Company's results of operations will not be materially affected.

Fiscal 2000 Compared to Fiscal 1999

There were no short-term investments held to maturity at September 30, 2000 as compared to \$924,000 at September 25, 1999 because the investment matured during fiscal year 2000.

Trade receivables increased \$1,564,000 or 5% to \$32,968,000 in 2000 primarily due to receivables generated from sales of the Company's MINUTE MAID brand licensed products, introduced in fiscal year 2000. Inventories increased \$5,286,000 or 33% to \$21,473,000 in 2000 primarily because of the introduction of the MINUTE MAID brand licensed products, parts required to service frozen beverage dispensers in over 7,000 Burger King\* restaurants and the start up of cookie manufacturing on the East Coast.

\* Burger King is a registered trademark of Burger King Corporation.

Property, plant and equipment increased \$29,071,000 to \$261,324,000 primarily because of expenditures for dispensers required for the expansion of the frozen beverage business, for ovens and portable merchandisers required for the expansion of the food service business and for the expansion and upgrading of production capability at the Company's manufacturing facilities.

Goodwill, trademarks and rights, net of accumulated amortization decreased \$2,053,000 to \$48,768,000 due to amortization.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities increased \$1,951,000 in 2000 from \$31,690,000 in 1999 due primarily to increased levels of business.

Current maturities of long-term debt decreased by \$6,028,000 to \$2,186,000 and long-term debt, less current maturities, increased by \$7,821,000 to \$42,481,000 because of the reclassification of debt due under an unsecured term loan and a general-purpose bank credit line which was refinanced subsequent to September 30, 2000 and prior to the issuance of these financial statements.

Deferred income taxes increased by \$638,000 to \$8,340,000 which related primarily to disposals and depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

Common stock decreased \$7,848,000 in 2000 to \$28,403,000 because of the repurchase and retirement of 614,000 shares of common stock, net of the exercise of incentive stock options and stock issued under the Company's stock purchase plan for employees.

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$11,162,000 to \$37,206,000 in 2000 primarily due to decreased net earnings, and increases in trade receivables and inventories.

Net cash used in investing activities increased \$6,464,000 to \$35,083,000 in 2000 primarily due to increased purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Net cash used in financing activities decreased \$10,319,000 in 2000 to \$6,689,000 from \$17,008,000 in 1999. The decrease of \$10,319,000 was the result of an increase in borrowings in 2000 of \$1,793,000 compared to a net paydown of \$13,748,000 in 1999 caused by an increase of \$4,209,000 in payments to repurchase common stock in addition to the aforementioned reduction in net cash provided by operating activities and the increase in net cash used in investing activities.

Fiscal 1999 Compared to Fiscal 1998

Trade receivables decreased \$1,279,000 or 4% to \$31,404,000 in 1999, and inventories decreased \$260,000 or 2% to \$16,187,000 in 1999 from 1998 primarily because of increased efficiencies in the Company's operations.

Other receivables decreased \$1,228,000 to \$477,000 in 1999 due to changes in payment programs from certain suppliers.

Property, plant and equipment increased \$19,689,000 to \$232,253,000 primarily because of expenditures for dispensers required for the expansion of the frozen beverage business, for ovens and portable merchandisers required for the expansion of the food service business and for the expansion and upgrading of production and warehousing capability at the Company's manufacturing facilities.

Goodwill, trademarks and rights, net of accumulated amortization decreased \$1,050,000 to \$50,821,000 due to amortization, net of goodwill acquired in the Camden Creek Bakery acquisition.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities decreased \$446,000 in 1999 from \$32,136,000 in 1998 due primarily to a reduction in income taxes payable.

Current maturities of long-term debt decreased by \$209,000 to \$8,214,000 and long-term debt, less current maturities decreased by \$13,539,000 to \$34,660,000 as a result of the use of available cash flow from operations to pay down other debt as well as make scheduled debt payments.

Deferred income taxes increased by \$3,315,000 to \$7,702,000 which related to disposals and depreciation of property, plant and equipment. Common stock decreased \$2,868,000 in 1999 to \$36,252,000 because of the repurchase and retirement of common stock from the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, net of the exercise of incentive stock options.

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$11,189,000 to \$48,368,000 in 1999 primarily due to increases in net earnings, deferred taxes and depreciation and amortization of fixed assets and a decrease in accounts receivable.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased \$16,513,000 to \$28,619,000 in 1999 primarily due to a decrease of \$12,477,000 in payments for purchase of companies, net of cash acquired and debt assumed.

Net cash used in financing activities of \$17,008,000 in 1999 compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$9,756,000 in 1998. The change of \$26,764,000 was the result of a net paydown in borrowings in 1999 of \$13,748,000 compared to an increase of \$7,631,000 in borrowings to fund the acquisition of National ICEE Corporation and the subsequent refinancing of its debt in 1998.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

	Fiscal year ended				
	September 30, S	September 25,	September 26,		
	2000	1999	1998		
	(in thousand:	s, except per	share amounts)		
	(53 weeks)	(52 weeks)	(52 weeks)		
Net sales	\$321,112	\$288,439	\$262,390		
Cost of goods sold	154,277	134,963	126,812		
Gross profit	166,835	153,476	135,578		
Operating expenses					
Marketing	103,606	86,809	77,385		
Distribution	30,096	28,066	24,846		
Administrative	11,470	10,668	10,072		

Amortization of intangibl	.es		
and deferred costs	2,851	2,970	2,814
	148,023	128,513	115,117
Operating income	18,812	24,963	20,461
Other income (expenses)			
Investment income	409	487	573
Interest expense	(2,755)	(3,224)	(3,033)
Sundry	(643)	415	808
	(2,989)	(2,322)	(1,652)
Earnings before			
income taxes	15,823	22,641	18,809
Income taxes	5,855	8,377	6,959
NET EARNINGS	\$9,968	\$14,264	\$11,850
Earnings per diluted share	\$1.10	\$1.50	\$1.26
Weighted average number of			
diluted shares	9,063	9,530	9,368
Earnings per basic share	\$1.13	\$1.58	\$1.32
Weighted average number of			
basic shares	8,819	9,025	8,947

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS			
		September 30, 2000	September 25, 1999
	(in thou	ısands, except	share amounts)
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables		\$1,379	\$5,945
Trade, less allowances of			
\$1,573 and \$806, resp	ectively		31,404
0ther		658	477
Inventories		21,473	16,187
Prepaid expenses and other		1,418	2,054
Total current assets		57,896	56,067
Property, Plant and Equipment, at co- Less accumulated depreciation	ST	261,324	232,253
and amortization		152,155	130,292
		109,169	101,961
Other Assets			
Goodwill, trademarks and rights			
less accumulated amortization		40.700	F0 004
\$11,423 and \$11,406, respective Long-term investment securities	эту	48,768	50,821
held to maturity		1 620	1 025
Sundry		1,620 2,586	1,925 2,906
Sullar y		52,974	55,652
			\$213,680
		Ψ220,000	Ψ210,000
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Current Liabilities			
Current maturities of long-term	debt	\$2,186	\$8,214
Accounts payable		24,913	23,272
Accrued liabilities		8,728	8,418
Total current liabilities		35,827	39,904
Long-Term Debt, less current maturit	ies	42,481	34,660
Deferred Income Taxes		8,340	7,702
Other long-term liabilities		117	245
Stockholders' Equity			
Preferred stock, \$1 par value; autho	rized,		
5,000,000 shares; none issued			-
Common stock, no par value; authorize	ed, 25,0	000,000 shares	;
issued and outstanding, 8,522,0 9,000,000 respectively	ขบ สแน	20 402	26 251
	m O	28,403	36,251
Accumulated other comprehensive inco Retained earnings	IIC	(1,616) 106,487	(1,601) 96,519
Recarned earnings		133,274	131,169
			\$213,680
		ΨΖΖΟ, 039	Ψ213,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Accumulated

0ther

Common Stock Comprehensive Retained

Comprehensive

Shares Amount Loss Earnings Total Income (in thousands)

Balance at September 28, 1997 8,8 Issuance of common stock upon	50	\$36,908	\$(1,409)	\$70,405	\$105,904	
	.71	2,017	-	-	2,017	
employee stock purchase plan Foreign currency translation	15	195	-	-	195	
adjustment	-	-	(285)	-	(285)	\$(285)
Net earnings for the fiscal year ended September 26, 1998 Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	11,850 -	11,850 -	11,850 \$11,565
Balance at September 26, 1998 9,0 Issuance of common stock upon	36	39,120	(1,694)	82,255	119,681	
•	00	2,487	-	-	2,487	
employee stock purchase plan	14	269	-	-	269	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_	-	93	-	93	\$93
Repurchase of common stock (2 Net earnings for the fiscal year		(5,625)	-	-	(5,625)	
ended September 25, 1999	-	-	-	14,264	14,264	
Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	\$14,357
Balance at September 25, 1999 9,0 Issuance of common stock upon	000	36,251	(1,601)	96,519	131,169	
exercise of stock options 1 Issuance of common stock for	.18	1,688	-	-	1,688	
employee stock purchase plan	18	298	-	-	298	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-			(15)	` ,
Repurchase of common stock (6 Net earnings for the fiscal year		(9,834)	-	-	(9,834)	
ended September 30, 2000 Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	9,968	9,968	9,968 \$9,953
Balance at September 30, 2000 8,5	22	\$28,403	\$(1,616)	\$106,487	\$133,274	ψυ, υυυ

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Se	ptember 30, 2000 (53 weeks)	Fiscal year ended September 25, 1999 (in thousands) (52 weeks)	September 26, 1998 (52 weeks)
Operating activities:			
Net earnings	\$9,968	\$14,264	\$11,850
Adjustments to reconcil			
net earnings to net c			
provided by operating			
activities:			
Depreciation and			
amortization of f		04 470	04 007
assets	26,947	24,179	21,807
Amortization of int and deferred cost		3,459	3,352
Losses from disposa		3,439	3,332
and writedowns of			
property and equi		168	306
Increase (decrease)			
in deferred incom		3,315	1,007
Changes in assets a	nd		
liabilities, net			
effects from purc	hase		
of companies:			
(Increase) decr	ease		
in accounts	(4.700)	2 222	(0.070)
receivable	(1,783)	2,609	(6,378)
(Increase) decr in inventori		700	958
(Increase) in p	( , ,	700	930
paid expense			
and other	(288)	52	(48)
Increase (decre			,
in accounts			
and accrued			
liabilities	2,456	(378)	4,325
Net cash provided b	У		

operating activities	37,206	48,368	37,179
Investing activities: Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(34,928)	(26,606)	(31,803)
Payments for purchases of companies, net of cash acquired and debt assumed	(1,280)	(2,336)	(14,813)
Proceeds from invest-	(1)200)	(2,000)	(11,010)
ments held to maturity Proceeds from invest-	1,229	255	190
ments available for sale Proceeds from disposal	-	-	495
of property and equipment	428	518	1,000
Other  Net cash used in investing	(532)	(450)	(201)
activities	(35,083)	(28,619)	(45,132)
Financing activities:			
Proceeds from borrowings Proceeds from issuance of	11,000	4,000	56,150
common stock Payments to repurchase	1,352	2,365	2,125
common stock	(9,834)	(5,625)	-
Payments of long-term debt Net cash (used in) provide	(9,207) d	(17,748)	(48,519)
by financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash	(6,689)	(17,008)	9,756
equivalents	(4,566)	2,741	1,803
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents	5,945	3,204	1,401
at end of yea	\$1,379	\$5,945	\$3,204

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

J&J Snack Foods Corp. and Subsidiaries (the Company) manufactures, markets and distributes a variety of nutritional snack foods and beverages to the food service and retail supermarket industries. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements follows.

## 1. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of J&J Snack Foods Corp. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes sales and the related cost of sales at the time the products are shipped to customers or when its services are performed. The Company provides an allowance for doubtful receivables after taking into consideration historical experience and other factors.

In September 2000, the Emerging Issues Task Force reached a consensus on Issue 00-10, "Accounting for Shipping and Handling Fees and Costs" (Issue 00-10). Issue 00-10 requires that all amounts billed to customers related to shipping and handling should be classified as revenues. In addition, Issue 00-10 specifies that the classification of shipping and handling cost is an accounting policy decision that should be disclosed pursuant to APB 22, "Disclosure of Accounting Policies." The Company's product costs includes amounts for shipping and handling, therefore, it charges its customers shipping and handling fees at the time the products are shipped or when its services are performed. The cost of shipping products to the customer is recognized at the time the products are shipped to the customer and is included in Distribution expenses. Accordingly, this consensus opinion had no effect on the Company's current and previous classifications.

The Company also sells service contracts covering frozen beverage

machines sold. The terms of coverage range between 12 and 60 months. The Company records deferred income on service contracts which is amortized by the straight-line method over the term of the contracts.

During the years ended September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999, the Company sold \$1,090,000 and \$836,000, respectively, of service contracts related to its frozen beverage machines. At September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999, deferred income on service contracts was \$85,000 and \$138,000, respectively, all of which is reflected as short-term and included in accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet. Service contract income of \$1,143,000, \$897,000 and \$578,000 was recognized for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

#### 3. Foreign Currency

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange for the period. The cumulative translation adjustment is recorded as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

### 4. Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 5. Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

### 6. Concentrations of Credit Risk

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the dispersion of the Company's customers over different industries and geographies.

## 7. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (determined by the first-in, first-out method) or market.

#### 8. Investment Securities

The Company classifies its investments in securities in one of two categories: held to maturity and available for sale. Debt securities that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and are reported at amortized cost. The balance of its debt securities and any equity securities are classified as available for sale.

Net unrealized gains and losses, if significant on such securities, net of income tax, are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity and excluded from the determination of net income.

## 9. Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation of equipment and buildings is provided for by the straight-line and accelerated methods over the assets' estimated useful lives. Amortization of improvements is provided for by the straight-line method over the term of the lease or the assets' estimated useful life, whichever is shorter. Goodwill, trademarks and rights arising from acquisitions are amortized by the straight-line method over periods ranging from 5 to 30 years. Management reviews the realization of goodwill based upon past and expected performance of individual acquired businesses.

The Company follows SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of," which provides guidance on when to recognize and how to measure impairment losses of long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangibles and how to value long-lived assets to be disposed of.

## 10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's short-term financial instruments,

such as receivables and accounts payable, approximate their fair values, based on the short-term maturities of these instruments. The carrying value of long-term debt obligations, consisting primarily of unsecured term note and an unsecured general purpose credit line with interest rates based on current short-term market rates, approximates the fair value at September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999.

#### 11. Income Taxes

The Company accounts for its income taxes under the liability method. Under the liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities as measured by the enacted tax rates which will be in effect when these differences reverse. Deferred tax expense is the result of changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

#### 12. Earnings Per Common Share

The Company follows SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share" (EPS). This standard eliminated primary and fully diluted EPS and instead requires presentation of basic and diluted EPS in conjunction with the disclosure of the methodology used in computing such EPS. Basic EPS excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS takes into consideration the potential dilution that could occur if securities (stock options) or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised and converted into common stock.

#### 13. Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The Company follows SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," which contains a fair value-based method for valuing stock-based compensation that entities may use, which measures compensation cost at the grant date based on the fair value of the award. Compensation is then recognized over the service period, which is usually the vesting period. The Company has chosen an alternative, permitted by the standard, to continue accounting for employee stock options and similar equity instruments under APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees."

#### 14. Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Total advertising expense was \$4,878,000, \$5,537,000, and \$4,128,000 for the fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

#### 15. Interest Rate Risk Management

As part of its risk management activities, the Company uses interest rate swaps to modify the interest rate characteristics of certain long-term obligations. The Company holds no other derivatives or similar instruments. The derivatives contracts are designated as hedges when acquired. They are expected to be effective economic hedges and have high correlation with the items being hedged at inception and throughout the hedge period. The variable interest rate of a swap contract is referenced to the same index as the variable interest rate of the debt being hedged.

Interest rate swaps are accounted for using the accrual method, with an adjustment to interest expense in the income statement. The effects of swap positions are included in financing activities in the Statements of Cash Flows. Interest receivable or payable under the swap contracts is included in Receivables or Accounts Payable. Unrealized gains and losses on the swaps are not recognized in the balance sheet. Realized gains and losses from disposition or settlement of swap contracts are deferred on the balance sheet and amortized to interest expense over the appropriate period.

If the hedged item is settled or terminated, deferred and/or unrecognized gains or losses on the hedging instrument on that date are recognized as an adjustment to the gain or loss on disposition or termination of the related hedged item. Future accruals on the swap and subsequent gains and losses on the swap or forward contract are included in income in the period they occur.

## 16. Comprehensive Income

In fiscal year 1999, the Company adopted SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income." SFAS No. 130 established standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in the financial statements. These financial statements were reclassified in fiscal year

1999 to reflect the provisions of SFAS No. 130.

## 17. Segment Reporting

In fiscal year 1999, the Company adopted SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." SFAS No. 131 superceded SFAS 14, "Financial Reporting for Segments of a Business Enterprise," replacing the "industry segment" approach with the "management approach." The management approach designates the internal organization that is used by management for making operating decisions and assessing performance as the source of the Company's reportable segments, as well as disclosures about products and services and major customers. The adoption of SFAS No. 131 did not affect the results of operations or the financial position of the Company.

#### 18. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 1998, SFAS No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" was issued. Subsequent to this statement, SFAS No. 137 was issued, which amended the effective date of SFAS No. 133 to be all fiscal quarters of all fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. In June 2000, SFAS 138 was issued, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities, an amendment of SFAS 133." SFAS 133, as amended by SFAS 138, requires that all derivative instruments be recorded on the balance sheet at their respective fair values. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period in current earnings or other comprehensive income, depending on the designation of the hedge transaction. The Company will adopt SFAS 133, as amended by SFAS 138, in the first quarter of fiscal year 2001. Based on the Company's minimal use of derivatives at the current time, management does not anticipate the adoption of this standard to have a significant impact on earnings or financial position of the Company. However, the impact from adopting SFAS No. 133, as amended by SFAS 138, will depend on the nature and purpose of the derivatives instruments in use by the Company at that time.

In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements (SAB 101) which addresses certain criteria for revenue recognition. SAB 101, as amended by SAB 101A and SAB 101B, outlines the criteria that must be met to recognize revenue and provides guidance for disclosures related to revenue recognition policies. The Company must implement any applicable provisions of SAB 101 no later than the first quarter of fiscal year 2001. Management believes the Company's revenue recognition policies comply with the guidance contained in SAB 101 and, therefore, the Company's results of operations will not be materially affected.

#### 19. Reclassifications

Certain prior year financial statement amounts have been reclassified to be consistent with the presentation for the current year.

## NOTE B - ACQUISITIONS

On November 20, 2000, the Company acquired the assets of Uptown Bakeries for cash. Uptown Bakeries, located in Bridgeport, NJ, sells fresh bakery products to the food service industry with approximate annual sales of \$17,000,000.

In February 1999, the Company acquired the Camden Creek Bakery cookie business from Schwan's Sales Enterprises, Inc., Marshall, MN. Camden Creek sells frozen ready-to-bake cookies to the food service industry with approximately \$4.6 million of sales in 1998.

In December 1997, the Company acquired the common stock of National ICEE Corporation. National ICEE Corporation, with annual sales of approximately \$40 million, markets and distributes frozen beverages primarily in the eastern half of the United States. The Company incurred approximately \$50 million of debt to complete the acquisition. The following are the unaudited pro forma results of operations for fiscal year 1998 assuming the above had occurred at the beginning of that fiscal year (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	1998
Sales	\$268,390
Net Earnings	\$11,346
Earnings per diluted share	\$1.21

These acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, and the operations are included in the consolidated

financial statements from the respective acquisition dates.

## NOTE C - INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and fair values of the Company's long-term investment securities held to maturity at September 30, 2000 are summarized as follows:

			Gross	Gross	
	Amortiz	ed	Unreal	ized Unreali	.zed
	Cost		Gains	Losses	Fair Value
			(i	n thousands)	
Municipal			`	,	
government					
securities	\$1,120	\$	-	\$64	\$1,056
Other debt	,				,
securities	500		-	-	500
	\$1,620	\$	-	\$64	\$1,556

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and fair values of the Company's long-term investment securities available for sale and held to maturity at September 25, 1999 are summarized as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses ousands)	Fair Value
Municipal government		•	,	
securities Other debt	\$1,425	\$ -	\$17	\$1,408
securities	500	_	_	500
	\$1,925	\$ -	\$17	\$1,908

The following table lists the maturities of long-term investment securities classified as held to maturity at September 30, 2000:

	Amortized	
	Cost	Fair Value
	( =	in thousands)
Due in less than one year	\$ -	\$ -
Due after one year through five years	1,620	1,556
	\$1,620	\$1,556

Proceeds from sales of securities were \$495,000 for fiscal year 1998. The Company uses the specific identification method to determine the cost of securities sold. No materials gains or losses were realized on sales of investment securities.

## NOTE D - INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

	September 2000	30, September 1999	25,
	(in	thousands)	
Finished goods	\$10,714	\$8,118	
Raw materials	2,136	1,579	
Packaging materials	2,532	1,770	
Equipment parts and other	6,091	4,720	
	\$21,473	\$16,187	

## NOTE E - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consist of the following:

-12/, 1 1 1-	September 30,	September 25,	Estimated
	2000	1999	Useful Lives
	(in	thousands)	
Land	\$795	\$745	-
Buildings	5,586	5,386	15-39.5 years
Plant machinery			
and equipment	75,817	66,305	5-10 years
Marketing equipment	156,093	138,335	5 years
Transportation equipment	2,043	2,049	5 years
Office equipment	6,981	6,308	3-5 years
Improvements	12,705	11,769	5-20 years
Construction in progress	1,304	1,356	-
	\$261,324	\$232,253	

#### NOTE F - ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Included in accrued liabilities is accrued compensation of \$4,134,000 and \$5,024,000 as of September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999, respectively.

## NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT

Subsequent to September 30, 2000 and prior to the issuance of these financial statements, the Company refinanced its unsecured term loan and its general-purpose bank credit line. Outstanding balances under these facilities were \$18,000,000 and \$21,000,000 at September 30, 2000, respectively. Accordingly, the Company has classified only \$2,000,000 of the unsecured term note as short-term based on the refinanced arrangements. The new agreement provides for up to a \$75,000,000 revolving credit facility repayable in three years, with the availability of repayments without penalty. The new agreement contains restrictive covenants and requires commitment fees in accordance with standard banking practice.

Long-term debt consists of the following:

\$40,000,000 unsecured term note, with 60 monthly principal payments	September 30, 2000 (in the	September 25, 1999 Dusands)
of \$666,667 plus 6.61% interest fixed through swap agreements beginning January 8, 1998 (subject to financial covenants), subsequently refinanced as long-term, discussed above	\$18,000	\$26,000
\$30,000,000 unsecured general- purpose bank credit line, with interest rate tied to LIBOR with interest payments due monthly (subject to financial covenants), subsequently refinanced as long-term, discussed above	21,000	11,000
7.25% redeemable economic development revenue bonds payable December 2005; interest payable semiannually (subject to financial covenants)	5,000	5,000
Other Less current maturities	667 44,667 2,186 \$42,481	874 42,874 8,214 \$34,660

Annual principal payments of long-term debt as of September 30, 2000 are as follows (in thousands):

2001			\$2,186
2002			113
2003			368
2004			37,000
2005			-
2006	and	thereafter	5,000
		9	644.667

## NOTE H - INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense is as follows:

Thome can expense .	rs as	IOTTOMS.					
			Fiscal	year ended	d		
		September	30,	September	25,	September	26,
		2000		1999		1998	
			(	in thousand	ls)		
Current							
U.S. Federal		\$4,697		\$4,516		\$5,389	
Foreign		41		55		38	
State		479		491		525	
		5,217		5,062		5,952	
Deferred							

U.S. Federal	606	3,046	913
Foreign	-	-	7
State	32	269	87
	638	3,315	1,007
	\$5,855	\$8,377	\$6,959

The provisions for income taxes differ from the amounts computed by applying the federal income tax rate of approximately 34% to earnings before income taxes for the following reasons:

	September 2000	Fiscal year ended 30, September 25, 1999 (in thousands)	September 26, 1998
Income taxes at			
statutory rates	\$5,341	\$7,698	\$6,395
Increase (decrease) in			
taxes resulting from:			
State income taxes, net			
of federal income			
tax benefit	337	324	404
Nontaxable income	(28)	(38)	(55)
Other, net	205	393	215
	\$5,855	\$8,377	\$6,959

Deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following:

	September 2000	30,	September 1999	25,
	(	in thousands	s)	
Deferred tax assets:		-		
Vacation accrual	\$427		\$391	
Insurance accrual	1,162		862	
Allowances	1,187		566	
Other, net	1,062		765	
	3,838		2,584	
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Depreciation of propert	.y			
and equipment	12,046		10,151	
Other, net	132		135	
	12,178		10,286	
	\$8,340		\$7,702	

## NOTE I - EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company's calculation of EPS is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2000
Income Shares Per Share
(Numerator)(Denominator) Amount
(in thousands, except per share amounts)

Earnings Per Basic Share

Net Income available to common stockholders	\$9,968	8,819	\$1.13
Effect of Dilutive Securities			
Options	-	244	(.03)
Earnings Per Diluted Share			
Net Income available to common stockholders	plus		
assumed conversions	\$9,968	9,063	\$1.10

241,363 anti-dilutive weighted shares have been excluded in the computation of 2000 diluted EPS because the options' exercise price is greater than the average market price of the common stock.

Fiscal Year Ended September 25, 1999
Income Shares Per Share
(Numerator)(Denominator) Amount
(in thousands, except per share amounts)

Earnings Per Basic Share

Net Income available to common stockholders \$14,264 9,025 \$1.58

Effect of Dilutive Securities

Options - 505 (.08)

Earnings Per Diluted Share

Net Income available to common stockholders
plus assumed conversions \$14,264 9,530 \$1.50

29,484 anti-dilutive weighted shares have been excluded in the computation of 1999 diluted EPS because the options' exercise price is greater than the average market price of the common stock.

Fiscal Year Ended September 26, 1998
Income Shares Per Share
(Numerator)(Denominator) Amount
(in thousands, except per share amounts)

Earnings Per Basic Share

Net Income available to common stockholders \$11,850 8,947 \$1.32

Effect of Dilutive Securities
Options - 421 (.06)

Earnings Per Diluted Share

Net Income available to common stockholders plus
assumed conversions \$11,850 9,368 \$1.26

34,000 anti-dilutive weighted shares have been excluded in the computation of 1998 diluted EPS because the options' exercise price is greater than the average market price of the common stock.

### NOTE J - COMMITMENTS

#### 1. Lease Commitments

The following is a summary of approximate future minimum rental commitments for noncancelable operating leases with terms of more than one year as of September 30, 2000:

			Plants and		
			Offices	Equipment	Total
			(in	thousands	)
2001			\$4,323	\$4,418	\$8,741
2002			3,910	3,737	7,647
2003			3,407	3,142	6,549
2004			2,947	1,803	4,750
2005			2,497	395	2,892
2006	and	thereafter	11,225	12	11,237
			\$28,309	\$13,507	\$41,816

Total rent expense was \$9,330,000, \$8,547,000 and \$7,766,000 for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

#### 2. Other Commitments

The Company is a party to litigation which management currently believes will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

# NOTE K - CAPITAL STOCK

Under share repurchase programs authorized by the Board of Directors, 386,000 shares remain to be repurchased. In fiscal year 2000, the Company purchased and retired 614,000 shares of its common stock at a cost of \$9,834,000. In fiscal year 1999, the Company purchased and retired 250,000 shares of its common stock at a cost of \$5,625,000. The Company purchased the stock in 1999 from its President and Chief Executive Officer.

### NOTE L - STOCK OPTIONS

The Company has a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). Pursuant to the Plan, stock options may be granted to officers and key employees of the Company which qualify as incentive stock options as well as stock options which are nonqualified. The exercise price of incentive stock options is at least the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. The exercise price for nonqualified options is determined by a committee of the Board of Directors. The options are generally exercisable after three years and expire no later than ten years from date of grant. There were 2,000,000 shares reserved under the Plan; options for 690,000 shares remain unissued as of September 30, 2000.

The Company has a nonqualified stock option plan for nonemployee directors and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company whereby a total of 440,000 shares of common stock may be issued. Under this plan, each nonemployee director is granted options to purchase 3,000 shares of common stock, and the Chief Executive Officer is granted options to purchase 25,000 shares annually. The option price is equal to the fair market value of the common stock at the date of grant, and the options expire ten years after date of grant. Other nonqualified options have been issued to the Chief Executive Officer, directors and certain employees.

The Company has adopted only the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." It applies APB No. 25 and related interpretations in accounting for its plans and does not recognize compensation expense for its stock-based compensation plans. Had compensation cost for the plans been determined based on the fair value of the options at the grant date consistent with SFAS No. 123, the Company's net earnings and earnings per common share would have been reduced to the pro forma amounts indicated below:

	Fiscal year	ended	
S	September 30,	September 25,	September 26,
	2000	1999	1998
	(in thousands,	except per sh	nare amounts)
Net Earnings:			
As reported	\$9,968	\$14,264	\$11,850
Pro forma	8,609	13,054	11,112
Earnings Per Diluted Share	<b>:</b> :		
As reported	\$1.10	\$1.50	\$1.26
Pro forma	. 95	1.37	1.18

These pro forma amounts may not be representative of future disclosures because they do not take into effect pro forma compensation expense related to grants before October 1, 1995. The fair value of these options is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions for grants in fiscal 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively; expected volatility of 30% for all years; risk-free interest rates of 6.35%, 6.21% and 5.12%; and expected lives ranging between 4.5 and 10 years for all years.

A summary of the status of the Company's option plans as of fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998 and the changes during the years ended on those dates is represented below:

	Incentive		Nonqualif	ied
	Stock Opti	ons	Stock Opt	ions
		Weighted		Weighted
	Stock	Average	Stock	Average
	Options	Exercise	- 1	Exercise
	Outstanding	Price	Outstanding	Price
Balance,				
September 28, 1997	876,386	\$11.26	349,000	\$11.41
Granted	223,396	15.77	34,000	19.25
Exercised	(150,949)	12.56	(22,500)	6.63
Cancelled	(52,500)	11.40	-	-
Delenes				
Balance,	006 222	10 10	260 500	10 41
September 26, 1998	896,333	12.18	360,500	12.41
Granted	241,860	21.87	34,000	21.75
Exercised Cancelled	(149,960)	11.62 12.22	(62,000)	11.39
Cancerreu	(37,574)	12.22	-	-
Balance				
September 25, 1999	950,659	14.67	332,500	13.56
Granted	186,334	13.68	34,000	15.94
Exercised	(113, 253)	10.43	(10,500)	7.00
Cancelled	(108,446)	15.55	(10,000)	-
Ca652264	(200) )			
Balance,				
September 30, 2000	915,294	\$14.92	356,000	\$13.99
. ,	,		,	
Exercisable Options,				
September 30, 2000	337,171		322,000	

The weighted average fair value of incentive options granted during fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 25, 1999 and September 26, 1998 was \$4.93, \$9.22 and \$5.31, respectively. The weighted average fair value of nonqualified stock options granted during fiscal years ended September 30, 2000, September 25, 1999 and September 26, 1998 was \$8.95, \$13.75 and \$10.56, respectively.

The following table summarizes information about incentive stock options outstanding at September 30, 2000:

	Options Outstanding			Options Exe	rcisable
	Number	Weighted		Number	
	Outstanding	, Average	Weighted	Exercisable	Weighted
	at	Remaining	Average	at	Average
Range of	September	Contractual	Exercise	September	Exercise
Exercise Prices	30, 2000	Life	Price	30, 2000	Price

\$7.25 - \$10.50	112,900	.8 years	\$9.73	112,900	\$9.73
\$11.00 - \$16.38	579,281	2.9 years	\$13.40	224,271	\$11.64
\$17.57 - \$24.50	223,113	3.8 years	\$21.56	-	-
	915,294			337,171	

The following table summarizes information about nonqualified stock options outstanding at September 30, 2000:

Options Outstanding Number Weighted			Options Exe	rcisable		
	(	Outstandi		Weighted	Exercisable	Wainhtad
	,		3	•		-
		at	Remaining	Average	at	Average
Range	of	Septembe	er Contractual	Exercise	September	Exercise
Exercise	Prices	30, 200	00 Life	Price	30, 2000	Price
\$10.75		34,000	1.6 years	\$10.75	34,000	\$10.75
\$11.00 -	\$15.94	254,000	4.7 years	\$12.66	220,000	\$12.16
\$19.25 -	\$21.75	68,000	9.1 years	\$20.50	68,000	\$20.50
		356,000	)		322,000	

## NOTE M - 401(k) PROFIT-SHARING PLAN

The Company maintains a 401(k) profit-sharing plan for its employees. Under this plan, the Company may make discretionary profit-sharing and matching 401(k) contributions. Contributions of \$819,000, \$684,000 and \$512,000 were made in fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

### NOTE N - CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The following is supplemental cash flow information:

	Fiscal year ended			
	September 3	30, September 25,	September 26,	
	2000	1999	1998	
		(in thousands)		
Cash paid for:				
Interest	\$2,649	\$3,231	\$2,870	
Income taxes	3,474	5,617	6,461	

## NOTE 0 - SEGMENT REPORTING

Using the guidelines set forth in SFAS No. 131, the Company has two reportable segments: Snack Foods and Frozen Beverages. Snack Foods manufactures and distributes snack foods and bakery items. Frozen Beverages markets and distributes frozen beverage products. The segments are managed as strategic business units due to their distinct production processes and capital requirements.

The Company evaluates each segment's performance based on income or loss before taxes, excluding corporate and other unallocated expenses and non-recurring charges. Information regarding the operations in these reportable segments is as follows:

	Santambar 20	Fiscal year en	
	September 30, 2000	September 25, 1999	1998
	2000	(in thousands)	
Sales:		(In thousands)	
Snack Foods	\$216,941	\$196,690	\$178,591
Frozen Beverages	104,171	91,749	83,799
1102011 Boverages	\$321,112	\$288,439	\$262,390
Depreciation and Amortizati	,	42007 .00	4202,000
Snack Foods	\$14,273	\$13,039	\$12,167
Frozen Beverages	16,109	14,599	12,992
	\$30,382	\$27,638	\$25,159
Earnings Before Taxes:	,	. ,	. ,
Snack Foods	\$13,071	\$17,227	\$14,418
Frozen Beverages	2,752	5,414	4,391
	\$15,823	\$22,641	\$18,809
Capital Expenditures:			
Snack Foods	\$17,706	\$12,332	\$15,604
Frozen Beverages	17,222	14,274	16,199
	\$34,928	\$26,606	\$31,803
Assets:			
Snack Foods	\$117,244	\$112,271	\$109,378
Frozen Beverages	102,795	101,409	103,883
	\$220,039	\$213,680	\$213,261

Sales to a single Snack Foods' customer accounted for approximately 10% of the Company's sales in fiscal 1998.

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Shareholders and Board of Directors

J&J Snack Foods Corp.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of J&J Snack Foods Corp. and Subsidiaries as of September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999, and the related consolidated statements of earnings, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended September 30, 2000 (53 weeks, 52 weeks and 52 weeks, respectively). These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of J&J Snack Foods Corp. and Subsidiaries as of September 30, 2000 and September 25, 1999, and the consolidated results of their operations and their consolidated cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three-year period ended September 30, 2000 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Grant Thorton LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

November 7, 2000 (except for Notes B and G, as to which the date is November 20, 2000)  $\,$ 

Corporate Information

Directors

Gerald B. Shreiber Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

Dennis G. Moore Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

Robert M. Radano Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Stephen N. Frankel President, Stephen N. Frankel Realtor, Inc.

Peter G. Stanley Vice President, Emerging Growth Equities, Ltd.

Leonard M. Lodish, Ph.D. Samuel R. Harrell Professor, Marketing Department of the Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania Gerald B. Shreiber Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

Dennis G. Moore Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

Robert M. Radano Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Paul L. Hirschman Vice President, Information Systems

Officers of Subsidiary Companies

J&J SNACK FOODS CORP. OF NEW JERSEY

John Duckett Vice President, Service & Assembly

Anthony P. Harrison II Vice President, Quality Control and Research & Development

Michael Karaban Vice President, Marketing

H. Robert Long Vice President, Distribution

Milton L. Segal Vice President, Purchasing

Don Smith Vice President, Research & Development, West

Steven J. Taylor Vice President, Sales

MIA PRODUCTS T.J. Couzens Vice President/General Manager

THE ICEE COMPANY Dan Fachner President

Kent Galloway Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Joe Boulanger Vice President/General Manager Western Zone

Lou Fiorentino Vice President/General Manager Eastern Zone

Rick Naylor Vice President/General Manager Central Zone

Rod Sexton Vice President of Service Operations

ICEE DE MEXICO, S.A. DE C.V. Andres Gonzalez Vice President

PRETZELS, INC. Gary Powell President

Quarterly Common Stock Data

Market Price Fiscal 2000 High Low

1st Quarter 22 3/4 15 1/2 2nd Quarter 21 7/8 16 13/16 3rd Quarter 20 1/2 14 4th Quarter 19 12 1/2  Fiscal 1999 High Low 1st Quarter 22 1/2 15 3/4 2nd Quarter 25 19 5/16 3rd Quarter 24 7/16 20 1/4						
1st Quarter 22 1/2 15 3/4 2nd Quarter 25 19 5/16 3rd Quarter 24 19 3/4	2nd Qua	arter arter	21 7 20 1	/8	16 14	13/16
	1st Qua 2nd Qua 3rd Qua	arter arter arter	22 1 25 24	./2	15 19 19	3/4 5/16 3/4

### Stock Listing

The common stock of J&J Snack Foods Corp. is traded on the over-the-counter market on the NASDAQ National Market System with the symbol JJSF.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company 6201 15th Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11219

Independent Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP Philadelphia, PA

Counsel

Blank, Rome, Comisky & McCauley LLP

Annual Meeting

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders is scheduled for Thursday, February 8, 2001 at 10:00 a.m. at the Hilton at Cherry Hill, 2349 W. Marlton Pike, Cherry Hill, New Jersey.

Form 10-K

Copies of the Company's Annual Report to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 10-K may be obtained without charge by writing to:

J&J Snack Foods Corp. 6000 Central Highway Pennsauken, NJ 08109 Attention: Dennis G. Moore

Web Site

www.jjsnack.com

# EXHIBIT 22.1 - SUBSIDIARIES OF J & J SNACK FOODS CORP.

	Place of Incorporation		
J & J Snack Foods Investment Corp.	Delaware		
The ICEE Company	Delaware		
J & J Snack Foods Corp. of New Jersey	New Jersey		
J & J Snack Foods Corp. of California	California		
J & J Snack Foods Corp./Midwest	Illinois		
J & J Snack Foods Corp./Mia	Pennsylvania		
J & J Snack Foods Corp. of Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania		
J & J Snack Foods Sales Corp.	New Jersey		
J & J Snack Foods Sales Corp. of Texas	Texas		
J & J Snack Foods Transport Corp.	New Jersey		
ICEE-Canada, Inc.	Canada		
ICEE de Mexico, S.A. De C.V.	Mexico		
J & J Restaurant Group, Inc.	Pennsylvania		
Bakers Best Snack Food Corp.	Pennsylvania		
Pretzels, Inc.	Texas		
Federal PBC Company	Pennsylvania		

### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

We have issued our reports dated November 7, 2000 accompanying the consolidated financial statements and schedules incorporated by reference or included in the Annual Report of J & J Snack Foods Corp. and Subsidiaries on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2000. We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference of said reports in the Registration Statement of J & J Snack Foods Corp. and Subsidiaries on Forms S-8 (File No. 333-94795, effective January 18, 2000, File No. 333-03833, effective May 16, 1996, File No. 33-87532, effective December 16, 1994 and File No. 33-50036, effective July 24, 1992).

GRANT THORNTON LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December 18, 2000

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           SEP-30-2000
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57896
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        220039
35827
                      42481
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                    28403
                  104871
220039
                    321112
            321112
                     154277
               148023
                0
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            2755
              15823
               5855
           9968
                  0
                 9968
1.13
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LOAN AGREEMENT

BY AND AMONG

J & J SNACK FOODS CORP.,

THE SUBSIDIARIES OF J & J SNACK FOODS CORP. SIGNATORY HERETO

THE BANKS SIGNATORY HERETO

AND

FLEET NATIONAL BANK, AS AGENT FOR SUCH BANKS

**DECEMBER 19, 2000** 

### LOAN AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT, made this 19th day of December, 2000, by and among:

J & J SNACK FOODS CORP., a New Jersey corporation;

The Subsidiary Borrowers of Parent that have executed the signature pages hereto; and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1$ 

The Banks that have executed the signature pages hereto; and

FLEET NATIONAL BANK, a national banking association, as Agent for the Banks;

### $\mbox{W I T N E S S E T H:} \\$

WHEREAS, Parent and the Subsidiary Borrowers wish to obtain loans from the Bank in the aggregate principal sum of up to Sixty Million and 00/100 (\$60,000,000.00) Dollars, and the Banks are willing to make such loans to Paren and the Subsidiary Borrowers in an aggregate principal amount of up to such sum on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth;

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:

# ARTICLE 1

## Definitions

As used in this Agreement, terms defined in the recitals hereto shall have the meanings therein defined and the following terms shall have the following meanings:

ABR Loans: Loans that bear interest at a rate based upon the Alternate Base Rate.

Agent: Fleet National Bank, in its capacity as Agent for the Banks, together with its successors in such capacity.

Alternate Base Rate: the higher of (i) the Prime Rate and (ii) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%.

Acquisition: any acquisition by any Borrower of all or a substantial portion of the Capital Stock, assets and/or properties of another Person, pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of an Acquisition Agreement.

Acquisition Agreement: any agreement by and between a Borrower and another Person with respect to such Borrower's acquisition of all or a substantial portion of the assets and/or properties of such other Person and/or all or a substantial portion of the issued and outstanding Capital Stock of another Person owned by such other Person, including all exhibits, annexes and schedules thereto, and all amendments, modifications and supplements thereof.

Acquisition Cost: with respect to any otherwise Permitted Acquisition, the sum of (i) all cash consideration paid or agreed to be paid by the acquiror to make such Acquisition (inclusive of payments by such person of the seller's professional fees and expenses and other out-of-pocket expenses in connection therewith), plus (ii) the fair market value of all non-cash consideration paid by such acquiror in connection therewith, plus (iii) an amount equal to the principal or stated amount of all liabilities assumed or incurred by such acquiror in connection therewith, plus (iv) any optional or mandatory capital contributions made to such entity by such acquiror. The principal or stated amount of any liability assumed or incurred by an acquiror in connection with an Acquisition which is a contingent liability shall be an amount equal to the stated amount of such liability or, if the same is not stated, the maximum reasonably anticipated amount payable by such acquiror in respect thereof as determined by such acquiror in good faith.

Additional Costs: as defined in subsection 2.22(b) hereof.

Affected Loans: as defined in Section 2.25 hereof.

Affected Type: as defined in Section 2.25 hereof.

Affiliate: as to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly controls, or is under common control with, or is controlled by, such Person. As used in this definition, "control" (including, with its correlative meanings, "controlled by" and "under common control with") shall mean possession, directly or indirectly, of power to direct or cause the direction of management or policies (whether through ownership of securities or partnership or other ownership interests, by contract or otherwise), provided that, in any event: (i) any Person that owns directly or indirectly 5% or more of the securities having ordinary voting power for the election of directors or other governing body of a corporation or 5% or more of the partnership or other ownership interests of any other Person (other than as a limited partner of such other Person) will be deemed to control such corporation or other Person; and (ii) each controlling shareholder, director and officer of a Borrower shall be deemed to be an Affiliate of the Borrowers.

Affiliate Advances: as to any Borrower, all loans, advances and other distributions to and Investments in any officer, director, employee, Affiliate and/or Subsidiary of such Borrower, excluding salary, bonuses and benefits paid to employees of such Borrower in the ordinary course of such Borrower's business.

Agency Fee: as defined in subsection 2.7(c) hereof.

Applicable Lending Office: with respect to each Bank, with respect to each type of Loan, the Lending Office as designated for such type of Loan below its name on the signature pages hereof or such other office of such Bank or of an affiliate of such Bank as such Bank may from time to time specify to the Agent and the Parent as the office at which its Loans of such type are to be made and maintained.

Applicable Margin: with respect to the unpaid principal balance of ABR Loans, LIBOR Loans and COF Loans, in each case at all times during which the applicable Pricing Level set forth below is in effect, the percentage set forth below next to such Pricing Level and under the applicable column

	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	е
	Mar	gin for Mar	gin for	Margin for
Pricing Level	ABR Loans	LIBOR Loans	COF Loans	
Pricing Level I	0.125	0.500	0.500	
Pricing Level II	0.125	0.625	0.625	
Pricing Level III	0.125	0.750	0.750	
Pricing Level IV	0.375	0.875	0.875	
Pricing Level V	0.625	1.125	1.125	

; provided, that, unless and until the Agent has received the financial statements required by this Agreement for the four full fiscal quarters ending June 30, 2001, only Pricing Levels II, III, IV and V shall be available and during such period any Leverage Ratio that would result in Pricing Level I shal

be deemed a Leverage Ratio within Pricing Level II. In each case, the determination of the Applicable Margin pursuant to the tables set forth above shall be made on a quarterly basis based on an examination of the financial statements of the Borrowers delivered pursuant to and in compliance with Section 5.1 or Section 5.2 hereof, which financial statements, whether annual or quarterly, shall be (A) audited in the case of financial statements furnished pursuant to Section 5.1 and (B) certified by the chief financial officer of Parent in the case of financial statements furnished pursuant to Section 5.2 and shall indicate that there exists no Default or Event of Default hereunder. Each determination of the Applicable Margin shall be effective five days following the date on which the financial statements on which such determination was based were received by the Agent. In the event that financial statements for the four full fiscal quarters most recently completed prior to such date of determination either: (i) have not been delivered to the Agent in compliance with Section 5.1 or 5.2 hereof, or (ii) if delivered, do not comply in form or substance with Section 5.1 or 5.2 hereof (in the sole judgment of the Agent), then the Agent may determine, in its reasonable judgment, the ratio referred to above that would have been in effect as at such date, and, consequently, the Applicable Margin in effect for the period commencing on such date.

Applicable Period: as defined in Section 7.15 hereof.

Assignment and Acceptance: an agreement in the form of Exhibit B hereto.

Bank and Banks: the banks and other financial institutions that have executed the signature pages hereto together with each bank and any other financial institution that becomes a Bank pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

Borrower: Parent or any Subsidiary Borrower.

Borrowers: Parent and the Subsidiary Borrowers collectively.

Borrowing Notice: as defined in Section 2.2 hereof.

Business Day: any day other than Saturday, Sunday or any other day on which commercial banks in New Jersey are authorized or required to close under the laws of the State of New Jersey.

Capital Expenditures: for any period, the aggregate amount of all payments made during such period by any Borrower directly or indirectly for the purpose of acquiring, constructing or maintaining fixed assets, real property or equipment that, in accordance with GAAP, would be added as a debit to the fixed asset account of such Borrower, including, without limitation, all amounts paid or payable during such period with respect to Capitalized Lease Obligations and interest that are required to be capitalized in accordance with GAAP.

Capitalized Lease: any lease, the obligations to pay rent or other amounts under which, constitute Capitalized Lease Obligations.

Capitalized Lease Obligations: as to any Borrower, the obligations of such Borrower to pay rent or other amounts under a lease of (or other agreement conveying the right to use) real and/or personal property which obligations are required to be classified and accounted for as a capital lease on a balance sheet of such Borrower under GAAP and, for purposes of this Agreement, the amount of such obligations shall be the capitalized amount thereof, determined in accordance with GAAP.

Capital Stock: as to any Borrower, all shares, interests, partnership interests, limited liability company interests, participations, rights in or other equivalents (however designated) of such Borrower's equity (however designated) and any rights, warrants or options exchangeable for or convertible into such shares, interests, participations, rights or other equity.

Cash: as to any Borrower, such Borrower's cash and cash equivalents, as defined in accordance with GAAP.

CERCLA: the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq.

Code: the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as it may be amended from time to time.

COF Loans: Loans the interest on which is determined on the basis of rates referred to in clause (b) of the definition of "Fixed Base Rate" in this Article 1.

Commitment: as to each Bank, the amount set forth opposite such Bank's name on the signature pages hereof under the caption "Commitment" as such amount is subject to reduction in accordance with the terms hereof; provided, that, if such Bank increased its Commitment or became a Bank pursuant to Section 2.8(c), its Commitment shall be the amount set forth opposite such Bank's name on the

signature pages to the Increase Supplement executed by such Bank in connection therewith.

Commitment Fee: as defined in subsection 2.7(a) hereof.

Commitment Termination Date: December 18, 2001, subject to earlier termination as provided in this Agreement.

Compliance Certificate: a certificate executed by the president or chief financial officer of Parent to the effect that: (i) as of the effective date of the certificate, no Default or Event of Default under this Agreement exists or would exist after giving effect to the action intended to be taken by the Borrowers as described in such certificate, including, without limitation, that the covenants set forth in Section 6.9 hereof would not be breached after giving effect to such action, together with a calculation in reasonable detail, and in form satisfactory to the Agent, of such compliance, and (ii) the representations and warranties contained in Article 3 hereof are true and with the same effect as though such representations and warranties were made on the date of such certificate, except for changes in the ordinary course of business none of which, either singly or in the aggregate, have had a Material Adverse Effect.

Controlled Group: all members of a controlled group of corporations and all trades or businesses (whether or not incorporated) under common control which, together with the Borrowers, are treated as a single employer under Section 414(b), 414(c) or 414(m) of the Code and Section 4001(a)(2) of ERISA.

Cost of Funds: the per annum rate of interest which Fleet is required to pay, or is offering to pay, for wholesale liabilities, adjusted for reserve requirements and such other requirements as may be imposed by federal, state or local government and regulatory agencies, as determined by Fleet in its reasonable discretion.

Credit Period: the period commencing on the date of this Agreement and ending on the Commitment Termination Date.

Debt Instrument: as defined in subsection 8.4(a) hereof.

Default: an event which with notice or lapse of time, or both, would constitute an Event of Default.

Defined Contribution Plan: a plan which is not covered by Title IV of ERISA or subject to the minimum funding standards of Section 412 of the Code and which provides for an individual account for each participant and for benefits based solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, and any income, expenses, gains and losses, and any forfeitures of accounts of other participants which may be allocated to such participant's account.

Disposal: the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing of any hazardous materials into or on any land or water so that such hazardous materials or constituent thereof may enter the environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including ground waters. Dollars and \$: lawful money of the United States of America.

Domestic Subsidiary: each direct and indirect Subsidiary of Parent organized under the laws of the United States of America or a state thereof.

EBITDA: with respect to Parent and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis for any period, the sum of (i) net income (as determined in accordance with GAAP), (ii) Interest Expense, (iii) depreciation and amortization, (iv) Federal, state and local income taxes, in each case of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis for such period, computed in accordance with GAAP and (v) up to \$800,000 in connection with the Borrowers' write-down of certain Real Property owned by J&J Snack Foods Corp./Midwest, a Subsidiary Borrower, and located at 401 East Joe Orr Road, Chicago Heights, Illinois as reflected in the Borrowers' financial statements dated September 30, 2000.

Eligible Assignee: a commercial bank or other financial institution organized under the laws of the United States of America or any state and having a combined capital and surplus of at least \$500,000,000.

Employee Benefit Plan: any employee benefit plan within the meaning of Section 3(3) of ERISA which (a) is maintained for employees of the Borrowers or any of its ERISA Affiliates or (b) has at any time within the preceding six (6) years been maintained for employees of any Loan Party or any current or former ERISA Affiliate.

Employee Welfare Benefit Plan: any employee benefit plan within the meaning of Section 3(1) of ERISA.

Environmental Laws and Regulations: all federal, state and local environmental, health and safety laws, regulations, ordinances, orders, judgments and decrees

applicable to any Borrower or any other Loan Party, or any of their respective assets or properties.

Environmental Liability: any liability under any applicable Environmental Laws and Regulations for any disposal, release or threatened release of a Hazardous Substance pollutant or contaminant as those terms are defined under CERCLA, and any liability which would require a removal, remedial or response action, as those terms are defined under CERCLA, by any Person or any environmental regulatory body having jurisdiction over any Borrower or any other Loan Party and/or any liability arising under any Environmental Laws and Regulations for any Borrower's or any other Loan Party's failure to comply with such laws and regulations, including without limitation, the failure to comply with or obtain any applicable environmental permit.

Environmental Proceeding: any judgment, action, proceeding or investigation pending before any court or governmental authority, with respect to any Borrower or any other Loan Party and arising under or relating to any Environmental Laws and Regulations.

ERISA: the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as it may be amended from time to time, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

ERISA Affiliate: with respect to any Loan Party, any corporation, person or trade or business which is a member of a group which is under common control with any Loan Party, who together with any Loan Party, is treated as a single employer within the meaning of Sections 414(b) - (o) of the Code and, if applicable, Sections 4001(a)(14) and (b) of ERISA.

Event of Default: as defined in Article 8 hereof.
Federal Funds Rate: for any day, the weighted average of the rates on overnight federal funds transactions with member banks of the Federal Reserve System arranged by federal funds brokers as published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for such day, or if such day is not a Business Day, for the next preceding Business Day (or, if such rate is not so published for any such day, the average rate charged to the Agent on such day on such transactions as reasonably determined by the Agent).

Fee(s): as defined in subsection 2.7(e) hereof.

Financial Statements: with respect to Parent, its consolidated: (i) audited Balance Sheet as at September 30, 1999, together with the related audited Income Statement and Statement of Changes in Financial Position Cash Flow for the fiscal year then ended, and (ii) unaudited Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2000, together with the related unaudited Income Statement and Statement of Changes in Financial Position Cash Flow for the nine-month period then ended; provided that to the extent such financial statements are not the most recent financial statements furnished by the Borrowers pursuant to Section 5.1 or 5.2 of this Agreement, "Financial Statements" shall mean the most recent of the applicable consolidated and/or consolidating financial statements furnished by the Borrowers pursuant to such Section 5.1 or 5.2.

Fixed Base Rate: with respect to any LIBOR Loan or COF Loan for any Interest Period therefor:

- (a) if such Loan is a LIBOR Loan, LIBOR, as reasonably determined by the Agent; and  $\,$
- (b) if such Loan is a COF Loan, Cost of Funds as reasonably determined by Fleet.

Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio: as at any time of determination, the ratio of the following for the most recently completed four fiscal quarters of Parent: (i) EBITDA, minus taxes paid, minus Capital Expenditures, each with respect to such most recently completed four fiscal quarters of Parent, to (ii) Interest Expense with respect to such most recently completed four fiscal quarters of Parent.

Fixed Rate: for any Fixed Rate Loan for any Interest Period therefor, the rate per annum (rounded upwards, if necessary, to the nearest 1/100 of 1%) determined by the Agent to be equal to (x) the Fixed Base Rate for such Loan for such Interest Period; divided by (y) 1 minus the Reserve Requirement, if any, for such Loan for such Interest Period. The Agent shall use its best efforts to advise Parent of the Fixed Rate as soon as practicable after each change in the Fixed Rate; provided, however, that the failure of the Agent to so advise Parent on any one or more occasions shall not affect the rights of the Banks or the Agent or the obligations of the Borrowers hereunder.

Fixed Rate Loans: LIBOR Loans and COF Loans.

Fleet: Fleet National Bank, a national banking association, in its capacity as a Bank hereunder.

Foreign Subsidiary: each direct and indirect Subsidiary of Parent that is not a Domestic Subsidiary.

GAAP: generally accepted accounting principles, consistently applied.

Hazardous Materials: any toxic chemical, Hazardous Substances, contaminants or pollutants, medical wastes, infectious wastes, or hazardous wastes.

Hazardous Substance: as set forth in Section 101(14) of CERCLA or comparable provisions of state or local law.

Hazardous Waste: as set forth in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 9603(5), and the Environmental Protection Agency's implementing regulations, or state or local law.

Increase Supplement: an agreement in the form of Exhibit C hereto.

Indebtedness: with respect to any Borrower, all: (i) liabilities or obligations, direct and contingent, which in accordance with GAAP would be included in determining total liabilities as shown on the liability side of a balance sheet of such Borrower at the date as of which Indebtedness is to be determined, including, without limitation, contingent liabilities that in accordance with such principles, would be set forth in a specific Dollar amount on the liability side of such balance sheet, and Capitalized Lease Obligations of such Borrower; (ii) liabilities or obligations of others for which such Borrower is directly or indirectly liable, by way of guaranty (whether by direct guaranty, suretyship, discount, endorsement, agreement to purchase or advance or keep in funds or other agreement having the effect of a guaranty) or otherwise; (iii) liabilities or obligations secured by Liens on any assets of such Borrower, whether or not such liabilities or obligations shall have been assumed by it; and (iv) liabilities or obligations of such Borrower, direct or contingent, with respect to letters of credit issued for the account of such Borrower and bankers acceptances created for such Borrower.

Interest Expense: with respect to Parent and its Subsidiaries for the applicable period of determination thereof, the interest expense of Parent and its Subsidiaries during such period determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

#### Interest Period:

- (a) with respect to any LIBOR Loan, each period commencing on the date such Loan is made or converted from a Loan or Loans of another type, or the last day of the next preceding Interest Period with respect to such Loan, and ending on the same day in the first, second, third or sixth calendar month thereafter, as the Borrowers may select as provided in Section 2.2 hereof, except that each such Interest Period that commences on the last LIBOR Business Day of a calendar month (or on any day for which there is no numerically corresponding day in the appropriate subsequent calendar month) shall end on the last LIBOR Business Day of the appropriate subsequent calendar month;
- (b) with respect to any COF Loan, each period commencing on the date such Loan is made or converted from a Loan or Loans of another type, or the last day of the next preceding Interest Period with respect to such Loan, and ending not more than 180 days thereafter, as the Borrowers may select as provided in Section 2.2 hereof;

Notwithstanding the foregoing: (i) each Interest Period that would otherwise end on a day that is not a Business Day shall end on the next succeeding Business Day (or, in the case of an Interest Period for LIBOR Loans, if such next succeeding LIBOR Business Day falls in the next succeeding calendar month, on the next preceding LIBOR Business Day); (ii) no more than seven Interest Periods for Fixed Rate Loans shall be in effect at the same time; (iii) any Interest Period for any type of Loan that commences before the Commitment Termination Date shall end no later than the Commitment Termination Date; and (iv) notwithstanding clause (iv) above, no Interest Period shall have a duration of less than one months (in the case of LIBOR Loans) or thirty days (in the case of COF Loans). In the event that the Borrowers fail to select the duration of any Interest Period for any Loan within the time period and otherwise as provided in Section 2.2 hereof, such Loans will be automatically converted into a ABR Loan on the last day of the preceding Interest Period for such Loan.

Interest Rate Contracts: interest rate swap agreements, interest rate cap agreements, interest rate collar agreements, interest rate insurance and other agreements or arrangements designed to provide protection against fluctuation in interest rates, in each case, in form and substance satisfactory to the Agent and, in each case, with counter-parties satisfactory to the Agent.

## Investment: by any Borrower:

(a) the amount paid or committed to be paid, or the value of property or services contributed or committed to be contributed, by such Borrower for or in connection with the acquisition by such Borrower of any stock, bonds, notes, debentures, partnership or other ownership interests or other securities of any

other Person; and

(b) the amount of any advance, loan or extension of credit by such Borrower, to any other Person, or guaranty or other similar obligation of such Borrower with respect to any Indebtedness of such other Person, and (without duplication) any amount committed to be advanced, loaned, or extended by such Borrower to any other Person, or any amount the payment of which is committed to be assured by a guaranty or similar obligation by such Borrower for the benefit of, such other Person.

IRS: Internal Revenue Service.

Joinder: an agreement in the form of Exhibit D hereto.

Latest Balance Sheet: as defined in subsection 3.9(a) hereof.

Leases: leases and subleases (other than Capitalized Leases), licenses for the use of real property, easements, grants, and other attachment rights and similar instruments under which a Borrower has the right to use real or personal property or rights of way.

Leverage Ratio: the ratio of Total Funded Debt as at the time of determination to EBITDA with respect to the most recently completed four fiscal quarters of Parent.

LIBOR: shall mean, as applicable to any LIBOR Loan, the rate per annum (rounded upward, if necessary, to the nearest 1/32 of one percent) as determined on the basis of the offered rates for deposits in U.S. dollars, for a period of time comparable to such LIBOR Loan which appears on the Telerate page 3750 as of 11:00 a.m. London time on the day that is two LIBOR Business Days preceding the first day of such LIBOR Loan; provided, however, that if the rate described above does not appear on the Telerate System on any applicable interest determination date, LIBOR shall be the rate (rounded upwards as described above, if necessary) for deposits in dollars for a period substantially equal to the Interest Period on the Reuters Page "LIBO" (or such other page as may replace the LIBO Page on that service for the purpose of displaying such rates), as of 11:00 a.m.(London Time), on the day that is two (2) LIBOR Business Days prior to the beginning of such Interest Period. If both the Telerate and Reuters system are unavailable, then the rate for that date will be determined on the basis of the offered rates for deposits in U.S. dollars for a period of time comparable to such LIBOR Loan which are offered by four major banks in the London interbank market at approximately 11:00 a.m. London time, on the day that is two (2) LIBOR Business Days preceding the first day of such LIBOR Loan as selected by the Agent. The principal London office of each of the four major London banks will be requested to provide a quotation of its U.S. dollar deposit offered rate. at least two such quotations are provided, the rate for the date will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations. If fewer than two quotations are provided as requested, the rate for that date will be determined on the basis of the rates quoted for loans in U.S. dollars to leading European banks for a period of time comparable to such LIBOR Loan offered by major banks in New York City at approximately 11:00 a.m. New York City time, on the day that is two LIBOR Business Days preceding the first day of such LIBOR Loan. In the event that the Agent is unable to obtain any such quotation as provided above, it will be deemed that LIBOR pursuant to a LIBOR Loan cannot be determined.

LIBOR Business Day: a Business Day on which dealings in Dollar deposits are carried out in the London interbank market.

LIBOR Loans: Loans the interest on which is determined on the basis of rates referred to in subparagraph (a) of the definition of "Fixed Base Rate" in this Article 1.

Lien: any mortgage, deed of trust, pledge, security interest, encumbrance, lien or charge of any kind (including any agreement to give any of the foregoing), any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, any lease in the nature of any of the foregoing, and the filing of or agreement to give any financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code of any jurisdiction.

Loan(s): as defined in Section 2.1 hereof. Loans of different types made or converted from Loans of other types on the same day (or of the same type but having different Interest Periods) shall be deemed to be separate Loans for all purposes of this Agreement.

Loan Documents: this Agreement, the Notes and all other documents executed and delivered in connection herewith or therewith, including all amendments, modifications and supplements of or to all such documents.

Loan Party: each Borrower, any Domestic Subsidiary of a Borrower that has not yet become a Borrower pursuant to Section 7.13 hereof, and any other Person (other than the Banks and the Agent) which now or hereafter executes and delivers to any Bank or the Agent any Loan Document.

Material Adverse Effect: a material adverse effect on: (i) the business, condition (financial or otherwise), assets, liabilities or operations of the Borrowers taken as a whole, (ii) the ability of the Borrowers (taken as a whole) to perform their obligations under any Loan Document to which the Borrowers are a party, or (iii) the validity or enforceability of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or the rights or remedies of the Banks and/or the Agent hereunder or thereunder.

Multiemployer Plan: a "multiemployer plan" as defined in Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA to which any Loan Party or any ERISA Affiliate is making, or is accruing an obligation to make, contributions or has made, or been obligated to make, contributions within the preceding six (6) years.

New Type Loans: as defined in Section 2.25 hereof.

Non-Material Office: an office maintained by a Subsidiary of Parent that is utilized primarily as a sales office.

Note(s): as defined in Section 2.4 hereof.

Obligations: collectively, all of the Indebtedness, liabilities and obligations of the Borrowers to the Banks and the Agent, whether now existing or hereafter arising, whether or not currently contemplated, including, without limitation, those arising under the Loan Documents.

Parent: J & J Snack Foods Corp., a New Jersey corporation.

Payor: as defined in Section 2.19 hereof.

PBGC: Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

Pension Plan: at any time an employee pension benefit plan that is covered by Title IV of ERISA or subject to the minimum funding standards under Section 412 of the Code and is maintained either: (i) by a Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate for employees of such Borrower, or by such Borrower for any ERISA Affiliate, or (ii) pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement or any other arrangement under which more than one employer makes contributions and to which such Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate is then making or accruing an obligation to make contributions or has within the preceding five (5) plan years made contributions.

Permitted Acquisition: an Acquisition that satisfies each of the following conditions: (i) the entire business or assets acquired or business of the entity whose Capital Stock is acquired shall be substantially similar to a Borrower's line of business as conducted on the date hereof; (ii) the Acquisition Cost with respect to any one Acquisition shall not exceed \$5,000,000; (iii) the Acquisition Cost of all Acquisitions the aggregate in any fiscal year of Parent which but for this clause would be Permitted Acquisitions shall not exceed \$10,000,000; (iv) at the time of such Acquisition no Default or Event of Default exists and no Default or Event of Default would occur after giving effect to such Acquisition; (v) the Acquisition shall have the approval of the target company's board of directors (or similar governing body); (vi) the applicable Borrower shall have complied with any applicable state takeover law and any applicable supermajority charter provisions; (vii) all governmental and thirdparty consents and approvals necessary in connection with each aspect of the Acquisition shall have been obtained (without the imposition of any unreasonable conditions) and shall remain in effect, except where the failure to obtain same could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, all applicable waiting periods shall have expired or been terminated or waived without any material adverse action being taken by any authority having jurisdiction; and no law or regulation shall be applicable that restrains, prevents or imposes material adverse conditions upon any aspect of the Acquisition and (viii) the Borrowers shall have delivered to the Agent, not less than 10 days prior to the consummation of such Acquisition, a certificate of a financial officer of the Borrower, in all respects reasonably satisfactory to the Agent and dated the date of such consummation, attaching a pro-forma compliance certificate (in a format satisfactory to the Bank) evidencing compliance with Section 6.9 of this Agreement (as the same may be amended from time to time) after giving effect to such Acquisition and based on the most recent financial statements delivered to the Bank pursuant to this Agreement; provided, that, as to such financial covenants (and any other financial covenants now or hereafter applying to the facilities described in this Agreement), all of such covenants shall be deemed amended to require compliance as to the Borrowers with the entity acquired in the Acquisition].

Permitted Liens: as to any Borrower: (i) pledges or deposits by such Borrower under workers' compensation laws, unemployment insurance laws, social security laws, or similar legislation, or good faith deposits in connection with bids, tenders, contracts (other than for the payment of Indebtedness of such Borrower), or leases to which such Borrower is a party, or deposits to secure public or statutory obligations of such Borrower or deposits of Cash or United

States Government Bonds to secure surety, appeal, performance or other similar bonds to which such Borrower is a party, or deposits as security for contested taxes or import duties or for the payment of rent; (ii) Liens imposed by law, such as carriers', warehousemen's, materialmen's and mechanics' liens, or Liens arising out of judgments or awards against such Borrower with respect to which such Borrower at the time shall currently be prosecuting an appeal or proceedings for review; (iii) Liens for taxes not yet subject to penalties for non-payment and Liens for taxes the payment of which is being contested as permitted by Section 6.6 hereof; (iv) minor survey exceptions, minor encumbrances, easements or reservations of, or rights of, others for rights of way, highways and railroad crossings, sewers, electric lines, telegraph and telephone lines and other similar purposes, or zoning or other restrictions as to the use of real properties; and (v) Liens incidental to the conduct of the business of such Borrower or to the ownership of such Borrower's property that were not incurred in connection with Indebtedness of such Borrower, all of which Liens referred to in the preceding clause (v) do not in the aggregate materially detract from the value of the properties to which they relate or materially impair their use in the operation of the business taken as a whole of such Borrower, and as to all the foregoing only to the extent arising and continuing in the ordinary course of business.

Person: an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, a joint venture, a trust or unincorporated organization, a joint stock company or other similar organization, a government or any political subdivision thereof, a court, or any other legal entity, whether acting in an individual, fiduciary or other capacity.

Plan: at any time an employee pension benefit plan that is covered by Title IV of ERISA or subject to the minimum funding standards under Section 412 of the Code and is either: (i) maintained by a Borrower or any member of the Controlled Group for employees of a Borrower, or by a Borrower for any other member of such Controlled Group, or (ii) maintained pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement or any other arrangement under which more than one employer makes contributions and to which a Borrower or any member of the Controlled Group is then making or accruing an obligation to make contributions or has within the preceding five plan years made contributions.

Post-Default Rate: (i) in respect of any Loans a rate per annum equal to: (x) if such Loans are ABR Loans, 2% above the Alternate Base Rate as in effect from time to time plus the Applicable Margin for ABR Loans (but in no event less than the interest rate in effect on the due date), or (y) if such Loans are Fixed Rate Loans, 2% above the rate of interest in effect thereon at the time of the Event of Default that resulted in the Post-Default Rate being instituted until the end of the then current Interest Period therefor and, thereafter, 2% above the Alternate Base Rate as in effect from time to time plus the Applicable Margin for ABR Loans (but in no event less than the interest rate in effect on the due date); and (ii) in respect of other amounts payable by the Borrowers hereunder (other than interest) not paid when due (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise), a rate per annum during the period commencing on the due date until such other amounts are paid in full equal to 2% above the Alternate Base Rate as in effect from time to time plus the Applicable Margin for ABR Loans (but in no event less than the interest rate in effect on the due date).

Pricing Level: Pricing Level I, Pricing Level II, Pricing Level III, Pricing Level IV or Pricing Level V, as applicable.

Pricing Level I: the applicable Pricing Level at any time when the Leverage Ratio is less than or equal to 1.00 to1.00.

Pricing Level II: the applicable Pricing Level at any time when the Leverage Ratio is greater than 1.00 to1.00 but less than or equal to 1.50 to 1.00.

Pricing Level III: the applicable Pricing Level at any time when the Leverage Ratio is greater than 1.50 to1.00 but less than or equal to 2.00 to 1.00. Pricing Level IV: the applicable Pricing Level at any time when the Leverage Ratio is greater than 2.00 to1.00 but less than or equal to 2.50 to 1.00.

Pricing Level V: the applicable Pricing Level at any time when the Leverage Ratio is greater than 2.50 to1.00 but less than or equal to 3.00 to 1.00.

Primary Subsidiary Borrowers: the Subsidiary Borrowers listed on Schedule 3.1 hereto as "Primary Subsidiary Borrowers".

Prime Rate: the variable per annum rate of interest designated from time to time by Fleet as its prime rate at the Principal Office. The Prime Rate is a reference rate and does not necessarily represent the lowest or best rate being charged to any borrower. Each Borrower acknowledges that Fleet may regularly make domestic commercial loans at rates of interest less than the rate of interest referred to in the preceding sentence. Each change in any interest rate provided for herein based upon the Prime Rate resulting from a change in

the Prime Rate shall take effect at the time of such change in the Prime Rate.

Principal Office: the principal office of Fleet presently located at 208 Harristown Road, Glen Rock, New Jersey 07452.

Projections: consolidated projections of Parent and its subsidiaries (in a format reasonably satisfactory to the Agent) prepared on the basis of the assumptions accompanying them and reflect as of the date thereof Parent's good faith projections, after reasonable analysis, of the matters set forth therein, based on such assumptions.

Purchase Money Security Interest: as defined in subsection 7.2(c) hereof.

Quarterly Dates: the first day of each January, April, July and October, the first of which shall be the first such day after the date of this Agreement, provided that, if any such date is not a LIBOR Business Day, the relevant Quarterly Date shall be the next succeeding LIBOR Business Day (or, if the next succeeding LIBOR Business Day falls in the next succeeding calendar month, then on the next preceding LIBOR Business Day).

Regulation D: Regulation D of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

Regulatory Change: as to any Bank, any change after the date of this Agreement in United States federal, state or foreign laws or regulations (including Regulation D and the laws or regulations that designate any assessment rate relating to certificates of deposit or otherwise (including the "Assessment Rate" if applicable to any Loan)) or the adoption or making after such date of any interpretations, directives or requests applying to a class of banks, including such Bank, of or under any United States federal, state or foreign laws or regulations (whether or not having the force of law) by any court or governmental or monetary authority charged with the interpretation or administration thereof.

Release: as set forth in Section 101(22) of CERCLA or state or local law.

Required Banks: at any time while no Loans are outstanding hereunder, Banks having at least 51% of the aggregate amount of the Commitments and, at any time while Loans are outstanding hereunder, Banks holding at least 51% of the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the Loans hereunder.

Required Payment: as defined in Section 2.19 hereof.

Reserve Requirement: for any Fixed Rate Loans for any quarterly period (or, as the case may be, shorter period) as to which interest is payable hereunder, the average maximum rate at which reserves (including any marginal, supplemental or emergency reserves) are required to be maintained during such period under Regulation D by depository institutions (as such term is used in Regulation D). Without limiting the effect of the foregoing, the Reserve Requirement shall reflect any other reserves required to be maintained by such depository institutions by reason of any Regulatory Change against: (i) any category of liabilities that includes deposits by references to which the Fixed Rate for LIBOR Loans or COF Loans (as the case may be) is to be determined as provided in the definition of "Fixed Base Rate" in this Article 1, or (ii) any category of extensions of credit or other assets that include LIBOR Loans or COF Loans (as the case may be).

Subordinated Debt: unsecured Indebtedness for money borrowed in an amount satisfactory to the Required Banks which does not permit any payment or prepayment of the principal amount thereof or any interest accrued thereon prior to the payment in full of the Obligations and that is subordinated to such prior payment and is otherwise subordinated thereto under terms satisfactory in form and substance to the Required Banks, as evidenced by the Agent's written consent thereto given prior to the creation of such Indebtedness.

Subsidiary: with respect to any Person, any corporation, partnership or joint venture whether now existing or hereafter organized or acquired: (i) in the case of a corporation, of which a majority of the securities having ordinary voting power for the election of directors (other than securities having such power only by reason of the happening of a contingency) are at the time owned by such Person and/or one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or (ii) in the case of a partnership or joint venture in which such Person is a general partner or joint venturer or of which a majority of the partnership or other ownership interests are at the time owned by such Person and/or one or more of its Subsidiaries. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this Agreement to "Subsidiary" or "Subsidiaries" shall be deemed to be references to a direct or indirect Subsidiary or Subsidiaries of Parent.

Subsidiary Borrower and Subsidiary Borrowers: the Domestic Subsidiaries that have executed the signature pages hereto together with each Domestic Subsidiary that becomes a Borrower pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

Tangible Net Worth: the sum of capital surplus, earned surplus, Subordinated Debt and capital stock, minus deferred charges, intangibles, Affiliate Advances and treasury stock, all as determined in accordance with GAAP.

Termination Event: any one of the following:

- (a) a "Reportable Event" described in Section 4043 of ERISA and the regulations issued thereunder;
- (b) the withdrawal of any Loan Party or any ERISA Affiliate from a Pension Plan during a plan year in which it was a "substantial employer" as defined in Section 4001(a)(2) of ERISA or was deemed such under Section 4068(f) of ERISA; or
- (c) the termination of a Pension Plan, the filing of a notice of intent to terminate a Pension Plan or the treatment of a Pension Plan amendment as a termination under Section 4041 of ERISA;
  - (d) the institution of proceedings to terminate a Pension Plan by the PBGC;
- (e) any other event or condition which would constitute grounds under Section 4042(a) of ERISA for the termination of, or the appointment of a trustee to administer, any Pension Plan;
- (f) the partial or complete withdrawal of any Loan Party or any ERISA Affiliate from a Multiemployer Plan;
- (g) the imposition of a Lien pursuant to Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA;
- (h) any event or condition which results in the reorganization or insolvency of a Multiemployer Plan under Section 4241 or Section 4245 of ERISA, respectively; or
- (i) any event or condition which results in the termination of a Multiemployer Plan under Section 4041A of ERISA or the institution by the PBGC of proceedings to terminate a Multiemployer Plan under Section 4042 of ERISA.

Total Commitment: the aggregate obligation of the Banks to make Loans hereunder not exceeding Sixty Million and 00/100~(\$60,000,000.00) Dollars, as the same shall and/or may be increased or reduced pursuant to Sections 2.1, 2.2 and 2.8 hereof.

Total Funded Debt: at any date of determination, the aggregate funded Indebtedness (as determined in accordance with GAAP) and Capitalized Lease Obligations of Parent and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP, on such date.

Unused Commitment: as at any date, for each Bank, the difference, if any, between: (i) the amount of such Bank's Commitment as in effect on such date, and (ii) the then aggregate outstanding principal amount of all Loans made by such Bank.

Any accounting terms used in this Agreement that are not specifically defined herein shall have the meanings customarily given to them in accordance with GAAP as in effect on the date of this Agreement, except that references in Article 5 to such principles shall be deemed to refer to such principles as in effect on the date of the financial statements delivered pursuant thereto.

### ARTICLE 2

Commitments; Loans

Section 2.1 Loans.

Each Bank hereby severally agrees, on the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, to make loans (individually a "Loan" and, collectively, the "Loans") to the Borrowers during the Credit Period to and including the Commitment Termination Date in an aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding up to, but not exceeding, the Commitment of such Bank as then in effect. Subject to the terms of this Agreement, during the Credit Period the Borrowers may borrow, repay (provided that repayment of Fixed Rate Loans shall be subject to the provisions of Section 2.26 hereof) and reborrow up to the amount of the Total Commitment (after giving effect to the mandatory and voluntary reductions required and permitted herein) by means of ABR Loans or Fixed Rate Loans, and during such period and thereafter until the date of the payment in full of all of the Loans, the Borrowers may convert Loans of one type into Loans of another type (as provided in Section 2.21 hereof).

Section 2.2 Notices Relating to Loans.

A Borrower shall give the Agent written notice of each termination or reduction of the Commitments, each borrowing, conversion and prepayment of each Loan and of the duration of each Interest Period applicable to each Fixed Rate Loan (in each case, a "Borrowing Notice"). Each such written notice shall be irrevocable and shall be effective only if received by the Agent not later than 11 a.m., New Jersey time, on the date that is:

- (a) In the case of each notice of termination or reduction, three Business Days prior to the date of the related termination or reduction.
- (b) In the case of each notice of borrowing or prepayment of, or conversion into, ABR Loans, one Business Day prior to the date of the related termination, reduction, borrowing, prepayment or conversion;
- (c) In the case of each notice of borrowing or prepayment of, or conversion into, LIBOR Loans, or the duration of an Interest Period for LIBOR Loans, three LIBOR Business Days prior to the date of the related borrowing, prepayment, or conversion or the first day of such Interest Period; and
- (d) In the case of each notice of borrowing or prepayment of, or conversion into, COF Loans, or the duration of an Interest Period for COF Loans, one Business Day prior to the date of the related borrowing, prepayment, or conversion or the first day of such Interest Period.

Each such notice of termination or reduction shall specify the amount thereof. Each such notice of borrowing, conversion or prepayment shall specify the amount (subject to Section 2.1 hereof) and type of Loans to be borrowed, converted or prepaid (and, in the case of a conversion, the type of Loans to result from such conversion), the date of borrowing, conversion or prepayment (which shall be: (x) a Business Day in the case of each borrowing or prepayment of ABR Loans and COF Loans, and (y) a LIBOR Business Day in the case of each borrowing or prepayment of LIBOR Loans and each conversion of or into a LIBOR Loan). Each such notice of the duration of an Interest Period shall specify the Loans to which such Interest Period is to relate. The Agent shall notify the Banks of the content of each such Borrowing Notice promptly after its receipt thereof.

#### Section 2.3 Disbursement of Loan Proceeds.

The Borrowers shall give the Agent notice of each borrowing hereunder as provided in Section 2.2 hereof. Not later than 11:00 a.m., New Jersey time, on the date specified for each borrowing hereunder, each Bank shall transfer to the Agent, by wire transfer or otherwise, but in any event in immediately available funds, the amount of the Loan to be made by it on such date, and the Agent, upon its receipt thereof, shall disburse such sum to the Borrowers by depositing the amount thereof in an account of any Borrower maintained with the Agent.

### Section 2.4 Notes.

- (a) The Loans made by each Bank shall be evidenced by a single promissory note of the Borrowers, payable on a joint and several basis, in substantially the form of Exhibit A hereto (each, a "Note" and collectively, the "Notes"). Each Note shall be dated the date of the initial borrowing of the Loans under this Agreement, shall be payable to the order of such Bank in a principal amount equal to such Bank's Commitment as originally in effect, and shall otherwise be duly completed. The Notes shall be payable as provided in Sections 2.1 and 2.5 hereof.
- (b) Each Bank shall enter on a schedule attached to its Note a notation with respect to each Loan made hereunder of: (i) the date and principal amount thereof, (ii) each payment and prepayment of principal thereof, (iii) whether the interest rate is initially to be determined in accordance with subsection 2.6(a)(i) or 2.6(a)(ii) hereof, and (iv) the Interest Period, if applicable. The failure of any Bank to make a notation on the schedule to its Note as aforesaid shall not limit or otherwise affect the obligation of the Borrowers to repay the Loans in accordance with their respective terms as set forth herein.

### Section 2.5 Payment Applications.

(a) The Loans: (i) shall be repaid as and when necessary to cause the aggregate principal amount of the Loans outstanding not to exceed each Bank's Commitment, as reduced pursuant to subsection 2.8(a) hereof, and (ii) may be repaid at any time and from time to time, in whole or in part, without premium or penalty, upon prior written notice to the Agent as provided in Section 2.2 hereof, in integral multiples of \$500,000 and any amount so repaid may, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, including the borrowing limitation imposed by the Commitments, be reborrowed hereunder during the Credit Period; provided, however, that: (A) Fixed Rate Loans repaid prior to the last day of an Interest Period for such Loans shall be subject to the payment of any yield maintenance

fee required by Section 2.26 hereof, and (B) all repayments of Loans or any portion thereof shall be made together with payment of all interest accrued on the amount repaid through the date of such repayment.

- (b) Except as set forth in Sections 2.22, 2.23 and 2.25 hereof, all payments and repayments made pursuant to the terms hereof shall be applied first to ABR Loans, and shall be applied to Fixed Rate Loans only to the extent any such payment exceeds the principal amount of ABR Loans outstanding at the time of such payment.
- (c) The Borrower may request a Fixed Rate Loan only if same would not result in the Interest Period with respect to such Fixed Rate Loan extending beyond the Commitment Termination Date.

Section 2.6 Interest.

- (a) The Borrowers shall pay to the Agent for the account of each Bank interest on the unpaid principal amount of each Loan made by such Bank for the period commencing on the date of such Loan until such Loan shall be paid in full, at the following rates per annum:
- (i) During such periods that such Loan is a ABR Loan, the Alternate Base Rate plus the Applicable Margin; and
- (ii) During such periods that such Loan is a COF Loan or a LIBOR Loan, for each Interest Period relating thereto, the Fixed Rate for such Loan for such Interest Period plus the Applicable Margin for such Loan.
- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Borrowers shall pay interest on any Loan, and on any other amount payable by the Borrower hereunder (to the extent permitted by law) for the period commencing on the occurrence of such Event of Default until such Event of Default has been cured or waived as acknowledged in writing by the Agent at the applicable Post-Default Rate.
- (c) Except as provided in the next sentence, accrued interest on each Loan shall be payable: (i) in the case of an ABR Loan, monthly on the first day of each month commencing with the first such date occurring after the date of each such Loan, (ii) in the case of a Fixed Rate Loan, on the last day of each Interest Period for such Loan (and, if such Interest Period exceeds three months' duration in the case of LIBOR Loans or 90 days' duration in the case of COF Loans, quarterly, commencing on the first quarterly anniversary of the first day of such Interest Period in the case of LIBOR Loans and commencing 90 days after the first day of such Interest Period in the case of COF Loans), and (iii) in the case of any Loan, upon the payment or prepayment thereof or the conversion thereof into a Loan of another type (but only on the principal so paid, prepaid or converted). Interest that is payable at the Post-Default Rate shall be payable from time to time on demand of the Agent. Promptly after the establishment of any interest rate provided for herein or any change therein, the Agent will notify the Banks and a Borrower thereof; provided, however, the failure of the Agent to so notify a Borrower or the Banks shall not affect the obligations of the Borrowers hereunder or under any of the Notes in any respect.

# Section 2.7 Fees.

- (a) The Borrowers shall pay to the Agent for the account of each Bank a commitment fee (the "Commitment Fee") on the daily average amount of such Bank's Unused Commitment, for the period from the date hereof to and including the earlier of the date such Bank's Commitment is terminated or the Commitment Termination Date, in an amount equal to the total Unused Commitment for such Bank multiplied by (i) a rate per annum equal to 0.20% at any time the Leverage Ratio is less than or equal to 1.0 to 1.0 and (ii) a rate per annum equal to 0.25% at any time the Leverage Ratio is greater than 1.0 to 1.0. The accrued Commitment Fee shall be payable quarterly on the Quarterly Dates and on the earlier of the date the Commitments are terminated or the Commitment Termination Date, and, in the event the Borrowers reduce the Commitment as provided in subsection 2.8 hereof, on the effective date of such reduction. Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless and until the Agent has received the financial statements required by this Agreement for the four full fiscal quarters ending June 30, 2001, the Commitment Fee shall be in an amount equal to the total Unused Commitment for such Bank multiplied by a rate per annum equal to 0.25%.
- (b) The Borrowers shall pay to the Agent an agency fee (the "Agency Fee") for services rendered by the Agent in its capacity as Agent hereunder in the amount and in the manner provided in that certain letter agreement between Parent and the Agent dated November 16, 2000 (as such letter agreement may be amended, modified, replaced or supplemented from time to time).
- (c) The Commitment Fee and the Agency Fee are hereinafter sometimes referred to individually as a "Fee" and collectively as the "Fees".

- (a) The Borrowers shall be entitled to terminate or reduce the Commitments provided that Parent shall give notice of such termination or reduction to the Banks as provided in Section 2.2 hereof and that any partial reduction of the Commitments shall be in an aggregate amount equal to \$5,000,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000,000 for amounts in excess thereof. Any such termination or reduction shall be permanent and irrevocable. Any reduction of the Total Commitment pursuant to this subsection 2.8(a) (i) shall reduce permanently the amount of the Commitment then in effect, and (ii) shall be accompanied by prepayment of the Loans outstanding to the extent, if any, that the Loans then outstanding exceed the amount of the Total Commitment as then reduced, together with accrued interest on the amount so prepaid to and including the dates of each such prepayment and any amounts payable pursuant to Section 2.26 in connection therewith and the payment of any unpaid Commitment Fee then accrued hereunder. Any termination of the Total Commitment shall be accompanied by prepayment in full of the Loans outstanding and together with accrued interest thereon to and including the date of prepayment and any amounts payable pursuant to Section 2.26 in connection therewith and the payment of any unpaid Commitment Fee then accrued hereunder.
  - (b) Intentionally Omitted.
- (c) Provided that no Default or Event of Default exists or would exist immediately before and after giving effect thereto, the Borrowers may at any time and from time to time, at its sole cost and expense, request any one or more of the Banks to increase its Commitment (such decision to increase the Commitment of a Bank to be within the sole and absolute discretion of such Bank), or request any other institution reasonably satisfactory to the Agent to provide a new Commitment, by submitting an Increase Supplement, duly executed by each Borrower and each such increasing Bank or other institution agreeing to increase its Commitment or provide a new Commitment, as the case may be. such Increase Supplement is in all respects reasonably satisfactory to the Agent, the Agent shall execute such Increase Supplement and deliver a copy thereof to a Borrower and each such increasing Bank or other institution, as the case may be. Upon execution and delivery of such Increase Supplement, (i) in the case of each such increasing Bank, such increasing Bank's Commitment shall be increased to the amount set forth opposite such Bank's name on the signature pages to such Increase Supplement, (ii) in the case of each such other institution, such other institution shall become a party hereto and shall for all purposes of the Loan Documents be deemed a "Bank" with a Commitment in the amount set forth in such Increase Supplement, (iii) in each case, the Commitment of such increasing Bank or such other institution, as the case may be, shall be as set forth in the applicable Increase Supplement, and (iv) the Borrowers shall contemporaneously therewith execute and deliver to the Agent (x) for each Bank providing an increased Commitment, a new Note in the amount of such increased Commitment in exchange for the return and cancellation of each such Bank's existing Note and (y) for each such other institution providing a new Commitment, a Note in the amount of its Commitment; provided, however, that:
- (i) immediately after giving effect thereto, the Total Commitment shall not be in excess of \$75,000,000.00;
- (ii) unless otherwise agreed to by the Agent, each such increase shall be in an amount not less than \$5,000,000.00 or an integral multiple of \$1,000,000.00 in excess thereof;
- (iii) from the date hereof through the Commitment Termination Date, the Commitment shall not be increased on more than three occasions;
- (iv) if Loans shall be outstanding immediately after giving effect to such increase, each Bank shall be deemed to have automatically assigned or assumed from each other Bank such rights, and shall have been deemed to have automatically assigned to or assumed from or delegated to such other Bank such obligations, in each case without recourse, representation or warranty, as shall cause the outstanding principal balance of its Loans to be an amount equal to its Percentage of the aggregate amount of all outstanding Loans (as used herein, a Bank's "Percentage" shall be determined by dividing the Commitment of such Bank, by the Total Commitment; provided, that, in each case (x) the Total Commitment shall be the increased Total Commitment after taking into account the increased Commitment, or new Commitment, as the case may be and (y) the term "Banks" shall include all then existing Banks and any and all such "other institutions" that shall become Banks (as more fully described above)). Each such Bank shall make such payments to, and as directed by, the Agent and the Agent shall make such payments to the Banks in order to cause the outstanding principal balance of the Loans by each Bank to be an amount equal to its Percentage of the aggregate amount of all outstanding Loans after giving effect to the Commitment increase. Each Borrower hereby agrees that (x) any amount that a Bank so pays to another Bank pursuant to this Section 2.8(c) shall be entitled to all rights of a Bank under this Agreement and such payments to Banks shall constitute Loans held by each such payor Bank under this Agreement, (y) that

each such payor Bank may, to the fullest extent permitted by law, exercise all of its right of payment (including the right of set-off) with respect to such amounts as fully as if such payor Bank had initially advanced the Borrowers the amount of such payments and (z) each Bank receiving payment of its Loans pursuant to this Section may treat the assignment of Fixed Rate Loans as a prepayment of such Fixed Rate Loans for purposes of Section 2.26 hereof;

- (v) each such other institution shall have delivered to the Agent and a Borrower all forms, if any, that are required to be delivered by such other institution pursuant to this Agreement; and
- (vi) within five Business Days after the Agent executes and delivers each Increase Supplement in accordance with the terms hereof, it shall cause the assignments and assumptions of Loans contemplated by Section 2.8(c)(iv) to be effected and shall distribute a copy of such Increase Supplement to each Bank and upon consummation of the assignments and assumptions of Loans contemplated by Section 2.8(c)(iv), the Total Commitment as increased pursuant to the provisions of this Section shall be deemed the Total Commitment for purposes of this Agreement and each existing Bank increasing its Commitment and any and all such "other institutions" that becoming Banks shall be deemed to have a Commitment in the amount set forth opposite such Bank's name on the signature pages to the Increase Supplement executed by such Bank.

In connection with any increase to the Total Commitment pursuant to this Section, each Borrower, the Agent and each of the Banks hereby consents to the addition of each "other institution" as a new Bank as a Bank under this Agreement with a Commitment in the amount set forth opposite such Bank's name on the signature pages to the Increase Supplement executed by such Bank.

Section 2.9 Use of Proceeds of Loans.

The proceeds of the Loans hereunder may be used by the Borrowers to refinance existing Indebtedness owing to First Union National Bank and Mellon Bank, N.A. and to provide availability for general corporate purposes, including working capital, capital expenditures, Permitted Acquisitions and permitted stock repurchases.

Section 2.10 Computations.

Interest on all Loans and each Fee shall be computed on the basis of a year of 360 days and actual days elapsed (including the first day but excluding the last) occurring in the period for which payable.

Section 2.11 Minimum Amounts of Borrowings, Conversions, Prepayments and Interest Periods.

Except for borrowings, conversions and prepayments that exhaust the full remaining amount of the Commitments (in the case of borrowings) or result in the conversion or prepayment of all Loans of a particular type (in the case of conversions or prepayments) or conversions made pursuant to Section 2.21, subsection 2.22(b) or Section 2.24 hereof, each borrowing from each Bank, each conversion of Loans of one type into Loans of another type and each prepayment of principal of Loans hereunder shall be in an amount at least equal to \$100,000 in the case of ABR Loans or an integral multiple thereof and \$500,000 in the case of Fixed Rate Loans or an integral multiple of \$100,000 for amounts in excess thereof (borrowings, conversions and prepayments of different types of Loans at the same time hereunder to be deemed separate borrowings, conversions and prepayments for purposes of the foregoing, one for each type).

Section 2.12 Time and Method of Payments.

All payments of principal, interest, Fees and other amounts (including indemnities) payable by the Borrowers hereunder shall be made in Dollars, in immediately available funds, to the Agent at the Principal Office not later than 11:00 a.m., New Jersey time, on the date on which such payment shall become due (and the Agent or any Bank for whose account any such payment is to be made may, but shall not be obligated to, debit the amount of any such payment that is not made by such time to any ordinary deposit account of any Borrower with the Agen or such Bank, as the case may be). Additional provisions relating to payments are set forth in Section 10.3 hereof. Each payment received by the Agent hereunder for the account of a Bank shall be paid promptly to such Bank, in like funds, for the account of such Bank's Applicable Lending Office for the Loan in respect of which such payment is made.

Section 2.13 Lending Offices.

The Loans of each type made by each Bank shall be made and maintained at such Bank's Applicable Lending Office for Loans of such type.

Section 2.14 Several Obligations.

The failure of any Bank to make any Loan to be made by it on the date specified therefor shall not relieve the other Banks of their respective obligations to make their Loans on such date, but no Bank shall be responsible for the failure of the other Banks to make Loans to be made by such other Banks.

Section 2.15 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 2.16 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 2.17 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 2.18 Pro Rata Treatment Among Banks.

Except as otherwise provided herein: (i) each borrowing from the Banks under Section 2.1 hereof will be made from the Banks and each payment of each Fee (other than the Agency Fee) shall be made for the account of the Banks pro rata according to their respective Unused Commitments; (ii) each partial reduction of the Total Commitment shall be applied to the Commitments of the Banks pro rata according to each Bank's respective Commitment; (iii) each conversion of Loans of a particular type under Section 2.21 hereof (other than conversions provided for by Section 2.24 or 2.25 hereof) will be made pro rata among the Banks holding Loans of such type according to the respective principal amounts of such Loans held by such Banks; (iv) each payment and prepayment of principal of or interest on Loans of a particular type will be made to the Agent for the account of the Banks holding Loans of such type pro rata in accordance with the respective unpaid principal amounts of such Loans held by such Banks; and (v) Interest Periods for Loans of a particular type shall be allocated among the Banks holding Loans of such type pro rata according to the respective principal amounts of such Loans held by such Banks.

Section 2.19 Non-Receipt of Funds by the Agent.

Unless the Agent shall have been notified by a Bank or a Borrower (the "Payor") prior to the date on which such Bank is to make payment to the Agent of the proceeds of a Loan to be made by it hereunder or the Borrowers are to make a payment to the Agent for the account of one or more of the Banks, as the case may be (such payment being herein called the "Required Payment"), which notice shall be effective upon receipt, that the Payor does not intend to make the Required Payment to the Agent, the Agent may assume that the Required Payment has been made and may, in reliance upon such assumption (but shall not be required to), make the amount thereof available to the intended recipient on such date and, if the Payor has not in fact made the Required Payment to the Agent, the recipient of such payment shall, on demand, repay to the Agent the amount made available to it together with interest thereon in respect of each day during the period commencing on the date such amount was so made available by the Agent until the date the Agent recovers such amount at a rate per annum equal to the Federal Funds Rate for such day (when the recipient is a Bank) or equal to the rate of interest applicable to such Loan (when the recipient is a Borrower).

Section 2.20 Sharing of Payments and Set-Off Among Banks.

If a Bank shall effect payment of any principal of or interest on Loans held by it under this Agreement through the exercise of any right of set-off (including without limitation pursuant to Section 10.5 hereof), banker's lien, counterclaim or similar right, it shall promptly purchase from the other Banks participations in the Loans held by the other Banks in such amounts, and make such other adjustments from time to time as shall be equitable, to the end that all the Banks shall share the benefit of such payment pro rata in accordance with the unpaid principal and interest on the Loans held by each of them. To such end all the Banks shall make appropriate adjustments among themselves (by the resale of participations sold or otherwise) if such payment is rescinded or must otherwise be restored. Each Borrower agrees that any Bank so purchasing a participation in the Loans held by the other Banks may exercise all rights of set-off, banker's lien, counterclaim or similar rights with respect to such participation as fully as if such Bank were a direct holder of Loans in the amount of such participation. Nothing contained herein shall require any Bank to exercise any such right or shall affect the right of any Bank to exercise and retain the benefits of exercising, any such right with respect to any other indebtedness or obligation of the Borrowers.

Section 2.21 Conversions of Loans.

The Borrowers shall have the right to convert Loans of one type into Loans of another type from time to time, provided that: (i) a Borrower shall give the Agent notice of each such conversion as provided in Section 2.2 hereof; (ii) Fixed Rate Loans may be converted only on the last day of an Interest Period for such Loans; and (iii) except as required by Sections 2.22 or 2.25 hereof, no ABR Loan may be converted into a Fixed Rate Loan if on the proposed date of conversion a Default or an Event of Default exists. The Agent shall use its best efforts to notify a Borrower of the effectiveness of such conversion, and

the new interest rate to which the converted Loans are subject, as soon as practicable after the conversion; provided, however, that any failure to give such notice shall not affect the Borrowers' obligations, or the Agent's or the Banks' rights and remedies, hereunder in any way whatsoever.

Section 2.22 Additional Costs; Capital Requirements.

- (a) In the event that any existing or future law or regulation, guideline or interpretation thereof, by any court or administrative or governmental authority (foreign or domestic) charged with the administration thereof, or compliance by any Bank with any request or directive (whether or not having the force of law) of any such authority shall impose, modify or deem applicable or result in the application of, any capital maintenance, capital ratio or similar requirement against loan commitments made by any Bank hereunder, and the result of any event referred to above is to impose upon any Bank or increase any capital requirement applicable as a result of the making or maintenance of, such Bank's Commitment or the obligation of the Borrowers hereunder with respect to such Commitment (which imposition of capital requirements may be determined by each Bank's reasonable allocation of the aggregate of such capital increases or impositions), then, upon demand made by such Bank as promptly as practicable after it obtains knowledge that such law, regulation, guideline, interpretation, request or directive exists and determines to make such demand, the Borrowers shall immediately pay to such Bank from time to time as specified by such Bank additional amounts which shall be sufficient to compensate such Bank for such imposition of or increase in capital requirements together with interest on each such amount at a rate per annum during the period (x) commencing on the date demanded until ten days thereafter equal to the Alternate Base Rate as in effect from time to time plus the Applicable Margin for ABR Loans and (y) commencing on the date that is ten days after the date demanded until payment in full thereof at the Post-Default Rate. A certificate setting forth in reasonable detail the amount necessary to compensate such Bank as a result of an imposition of or increase in capital requirements submitted by such Bank to a Borrower shall be conclusive, absent manifest error, as to the amount thereof. For purposes of this Section 2.22, all references to any "Bank" shall be deemed to include any participant in such Bank's Commitment.
- (b) In the event that any Regulatory Change shall: (i) change the basis of taxation of any amounts payable to any Bank under this Agreement or the Notes in respect of any Loans including, without limitation, Fixed Rate Loans (other than taxes imposed on the overall net income of such Bank for any such Loans by the United States of America or the jurisdiction in which such Bank has its principal office); or (ii) impose or modify any reserve, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation premium or assessment, special deposit or similar requirements relating to any extensions of credit or other assets of, or any deposits with or other liabilities of, such Bank (including any of such Loans or any deposits referred to in the definition of "Fixed Base Rate" in Article 1 hereof); or (iii) impose any other conditions affecting this Agreement in respect of Loans, including, without limitation, Fixed Rate Loans (or any of such extensions of credit, assets, deposits or liabilities); and the result of any event referred to in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) above shall be to increase such Bank's costs of making or maintaining any Loans, including, without limitation, Fixed Rate Loans, or its Commitment, or to reduce any amount receivable by such Bank hereunder in respect of any of its Fixed Rate Loans, or its Commitment (such increases in costs and reductions in amounts receivable are hereinafter referred to as "Additional Costs") in each case, only to the extent that such Additional Costs are not included in the Fixed Base Rate applicable to such Fixed Rate Loans, then, upon demand made by such Bank as promptly as practicable after it obtains knowledge that such a Regulatory Change exists and determines to make such demand (a copy of which demand shall be delivered to the Agent), the Borrowers shall pay to such Bank from time to time as specified by such Bank, additional amounts which shall be sufficient to compensate such Bank for such increased cost or reduction in amounts receivable by such Bank from the date of such change, together with interest on each such amount at a rate per annum during the period (x) commencing on the date demanded until ten days thereafter equal to the Alternate Base Rate as in effect from time to time plus the Applicable Margin for ABR Loans and (y) commencing on the date that is ten days after the date demanded until payment in full thereof at the Post-Default Rate. All references to any "Bank" shall be deemed to include any participant in such Bank's Commitment.
- (c) Without limiting the effect of the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.22, in the event that, by reason of any Regulatory Change, any Bank either: (i) incurs Additional Costs based on or measured by the excess above a specified level of the amount of a category of deposits or other liabilities of such Bank which includes deposits by reference to which the interest rate on Fixed Rate Loans is determined as provided in this Agreement or a category of extensions of credit or other assets of such Bank which includes Fixed Rate Loans, or (ii) becomes subject to restrictions on the amount of such a category of liabilities or assets that it may hold, then, if such Bank so elects by notice to a Borrower (with a copy to the Agent), the obligation of such Bank to make, and to convert Loans of any other type into, Loans of such type hereunder shall be suspended

until the date such Regulatory Change ceases to be in effect (and all Loans of such type then outstanding shall be converted into ABR Loans or into Fixed Rate Loans of another duration, as the case may be, in accordance with Sections 2.21 and 2.25 hereof).

(d) Determinations by any Bank for purposes of this Section 2.22 of the effect of any Regulatory Change on its costs of making or maintaining Loans or on amounts receivable by it in respect of Loans, and of the additional amounts required to compensate such Bank in respect of any Additional Costs, shall be set forth in writing in reasonable detail and shall be conclusive, absent manifest error.

Section 2.23 Limitation on Types of Loans.

Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, if, on or prior to the determination of an interest rate for any LIBOR Loans for any Interest Period therefor, the Required Banks reasonably determine (which determination shall be conclusive):

- (a) by reason of any event affecting the money markets in the United States of America or the London interbank market, quotations of interest rates for the relevant deposits are not being provided in the relevant amounts or for the relevant maturities for purposes of determining the rate of interest for such Loans under this Agreement; or
- (b) the rates of interest referred to in the definition of "Fixed Base Rate" in Article 1 hereof upon the basis of which the rate of interest on any LIBOR Loans for such period is determined, do not accurately reflect the cost to the Banks of making or maintaining such Loans for such period, then the Agent shall give a Borrower and each Bank prompt notice thereof (and shall thereafter give a Borrower and each Bank prompt notice of the cessation, if any, of such condition), and so long as such condition remains in effect, the Banks shall be under no obligation to make LIBOR Loans or to convert any ABR Loans or COF Loans into LIBOR Loans and the Borrowers shall, on the last day(s) of the then current Interest Period(s) for the outstanding LIBOR Loans affected, either prepay such LIBOR Loans in accordance with Section 2.11 hereof or convert such LIBOR Loans into ABR Loans or COF Loans in accordance with Section 2.21 hereof.

Section 2.24 Illegality.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, in the event that it becomes unlawful for any Bank or its Applicable Lending Office to: (i) honor its obligation to make LIBOR Loans hereunder, or (ii) maintain LIBOR Loans hereunder, then such Bank shall promptly notify a Borrower thereof (with a copy to the Agent), describing such illegality in reasonable detail (and shall thereafter promptly notify a Borrower and the Agent of the cessation, if any, of such illegality), and such Bank's obligation to make LIBOR Loans and to convert other types of Loans into LIBOR Loans hereunder shall, upon written notice given by such Bank to a Borrower, be suspended until such time as such Bank may again make and maintain LIBOR Loans and such Bank's outstanding LIBOR Loans shall be converted into ABR Loans or COF Loans in accordance with Sections 2.21 and 2.25 hereof.

Section 2.25 Certain Conversions pursuant to Sections 2.22 and 2.24.

If the Loans of any Bank of a particular type (Loans of such type are hereinafter referred to as "Affected Loans" and such type is hereinafter referred to as the "Affected Type") are to be converted pursuant to Section 2.22 or 2.24 hereof, such Bank's Affected Loans shall be converted into ABR Loans, or Fixed Rate Loans of another type, as the case may be (the "New Type Loans") on the last day(s) of the then current Interest Period(s) for the Affected Loans (or, in the case of a conversion required by subsection 2.22(b) or Section 2.24 hereof, on such earlier date as such Bank may specify to a Borrower with a copy to the Agent) and, until such Bank gives notice as provided below that the circumstances specified in Section 2.22 or 2.24 hereof that gave rise to such conversion no longer exist:

- (a) to the extent that such Bank's Affected Loans have been so converted, all payments and prepayments of principal that would otherwise be applied to such Affected Loans shall be applied instead to its New Type Loans;
- (b) all Loans that would otherwise be made by such Bank as Loans of the Affected Type shall be made instead as New Type Loans and all Loans of such Bank that would otherwise be converted into Loans of the Affected Type shall be converted instead into (or shall remain as) New Type Loans; and
- (c) if Loans of any of the Banks other than such Bank that are the same type as the Affected Type are subsequently converted into Loans of another type (which type is other than New Type Loans), then such Bank's New Type Loans shall be automatically converted on the conversion date into Loans of such other type to

the extent necessary so that, after giving effect thereto, all Loans held by such Bank and the Banks whose Loans are so converted are held pro rata (as to principal amounts, types and, to the extent applicable, Interest Periods) in accordance with their respective Commitments.

Section 2.26 Yield Maintenance.

The Borrowers shall pay to the Agent for the account of each Bank, upon the request of such Bank through the Agent, such amount or amounts as shall be sufficient (in the reasonable opinion of such Bank) to compensate it for any loss, cost, or expense incurred as a result of: (i) any payment of a Fixed Rate Loan on a date other than the last day of the Interest Period for such Loan; (ii) any failure by a Borrower to borrow a Fixed Rate Loan on the date specified by a Borrower's written notice; or (iii) any failure of a Borrower to pay a Fixed Rate Loan on the date for payment specified in a Borrower's written notice. Without limiting the foregoing, the Borrowers shall pay to the Agent for the account of each such Bank, a "yield maintenance fee" in an amount computed as follows: The current rate for United States Treasury securities (bills on a discounted basis shall be converted to a bond equivalent) with a maturity date closest to the term chosen pursuant to the Fixed Rate Election as to which the prepayment is made, shall be subtracted from the Fixed Rate in effect at the time of prepayment. If the result is zero or a negative number, there shall be no yield maintenance fee. If the result is a positive number, then the resulting percentage shall be multiplied by the amount of the principal balance being prepaid. The resulting amount shall be divided by 360 and multiplied by the number of days remaining in the term chosen pursuant to the Fixed Rate Election as to which the prepayment is made. Said amount shall be reduced to present value calculated by using the above referenced United States Treasury securities rate and the number of days remaining in the term chosen pursuant to the Fixed Rate Election as to which prepayment is made. The resulting amount shall be the yield maintenance fee due to each such Bank upon the payment of a Fixed Rate Loan. Each reference in this paragraph to "Fixed Rate Election" shall mean the election by a Borrower of a Loan to bear interest based on the Fixed Rate. If by reason of an Event of Default, the Agent and/or the Banks elect to declare the Loans and/or the Notes to be immediately due and payable, then any yield maintenance fee with respect to a Fixed Rate Loan shall become due and payable in the same manner as though the Borrowers have exercised such right of prepayment.

### ARTICLE 3

### Representations and Warranties

Each Borrower hereby represents and warrants to the Banks and the Agent that:

Section 3.1 Organization.

- (a) Each Borrower and each other Loan Party is duly organized and validly existing under the laws of its state of organization and has the power to own its assets and to transact the business in which it is presently engaged and in which it proposes to be engaged. Schedule 3.1 hereto accurately and completely lists, as to each Borrower and each Subsidiary and each other Loan Party: the state of incorporation or organization of each such entity, and the type of legal entity that each of them is, (ii) as to each of them that is a corporation, the classes and number of authorized and outstanding shares of capital stock of each such corporation, and the owners of such outstanding shares of capital stock, (iii) as to each of them that is a legal entity other than a corporation (but not a natural person), the type and amount of equity interests authorized and outstanding of each such entity, and the owners of such equity interests, and (iv) the business in which each of such entities is All of the foregoing shares or other equity interests that are issued and outstanding have been duly and validly issued and are fully paid and nonassessable, and are owned by the Borrowers referred to on Schedule 3.1, free and clear of any Lien except as otherwise provided for herein. Except as set forth on Schedule 3.1, there are no outstanding warrants, options, contracts or commitments of any kind entitling any Person to purchase or otherwise acquire any shares of Capital Stock or other equity interests of any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any other Loan Party nor are there outstanding any securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for any shares of capital stock or other equity interests of any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any other Loan Party. Except as set forth on Schedule 3.1, neither any Borrower nor any Subsidiary nor any other Loan Party has any Subsidiary. Each Subsidiary Borrower is a wholly owned Subsidiary of J&J Snack Foods Investment Corp. and J&J Snack Foods Investment Corp. is a wholly owned Subsidiary of Parent. Schedule 3.1 hereto accurately and completely lists each of the Primary Subsidiary Borrowers, which are those Subsidiary Borrowers that together with Parent accounted for not less than 90% of Parent's consolidated net income (as determined in accordance with GAAP) for Parent's fiscal year ending September 30, 2000.
  - (b) Each Borrower and each other Loan Party is in good standing in its state of

organization and in each state in which it is qualified to do business. There are no jurisdictions other than as set forth on Schedule 3.1 hereto in which the character of the properties owned or proposed to be owned by any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any other Loan Party or in which the transaction of the business of any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any other Loan Party as now conducted or as proposed to be conducted requires or will require any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any other Loan Party to qualify to do business and as to which failure so to qualify could have a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) With respect to each Foreign Subsidiary, (i) each office maintained by each such Foreign Subsidiary is a Non-Material Office, (ii) such Foreign Subsidiaries do not own real and/or personal property that has a fair market value in excess of \$750,000 with respect to all such property owned by such Foreign Subsidiaries in the aggregate and (iii) such Foreign Subsidiaries do not in the aggregate account for more than 5% of Parent's consolidated net income (as determined in accordance with GAAP) for Parent's fiscal year ending September 30, 2000.

Section 3.2 Power, Authority, Consents.

Each Borrower and each other Loan Party has the power to execute, deliver and perform the Loan Documents to be executed by it. Each Borrower has the power to borrow hereunder and has taken all necessary corporate action to authorize the borrowing hereunder on the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Each Borrower and each other Loan Party has taken all necessary action, corporate or otherwise, to authorize the execution, delivery and performance of the Loan Documents to be executed by it. No consent or approval of any Person (including, without limitation, any stockholder of any corporate Loan Party or any partner in any partnership Loan Party), no consent or approval of any landlord or mortgagee, no waiver of any Lien or right of distraint or other similar right and no consent, license, certificate of need, approval, authorization or declaration of any governmental authority, bureau or agency, is or will be required in connection with the execution, delivery or performance by any Borrower or any other Loan Party, or the validity, enforcement or priority, of the Loan Documents, except as set forth on Schedule 3.2 hereto, each of which either has been duly and validly obtained on or prior to the date hereof and is now in full force and effect, or is designated on Schedule 3.2 as waived by the Required Banks.

Section 3.3 No Violation of Law or Agreements.

The execution and delivery by each Borrower and each other Loan Party of each Loan Document to which it is a party and performance by it hereunder and thereunder, will not violate any provision of law and will not, except as set forth on Schedule 3.2 hereto, conflict with or result in a breach of any order, writ, injunction, ordinance, resolution, decree, or other similar document or instrument of any court or governmental authority, bureau or agency, domestic or foreign, or any certificate of incorporation or by-laws of any Borrower or any other corporate Loan Party or partnership agreement or other organizational document or instrument of any Loan Party that is not a corporation, or create (with or without the giving of notice or lapse of time, or both) a default under or breach of any agreement, bond, note or indenture to which any Borrower or any other Loan Party is a party, or by which any of them is bound or any of their respective properties or assets is affected, or result in the imposition of any Lien of any nature whatsoever upon any of the properties or assets owned by or used in connection with the business of any Borrower or any other Loan Party.

Section 3.4 Due Execution, Validity, Enforceability.

This Agreement and each other Loan Document to which any Loan Party is a party has been duly executed and delivered by the Loan Party that is a party thereto and each constitutes the valid and legally binding obligation of such Borrower or such other Loan Party that is a party thereto, enforceable in accordance with its terms, except as such enforcement may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws, now or hereafter in effect, relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and except that the remedy of specific performance and other equitable remedies are subject to judicial discretion.

Section 3.5 Properties.

All of the properties and assets owned by each Borrower and each Subsidiary and each other Loan Party are owned by each of them, respectively, free and clear of any Lien of any nature whatsoever, except as permitted by Section 7.2 hereof.

Section 3.6 Judgments, Actions, Proceedings.

Except as set forth on Schedule 3.6 hereto, there are no outstanding judgments, actions or proceedings, including, without limitation, any Environmental Proceeding, pending before any court or governmental authority, bureau or agency, with respect to or, to the best of each Borrower's knowledge, threatened against or affecting any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any other Loan Party,

involving, in the case of any court proceeding, a claim in excess of \$250,000, nor, to the best of each Borrower's knowledge, is there any reasonable basis for the institution of any such action or proceeding that is probable of assertion, nor are there any such actions or proceedings in which any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any other Loan Party is a plaintiff or complainant.

Section 3.7 No Defaults, Compliance With Laws.

Except as set forth on Schedule 3.7 hereto, no Borrower nor any Subsidiary nor any other Loan Party is in default under any agreement, ordinance, resolution, decree, bond, note, indenture, order or judgment to which it is a party or by which it is bound, or any other agreement or other instrument by which any of the properties or assets owned by it or used in the conduct of its business is affected, which default could have a Material Adverse Effect. Each Borrower and each Subsidiary has complied and is in compliance in all respects with all applicable laws, ordinances and regulations, resolutions, ordinances, decrees and other similar documents and instruments of all courts and governmental authorities, bureaus and agencies, domestic and foreign, including, without limitation, all applicable provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12101-12213) and the regulations issued thereunder and all applicable Environmental Laws and Regulations, non-compliance with which could have a Material Adverse Effect.

### Section 3.8 Burdensome Documents.

Except as set forth on Schedule 3.8 hereto, no Borrower nor any of the other Loan Parties is a party to or bound by, nor are any of the properties or assets owned by any Borrower or any other Loan Party used in the conduct of their respective businesses affected by, any agreement, ordinance, resolution, decree, bond, note, indenture, order or judgment, including, without limitation, any of the foregoing relating to any Environmental Liability, that materially and adversely affects their respective businesses, assets or conditions, financial or otherwise.

Section 3.9 Financial Statements; Projections.

- (a) Each of the Financial Statements is correct and complete and presents fairly the consolidated financial position of Parent and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, and each other entity to which it relates, as at its date, and has been prepared in accordance with GAAP. No Borrower nor any of the Subsidiaries, nor any other entity to which any of the Financial Statements relates, has any material obligation, liability or commitment, direct or contingent (including, without limitation, any Environmental Liability), that is not reflected in the Financial Statements and if it were reflected in the Financial Statements would result in a Material Adverse Effect. There has been no change in the financial position or operations of Parent or any of its Subsidiaries or any other entity to which any of the Financial Statements relates since the date of the latest balance sheet included in the Financial Statements (the "Latest Balance Sheet") that has resulted or may result in a Material Adverse Effect. Parent's fiscal year is the twelve-month period ending on September 30th in each year.
- (b) The Projections have been prepared on the basis of the assumptions accompanying them and reflect as of the date thereof Parent's good faith projections, after reasonable analysis, of the matters set forth therein, based on such assumptions.

Section 3.10 Tax Returns.

Each Borrower and each Subsidiary has filed all federal, state and local tax returns required to be filed by it and has not failed to pay any taxes, or interest and penalties relating thereto, on or before the due dates thereof. Except to the extent that reserves therefor are reflected in the Financial Statements: (i) there are no material federal, state or local tax liabilities of Parent or any Subsidiary due or to become due for any tax year ended on or prior to the date of the Latest Balance Sheet relating to such entity, whether incurred in respect of or measured by the income of such entity, that are not properly reflected in the Latest Balance Sheet relating to such entity, and (ii) there are no material claims pending or, to the knowledge of any Borrower, proposed or threatened against any Borrower or any Subsidiary for past federal, state or local taxes, except those, if any, as to which proper reserves are reflected in the Financial Statements.

Section 3.11 Intangible Assets.

Each Borrower possesses all patents, trademarks, service marks, trade names, and copyrights, and rights with respect to the foregoing, necessary to conduct its business as now conducted and as proposed to be conducted, without any conflict with the patents, trademarks, service marks, trade names, and copyrights and rights with respect to the foregoing, of any other Person, and each of such patents, trademarks, service marks, trade names, copyrights and rights with respect thereto, together with any pending applications therefor, are listed on

Schedule 3.11 hereto.

Section 3.12 Regulation U.

No part of the proceeds received by any Borrower or any Subsidiary from the Loans will be used directly or indirectly for: (a) any purpose other than as set forth in Section 2.9 hereof, or (b) the purpose of purchasing or carrying, or for payment in full or in part of Indebtedness that was incurred for the purposes of purchasing or carrying, any "margin stock", as such term is defined in 221.3 of Regulation U of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 12 C.F.R., Chapter II, Part 221.

Section 3.13 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 3.14 Full Disclosure.

None of the Financial Statements, the Projections, nor any certificate, opinion, or any other statement made or furnished in writing to the Agent or any Bank by or on behalf of any Borrower or any of the Subsidiaries or any other Loan Party in connection with this Agreement or the transactions contemplated herein, contains any untrue statement of a material fact, or omits to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements contained therein or herein not misleading, as of the date such statement was made. There is no fact known to any Borrower that has, or would in the now foreseeable future have, a Material Adverse Effect, which fact has not been set forth herein, in the Financial Statements, the Projections, or any certificate, opinion or other written statement so made or furnished to the Agent or the Banks.

Section 3.15 Licenses and Approvals.

Each Borrower and each of the Subsidiaries has all necessary licenses, permits and governmental authorizations, including, without limitation, licenses, permits and authorizations arising under or relating to Environmental Laws and Regulations, to own and operate its properties and to carry on its business as now conducted.

Section 3.16 Labor Disputes; Collective Bargaining Agreements; Employee Grievances.

Except as set forth on Schedule 3.16 hereto: (a) there are no collective bargaining agreements or other labor contracts covering any Borrower or any Subsidiary; (b) no such collective bargaining agreement or other labor contract will expire during the term of this Agreement; (c) no union or other labor organization is seeking to organize, or to be recognized as bargaining representative for, a bargaining unit of employees of any Borrower or any Subsidiary; (d) there is no pending or threatened strike, work stoppage, material unfair labor practice claim or charge, arbitration or other material labor dispute against or affecting any Borrower or any Subsidiary or their representative employees; (e) there has not been, during the five (5) year period prior to the date hereof, a strike, work stoppage, material unfair labor practice claim or charge, arbitration or other material labor dispute against or affecting any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any of their representative employees, and (f) there are no actions, suits, charges, demands, claims, counterclaims or proceedings pending or, to the best of each Borrower's knowledge, threatened against any Borrower or any of the Subsidiaries, by or on behalf of, or with, its employees, other than employee grievances arising in the ordinary course of business that are not, in the aggregate, material.

Section 3.17 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 3.18 ERISA.

Except as disclosed on Schedule 3.18 hereto, no Employee Benefit Plan, including without limitation, any Multiemployer Plan, exists or has ever existed and neither any Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate is a participating employer in any Employee Benefit Plan in which more than one employer makes contributions as described in Sections 4063 and 4064 of ERISA. Except as disclosed on Schedule 3.18, no Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate has any contingent liability with respect to any post-retirement benefit under any Employee Welfare Benefit Plan which is a welfare plan (as defined in Section 3(1) of ERISA), other than liability for health plan continuation coverage described in Part 6 of Title I of ERISA, which together with any disclosed liability on Schedule 3.18, would not result in liability to any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate. The Borrowers have given to the Agent true and complete copies of all the following: (i) each Employee Benefit Plan and related trust agreement (including all amendments and commitments with respect to such Employee Benefit Plan or trust) which any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate maintains or is committed to contribute to as of the date hereof and the most recent summary plan description, actuarial report, determination letter issued by the IRS and Form 5500 filed in respect of each such Employee Benefit Plan; and (ii) a listing of all of the Multiemployer Plans to which any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate contributes or is committed to

contribute and the aggregate amount of the most recent annual contributions required to be made to each such Multiemployer Plan, together with any information which has been provided to any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate regarding withdrawal liability under any Multiemployer Plan and the collective bargaining agreement pursuant to which such contribution is required to be made.

- Each Employee Benefit Plan complies, in both form and operation in all material respects, with its terms, ERISA and the Code including, without limitation, Code Section 4980B, and no condition exists or event has occurred with respect to any such plan which would result in the incurrence by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate of any material liability, fine or penalty. No Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate has incurred any liability to the PBGC which remains outstanding other than the payment of premiums, and there are no premiums which have become due which are unpaid. No Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate has engaged in any transaction which could subject it to liability under Section 4069 or Section 4212(c) of ERISA. Each Employee Benefit Plan, related trust agreement, arrangement and commitment of each Loan Party and ERISA Affiliate is legally valid and binding in full force and effect. Each Employee Benefit Plan that is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code has been determined by the IRS to be so qualified, and each trust related to such plan has been determined to be exempt under Section 501(a) of the Code. the knowledge of any Loan Party, nothing has occurred or is expected to occur that would adversely affect the qualified status of the Employee Benefit Plan or any related trust subsequent to the issuance of such determination letter. No Employee Benefit Plan is being audited or investigated by any government agency or subject to any pending or threatened claim or suit.
- Each Pension Plan currently meets and always has met the minimum funding standard of Section 302 of ERISA and Section 412 of the Code (without regard to any funding waiver). All contributions or payments due and owing as required by Section 302 of ERISA, Section 412 of the Code or the terms of any Pension Plan have been made by the due date for such contributions or payments. With respect to each Multiemployer Plan, each Loan Party and each ERISA Affiliate has paid or accrued all contributions pursuant to the terms of the applicable collective bargaining agreement required to be paid or accrued by it. With respect to each Pension Plan, the market value of assets (exclusive of any contribution due to the Pension Plan) equals or exceeds the present value of benefit liabilities as of the latest actuarial valuation date for such plan (but not prior to 12 months prior to the date hereof), determined on the basis of a shutdown of the company in accordance with actuarial assumptions used by the PBGC in single-employer plan terminations and since its last valuation date, there have been no amendments to such plan that materially increased the present value of accrued benefits nor any other material adverse changes in the funding status of such plan. Neither any Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate is required to provide security to a Pension Plan pursuant to Section 307 of ERISA or Section 401(a)(29) of the Code.
- (d) Neither any Loan Party nor any ERISA Affiliate nor any fiduciary of any Employee Benefit Plan has engaged in a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code. The execution, delivery and performance of the terms of any agreements that are related to this transaction will not constitute a prohibited transaction under the aforementioned sections.
  - (e) No Termination Event has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur.
- (f) None of the following "reportable events" are which subject to the 30-day notice requirement of Section 4043(b) of ERISA in respect of any of the Pension Plans has occurred: (i) an inability to pay benefits when due, (ii) bankruptcy or insolvency of the sponsor of the Pension Plan, (iii) liquidation or dissolution of the sponsor of the Pension Plan, (iv) a failure to meet the minimum funding standards, or (v) certain transactions involving a change of employer. No Loan Party has received any notice from the PBGC that any of the Pension Plans is being involuntarily terminated or from the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America that any partial or full termination of any of the Employee Benefit Plans has occurred and no event shall have occurred, and there shall exist as of the date hereof no condition or set of circumstances which present a material risk of the involuntary termination of any of the Pension Plans.
- (g) There are no agreements which will provide payments to any officer, employee, shareholder or highly compensated individual which will be "parachute payments" under Section 280G of the Code that are nondeductible to any Loan Party and which will be subject to the tax under Section 4999 of the Code for which any Loan Party would have a material withholding liability.
- (h) All references to a Borrower or Loan Party in this Section 3.18 or in any other Section of this Agreement relating to ERISA shall be deemed to refer to each Borrower or Loan Party, as applicable, and any other entity which is considered an ERISA Affiliate.

### ARTICLE 4

### Conditions to the Loans

Section 4.1 Conditions to Initial Loans.

The obligation of each Bank to make the initial Loan to be made by it hereunder shall be subject to the fulfillment (to the satisfaction of the Agent) of the following conditions precedent:

- (a) The Borrowers shall have executed and delivered to each Bank their Note.
- (b) The Borrowers shall have paid to the Agent the Agency Fee.
- (c) Blank Rome Comisky & McCauley, counsel to the Borrowers, shall have delivered its opinion to, and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to, the Agent.
- (d) The Agent shall have received true and complete copies of the most recent Financial Statements and Projections, each certified as such in a certificate executed by the president or vice president of Parent.
  - (e) The Agent shall have received copies of the following:
- (i) All of the consents, approvals and waivers referred to on Schedule 3.2 hereto (except only those which, as stated on Schedule 3.2, shall not be delivered);
- (ii) The certificates of incorporation of each Borrower, certified by the Secretary of State of their respective states of incorporation;
  - (iii) The by-laws of each Borrower, certified by their respective secretaries;
- (iv) All corporate action taken by each Borrower to authorize the execution, delivery and performance of each of the Loan Documents and the transactions contemplated thereby, certified by their respective secretaries;
- (v) Good standing certificates generally as of dates not more than twenty (20) days prior to the date of the initial Loan, with respect to Parent and each Primary Subsidiary Borrower, from the Secretary of State of their respective states of incorporation;
- (vi) An incumbency certificate (with specimen signatures) with respect to each Borrower;
- (vii) Results of searches of Uniform Commercial Code and other Lien filings with respect to Parent and each Primary Subsidiary Borrower and such searches shall disclose no Liens, except for Liens permitted under Section 7.2, or if unpermitted Liens are disclosed, the Agent shall have received satisfactory evidence of release of such Liens; and
- (viii) Evidence of property and casualty insurance and liability insurance.
- (f) (i) Each Borrower shall have complied and shall then be in compliance with all of the terms, covenants and conditions of this Agreement;
- (ii) After giving effect to the initial Loan, there shall exist no Default or Event of Default hereunder;
- (iii) The representations and warranties contained in Article 3 hereof shall be true and correct on the date hereof; and
- (iv) The Agent shall have received a Compliance Certificate dated the date hereof certifying, inter alia, that the conditions set forth in this subsection 4.1(f) are satisfied on such date.
- (g) All legal matters incident to the initial Loans shall be satisfactory to counsel to the Agent.
- Section 4.2 Conditions to Subsequent Loans.

The obligation of each Bank to make each Loan subsequent to its initial Loan shall be subject to the fulfillment (to the satisfaction of the Agent) of the following conditions precedent:

- (a) The Agent shall have received a Borrowing Notice in accordance with Section 2.3 hereof together with a certification that:
- (i) The representations and warranties made by the Borrowers herein or which are contained in any certificate, document or financial or other statement furnished at any time under or in connection herewith, shall be correct on and as of the

borrowing date for such Loan as if made on and as of such date; and

- (ii) No Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing on the date a Loan is to be made or after giving effect to the Loan to be made on such date.
- (b) All legal matters incident to such Loan shall be satisfactory to counsel for the  $\mathsf{Agent}$ .

#### ARTICLE 5

Delivery of Financial Reports, Documents and Other Information.

While the Commitments are outstanding, and, in the event any Loan remains outstanding, so long as any Borrower is indebted to the Banks or the Agent and until payment in full of the Notes and full and complete performance of all of their other obligations arising hereunder, the Borrowers shall deliver to each Bank:

Section 5.1 Annual Financial Statements and Projections.

Annually, as soon as available, (i) but in any event within ninety (90) days after the last day of each of its fiscal years, a consolidated and consolidating balance sheet of Parent and the Subsidiaries as at such last day of the fiscal year, and consolidated and consolidating statements of income and retained earnings and statements of cash flow, for such fiscal year, each prepared in accordance with GAAP, in reasonable detail, and, as to the consolidated statements, audited and certified without qualification by Grant Thornton, LLP or another firm of independent certified public accountants satisfactory to the Agent, or certified, as to the consolidating statements, by the chief financial officer of Parent, as fairly presenting the financial position and the results of operations of Parent and the Subsidiaries as at and for the year ending on its date and as having been prepared in accordance with GAAP and (ii) on or before each November 15th, Projections for the upcoming fiscal year.

Section 5.2 Quarterly Financial Statements.

As soon as available, but in any event within forty-five (45) days after the end of the Parent's first three fiscal quarterly periods, a consolidated and consolidating balance sheet of Parent and the Subsidiaries as of the last day of such quarter and consolidated and consolidating statements of income and retained earnings and statements of cash flow, for such quarter, and on a comparative basis figures for the corresponding period of the immediately preceding fiscal year, all in reasonable detail, each such statement to be certified in a certificate of the president or chief financial officer of Parent as accurately presenting the financial position and the results of operations of Parent and the Subsidiaries as at its date and for such quarter and as having been prepared in accordance with GAAP (subject to year-end audit adjustments).

Section 5.3 Compliance Information.

Promptly after a written request therefor, such other financial data or information evidencing compliance with the requirements of this Agreement, the Notes and the other Loan Documents, as any Bank may reasonably request from time to time.

Section 5.4 No Default Certificate.

At the same time as it delivers the financial statements required under the provisions of Sections 5.1 and 5.2 hereof, a certificate of the president or chief executive officer of Parent to the effect that no Event of Default hereunder and that no default under any other agreement to which any Borrower or any of the Subsidiaries is a party or by which it is bound, or by which, to the best knowledge of any Borrower or any Subsidiary, any of its properties or assets, taken as a whole, may be materially affected, and no event which, with the giving of notice or the lapse of time, or both, would constitute such an Event of Default or default, exists, or, if such cannot be so certified, specifying in reasonable detail the exceptions, if any, to such statement. Such certificate shall be accompanied by a detailed calculation indicating compliance with the covenants contained in Sections 6.9 and 7.13 hereof.

Section 5.5 Certificate of Accountants.

At the same time as it delivers the financial statements required under the provisions of Section 5.1 hereof, a certificate of the independent certified public accountants of Parent addressed specifically to both Parent and the Agent to the effect that during the course of their audit of the operations of Parent and its condition as of the end of the fiscal year, nothing has come to their attention which would indicate that a Default or an Event of Default hereunder has occurred or that there was any violation of the covenants of the Borrowers

contained in Section 6.9 or Article 7 of this Agreement, or, if such cannot be so certified, specifying in reasonable detail the exceptions, if any, to such statement.

Section 5.6 Accountants' Reports.

Promptly upon receipt thereof, copies of each management letter and each other written report submitted to any and/or all of the Borrowers by its independent accountants in connection with any annual or interim audit or review of the books of Parent and/or all or any of the Borrowers made by such accountants.

Section 5.7 Copies of Documents.

Promptly upon their becoming available, copies of any: (i) financial statements, projections, non-routine reports, notices (other than routine correspondence), requests for waivers and proxy statements, in each case, delivered by any Borrower or any of the Subsidiaries to any lending institution other than the Banks; (ii) correspondence or notices received by any Borrower from any federal, state or local governmental authority that regulates the operations of the Borrowers or any of its Subsidiaries, relating to an actual or threatened change or development that would be materially adverse to any Borrower or any Subsidiary; (iii) registration statements and any amendments and supplements thereto, and any regular and periodic reports, if any, filed by any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries with any securities exchange or with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any governmental authority succeeding to any or all of the functions of the said Commission and (iv) letters of comment or correspondence sent to any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries by any such securities exchange or such Commission in relation to any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries.

Section 5.8 Notices of Defaults.

Promptly, notice of the occurrence of any Default or Event of Default, or any event that would constitute or cause a material adverse change in the condition, financial or otherwise, or the operations of any Borrower or any of the Subsidiaries.

Section 5.9 ERISA Notices and Requests.

Notice of each of the following within ten (10) days after such event or occurrence:

- (a) any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate knowing or having reason to know that a Termination Event has occurred or that a Defined Contribution Plan has been terminated or partially terminated, together with a written statement by the appropriate chief financial officer setting forth the details of such event;
- (b) the filing of a request for a funding waiver by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate with respect to any Pension Plan, and a copy of such request and all communications received by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate with respect to such request;
- (c) receipt by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate of a notice of the PBGC's intent to terminate a Pension Plan, and a copy of such notice;
- (d) the failure of any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate to make a required installment or payment under Section 302 of ERISA or Section 412 of the Code by the applicable due date thereof, together with a written notice of such failure;
- (e) any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate knowing or having reason to know that a prohibited transaction (as defined in Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code) has occurred with respect to any Employee Benefit Plan, and a written statement by the appropriate chief financial officer setting forth the details of such transaction and the action taken with respect thereto;
- (f) any increase in the benefits of any existing Employee Benefit Plan or the establishment of any new Employee Benefit Plan or the commencement of contributions to any Employee Benefit Plan to which any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate had not theretofore been contributing, together with a written notice of such occurrence;
- (g) receipt by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate of any favorable or unfavorable determination letter from the IRS regarding the qualification of a Pension Plan under Section 401(a) of the Code, together with a copy of such letter;
- (h) the filing of an annual report (Form 5500 series), including Schedule B thereto, filed by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate with respect to an Employee Benefit Plan, together with a copy of such report;
- (i) receipt by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate of an actuarial report for any Pension Plan, together with a copy of such report;

- (j) receipt by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate of all correspondence with the PBGC, the Secretary of Labor of the United States of America or any representative of the IRS with respect to any Employee Benefit Plans, relating to an actual or threatened change or development which would be materially adverse to any Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate; and
- (k) receipt by any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate of any correspondence from a Multiemployer Plan with respect to withdrawal liability.

Section 5.10 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 5.11 Additional Information.

Such other information regarding the business, affairs and condition of the Borrowers and the Subsidiaries as the Agent, may from time to time reasonably request.

#### ARTICLE 6

#### Affirmative Covenants.

While the Commitments are outstanding, and, in the event any Loan remains outstanding, so long as any Borrower is indebted to the Banks or the Agent, and until payment in full of the Notes and full and complete performance of all of their other obligations arising hereunder, the Borrowers shall and shall cause each Subsidiary to:

Section 6.1 Books and Records.

Keep proper books of record and account in a manner reasonably satisfactory to the Agent in which full, true and correct entries shall be made of all dealings or transactions in relation to its business and activities.

Section 6.2 Inspections and Audits.

Permit the Banks to make or cause to be made (at the expense of the Banks except that, after the occurrence of and during the continuance of an Event of Default, at the Borrowers' expense), inspections and audits of any books, records and papers of each Borrower and each of the Subsidiaries and to make extracts therefrom and copies thereof, or to make inspections and examinations of any properties and facilities of the Borrowers and the Subsidiaries, on reasonable notice, at all such reasonable times and as often as any Bank may reasonably require, in order to assure that the Borrowers are and will be in compliance with its obligations under the Loan Documents or to evaluate the Banks' investment in the then outstanding Notes.

Section 6.3 Maintenance and Repairs.

Maintain in good repair, working order and condition, subject to normal wear and tear, all material properties and assets from time to time owned by it and used in or necessary for the operation of its business, and make all reasonable repairs, replacements, additions and improvements thereto.

Section 6.4 Continuance of Business.

Do, or cause to be done, all things reasonably necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence and all permits, rights and privileges necessary for the proper conduct of its business and continue to engage in the same line of business and comply in all material respects with all applicable laws, regulations and orders.

Section 6.5 Copies of Corporate Documents.

Subject to the prohibitions set forth in Section 7.12 hereof, promptly deliver to the Agent copies of any amendments or modifications to its and any Subsidiary's certificate of incorporation and by-laws, certified with respect to the certificate of incorporation by the Secretary of State of its state of incorporation and, with respect to the by-laws, by the secretary or assistant secretary of such corporation.

Section 6.6 Perform Obligations.

Pay and discharge all of its material obligations and liabilities, including, without limitation, all taxes, assessments and governmental charges upon its income and properties when due, unless and to the extent only that such obligations, liabilities, taxes, assessments and governmental charges shall be contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings and that, to the extent required by GAAP then in effect, proper and adequate book reserves relating thereto are established by the Borrowers, or, as the case may be, by the

appropriate Subsidiary, and then only to the extent that a bond is filed in cases where the filing of a bond is necessary to avoid the creation of a Lien against any of its properties.

Section 6.7 Notice of Litigation.

Promptly notify the Agent in writing of any litigation, legal proceeding or dispute, other than disputes in the ordinary course of business or, whether or not in the ordinary course of business, involving amounts in excess of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand (\$250,000) Dollars, affecting any Borrower or any Subsidiary whether or not fully covered by insurance, and regardless of the subject matter thereof (excluding, however, any actions relating to workers' compensation claims or negligence claims relating to use of motor vehicles, if fully covered by insurance, subject to deductibles and general liability claims of less than \$5,000,000 fully covered by insurance).

Section 6.8 Insurance.

(i) Maintain with responsible insurance companies acceptable to the Agent such insurance on such of its properties, in such amounts and against such risks as is customarily maintained by similar businesses; (ii) file with the Agent upon its request a detailed list of the insurance then in effect, stating the names of the insurance companies, the amounts and rates of the insurance, the dates of the expiration thereof and the properties and risks covered thereby and (iii) carry all insurance available through the PBGC or any private insurance companies covering its obligations to the PBGC.

Section 6.9 Financial Covenants.

Have or maintain, on a consolidated basis, at all times:

- (a) A ratio of total liabilities (as determined in accordance with GAAP) to Tangible Net Worth of not more than 2.0 to 1.0.
- (b) Tangible Net Worth of more than the sum of (i) \$65,000,000, plus (ii) beginning with Parent's fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2000 and with respect to each fiscal quarter of Parent thereafter, 50% of the Borrowers' consolidated net income (determined in accordance with GAAP), on a cumulative basis and without any reduction for loss for each such fiscal quarter.
  - (c) A Leverage Ratio of not more than 3.0 to 1.0.
  - (d) A Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of not less than 2.0 to 1.0.

Section 6.10 Notice of Certain Events.

- (a) Promptly notify the Agent in writing of the occurrence of any Reportable Event, as defined in Section 4043 of ERISA, if a notice of such Reportable Event is required under ERISA to be delivered to the PBGC within 30 days after the occurrence thereof, together with a description of such Reportable Event and a statement of the action the Loan Party or the ERISA Affiliate intends to take with respect thereto, together with a copy of the notice thereof given to the PBGC.
- (b) Promptly notify the Agent in writing if any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate receives an assessment of withdrawal liability in connection with a complete or partial withdrawal with respect to any Multiemployer Plan, together with a statement of the action that such Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate intends to take with respect thereto.
- (c) Promptly notify the Agent in writing if any Borrower or any other Loan Party receives: (i) any notice of any violation or administrative or judicial complaint or order having been filed or about to be filed against such Borrower or such other Loan Party alleging violations of any Environmental Law and Regulation, or (ii) any notice from any governmental body or any other Person alleging that such Borrower or such other Loan Party is or may be subject to any Environmental Liability; and promptly upon receipt thereof, provide the Agent with a copy of such notice together with a statement of the action such Borrower or such other Loan Party intends to take with respect thereto.

Section 6.11 Comply with ERISA.

Materially comply with all applicable provisions of ERISA and the Code now or hereafter in effect.

Section 6.12 Environmental Compliance.

Operate all property owned, operated or leased by it in compliance with all Environmental Laws and Regulations, such that no material Environmental Liability arises under any Environmental Laws and Regulations, which would

result in a Lien on any property of any Borrower or any other Loan Party; provided, however, that in the event that any such claim is made or any such Environmental Liability arises, the Borrower or such other Loan Party shall (subject to such Borrower's or such Loan Party's right to contest such claim in good faith and at its own expense by appropriate legal proceedings; provided, however, that during such contest, such Borrower or such other Loan Party shall, at the option of the Agent, provide security satisfactory to the Agent, assuring the discharge of such Borrower's or such Loan Party's obligation thereunder and of any additional interest charge, penalty or expense arising from or incurred as a result of such contest), at its own cost and expense, in a timely manner, immediately satisfy such claim or Environmental Liability.

Section 6.13 Certain Subsidiary Matters.

- (a) With respect to each fiscal year of Parent, ensure that Persons that are the Borrowers account for not less than 95% of Parent's consolidated net income (as determined in accordance with GAAP).
- (b) With respect to each Foreign Subsidiary, ensure that (i) each office maintained by each such Foreign Subsidiary is a Non-Material Office, (ii) such Foreign Subsidiaries do not own real and/or personal property that has a fair market value in excess of \$750,000 with respect to all such property owned by such Foreign Subsidiaries in the aggregate and (iii) with respect to any fiscal year of Parent, such Foreign Subsidiaries do not in the aggregate account for more than 5% of Parent's consolidated net income (as determined in accordance with GAAP).

#### ARTICLE 7

## **Negative Covenants**

While the Commitments are outstanding, and, in the event any Loan remains outstanding, so long as any Borrower is indebted to the Banks or the Agent and until payment in full of the Notes and full and complete performance of all of their other obligations arising hereunder, no Borrower shall and not permit any of its Subsidiaries to do, agree to do, or permit to be done, any of the following:

Section 7.1 Indebtedness.

Create, incur, permit to exist or have outstanding any Indebtedness, except:

- (a) Indebtedness of the Borrowers to the Banks and the Agent and under this Agreement and the Notes;
- (b) Indebtedness incurred in connection with a Permitted Acquisition; provided that the amount thereof at any one time outstanding with respect to all Permitted Acquisitions in the aggregate shall not exceed \$3,000,000;
- (c) Taxes, assessments and governmental charges, non-interest bearing accounts payable and accrued liabilities, in any case not more than 90 days past due from the original due date thereof, and non-interest bearing deferred liabilities other than for borrowed money (e.g., deferred compensation and deferred taxes), in each case incurred and continuing in the ordinary course of business;
  - (d) As set forth on Schedule 7.1 hereto; and
- (e) Other Indebtedness; provided that the amount thereof at any one time outstanding with respect to all such other Indebtedness shall not exceed \$1,000,000;

provided that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the aggregate amount of Indebtedness permitted to be outstanding pursuant to subsection 7.1(b) and subsection 7.1(e) shall not in the aggregate exceed \$3,000,000.

Section 7.2 Liens.

Create, or assume or permit to exist, any Lien on any of the properties or assets of any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, except:

- (a) Permitted Liens;
- (b) Purchase money mortgages or security interests, conditional sale arrangements and other similar security interests, on motor vehicles and equipment acquired by any Borrower or any Subsidiary (hereinafter referred to individually as a "Purchase Money Security Interest") with the proceeds of the

Indebtedness permitted by subsection 7.1(e) hereof; provided, however, that:

- (i) The transaction in which any Purchase Money Security Interest is proposed to be created is not then prohibited by this Agreement;
- (ii) Any Purchase Money Security Interest shall attach only to the property or asset acquired in such transaction and shall not extend to or cover any other assets or properties of any Borrower or, as the case may be, a Subsidiary;
- (iii) The Indebtedness secured or covered by any Purchase Money Security Interest shall not exceed the lesser of the cost or fair market value of the property or asset acquired and shall not be renewed, extended or prepaid from the proceeds of any borrowing by any Borrower or any Subsidiary; and
- (iv) The Indebtedness secured or covered by any Purchase Money Security Interest shall not exceed the amount of Indebtedness permitted by subsection 7.1(e) hereof (including the proviso at the end of Section 7.1);
  - (c) The interests of the lessor under any Capitalized Lease;
  - (d) As set forth on Schedule 7.2 hereto; and
- (e) With the prior written consent of the Agent and the Required Banks (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), Liens on property acquired pursuant to a Permitted Acquisition; provided, however, that:
- (i) any such Lien shall attach only to the property or asset acquired in such Permitted Acquisition and shall not extend to or cover any other assets or properties of any Borrower or, as the case may be, a Subsidiary; and
- (ii) The Indebtedness secured or covered by any such Lien shall not exceed the lesser of the cost or fair market value of the property or asset acquired and shall not be renewed, extended or prepaid from the proceeds of any borrowing by any Borrower or any Subsidiary; and
- (iii) The Indebtedness secured or covered by any such Lien shall not exceed the amount of Indebtedness permitted by subsection 7.1(b) or Section 7.1(e) hereof (including the proviso at the end of Section 7.1).

Section 7.3 Guaranties.

Except as set forth on Schedule 7.1 hereto, assume, endorse, be or become liable for, or guarantee, the obligations of any Person, except (i) by the endorsement of negotiable instruments for deposit or collection in the ordinary course of business; (ii) guarantees of loans to employees of a Borrower provided, that, the aggregate amount of such guaranteed Indebtedness at any one time outstanding shall not exceed \$1,000,000 and (iii) guarantees by a Borrower of Indebtedness of another Borrower permitted by Section 7.1 hereof. For the purposes hereof, the term "guarantee" shall include any agreement, whether such agreement is on a contingency or otherwise, to purchase, repurchase or otherwise acquire Indebtedness of any other Person, or to purchase, sell or lease, as lessee or lessor, property or services, in any such case primarily for the purpose of enabling another Person to make payment of Indebtedness, or to make any payment (whether as an advance, capital contribution, purchase of an equity interest or otherwise) to assure a minimum equity, asset base, working capital or other balance sheet or financial condition, in connection with the Indebtedness of another Person, or to supply funds to or in any manner invest in another Person in connection with such Person's Indebtedness.

Section 7.4 Mergers, Acquisitions.

Merge or consolidate with any Person (whether or not any Borrower or any Subsidiary is the surviving entity), or acquire all or substantially all of the assets or any of the Capital Stock of any Person except Permitted Acquisitions.

Section 7.5 Redemptions; Distributions.

- (a) At any time a Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would result therefrom, purchase, redeem, retire or otherwise acquire, directly or indirectly, or make any sinking fund payments with respect to, any shares of any class of stock of any Borrower or any Subsidiary now or hereafter outstanding or set apart any sum for any such purpose; or
- (b) Declare or pay any dividends or make any distribution of any kind on any Borrower's outstanding stock, or set aside any sum for any such purpose, except that (i) a Subsidiary Borrower may declare or pay any dividend to Parent and (ii) a Borrower may declare or pay any dividend payable solely in shares of its common stock.

Issue any additional shares or any right or option to acquire any shares, or any security convertible into any shares, of preferred stock of any Borrower or any Subsidiary.

Section 7.7 Changes in Business.

Make any material change in its business, or in the nature of its operation, or liquidate or dissolve itself (or suffer any liquidation or dissolution), or convey, sell, lease, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of any of its property, assets or business except dispositions of obsolete equipment and other dispositions in the ordinary course of business and for a fair consideration or dispose of any shares of stock or any Indebtedness, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, or discount, sell, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of accounts receivable.

Section 7.8 Prepayments.

Make any voluntary or optional prepayment of any Indebtedness for borrowed money incurred or permitted to exist under the terms of this Agreement, other than Indebtedness evidenced by the Notes, unless and to the extent refinanced with new long term Indebtedness on terms (including amortization and maturity) at least as favorable to the Borrowers as the Indebtedness being prepaid.

Section 7.9 Investments.

Make, or suffer to exist, any Investment in any Person, including, without limitation, any shareholder, director, officer or employee of any Borrower or any of the Subsidiaries, except:

- (a) Investments in:
- (i) obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States of America;
- (ii) certificates of deposit, bankers acceptances and other "money market instruments" issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of the United States of America or any State thereof and having capital and surplus in an aggregate amount of not less than \$100,000,000;
- (iii) open market commercial paper bearing the highest credit rating issued by Standard & Poor's Corporation or by another nationally recognized credit rating agency;
- (iv) repurchase agreements entered into with any bank or trust company organized under the laws of the United States of America or any State thereof and having capital and surplus in an aggregate amount of not less than \$100,000,000 relating to United States of America government obligations;
- (v) shares of "money market funds", each having net assets of not less than \$100,000,000; in each case maturing or being due or payable in full not more than 180 days after a Borrower's acquisition thereof; and
- (vi) accounts receivable arising out of sales of inventory in the ordinary course of business;
- (b) Investments in Subsidiaries that are acquired pursuant to a Permitted Acquisition; provided such Subsidiary becomes a Borrower pursuant to Section 7.13 of this Agreement;
- (c) Other Investments; provided, that, the amount of all such other Investments at any one time outstanding shall not exceed \$500,000 in the aggregate with respect to all such other Investments;
  - (d) Investments by any Borrower in any other Borrower;
- (e) Investments existing as of September 30, 2000 in the aggregate amount of \$1,620,000 as reflected in the Financial Statements; and
- (f) Investments in ICEE of Mexico, a Foreign Subsidiary, in the aggregate amount not in excess of \$930,000 and other Investments by a Borrower in Foreign Subsidiaries; provided, that, the aggregate amount of all such other Investments at any one time outstanding shall not exceed \$500,000.

Section 7.10 Fiscal Year.

Change its fiscal year.

Section 7.11 ERISA Obligations.

(a) Permit the occurrence of any Termination Event, or the occurrence of a termination or partial termination of a Defined Contribution Plan which would result in a liability to any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate; or

- (b) Permit the present value of all benefit liabilities under all Pension Plans to exceed the current value of the assets of such Pension Plans allocable to such benefit liabilities; or
- (c) Permit any accumulated deficiency (as defined in Section 302 of ERISA and Section 412 of the Code) with respect to any Pension Plan, whether or not waived; or
- (d) Fail to make any contribution or payment to any Multiemployer Plan which any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate may be required to make under any agreement relating to such Multiemployer Plan, or any law pertaining thereto which results in or is likely to result in any liability; or
- (e) Engage, or permit any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate to engage, in any prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, for which a civil penalty pursuant to Section 502(i) of ERISA or a tax pursuant to Section 4975 of the Code is imposed; or
- (f) Engage or permit any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate to engage, in any breach of fiduciary duty under Part 4 of Title I of ERISA; or
- (g) Permit the establishment of any Employee Benefit Plan providing post-retirement welfare benefits or establish or amend any Employee Benefit Plan which establishment or amendment could result in liability to any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate or increase the obligation of any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate to a Multiemployer Plan which liability or increase, individually or together with all similar liabilities and increases, is material to any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate; or
- (h) Permit any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate to be or become obligated to the PBGC other than in respect of annual premium payments; or
- (i) Fail, or permit any Loan Party or ERISA Affiliate to fail, to establish, maintain and operate each Employee Benefit Plan in compliance in all material respects with the provisions of ERISA, the Code and all other applicable laws and the regulations and interpretations thereof.

Section 7.12 Amendments of Documents.

Modify, amend, supplement or terminate, or agree to modify, amend, supplement or terminate, its certificate of incorporation or by-laws.

Section 7.13 Additional Subsidiaries

Not allow any Domestic Subsidiary to be acquired or established by any Borrower after the date of this Agreement unless and until the Borrowers shall have caused such new Domestic Subsidiary to become a Borrower hereunder and in connection therewith shall execute, and shall have caused such new Domestic Subsidiary to execute, a Joinder and any other documentation reasonably requested by the Agent, which may include amendments to this Agreement.

Section 7.14 Double Negative Pledge.

No Borrower shall enter into any agreement which prohibits or limits the ability of any Borrower to create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Lien upon any of its property or revenues, whether now owned or hereafter acquired.

Section 7.15 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 7.16 Intentionally Omitted.

Section 7.17 Transactions with Affiliates.

Except as expressly permitted by this Agreement, directly or indirectly: (a) make any Investment in any of its Affiliates that is not a Borrower; (b) transfer, sell, lease, assign or otherwise dispose of any assets to any of its Affiliates that is not a Borrower; (c) merge into or consolidate with or purchase or acquire assets from any of its Affiliates that is not a Borrower; or (d) enter into any other transaction directly or indirectly with or for the benefit of any of its Affiliates that is not a Borrower (including, without limitation, guarantees and assumptions of obligations of such an Affiliate); provided, however, that: (i) payments on Investments expressly permitted by Section 7.9 hereof may be made, (ii) any Affiliate of a Borrower who is a natural person may serve as an employee or director of any Borrower and receive reasonable compensation for his services in such capacity, and (iii) any Borrower may enter into any transaction with any of its Affiliates that is not a Borrower providing for the leasing of property, the rendering or receipt of services or the purchase or sale of product, inventory and other assets in the ordinary course of business if the monetary or business consideration arising therefrom would be substantially as advantageous to such Borrower as the

monetary or business consideration that would obtain in a comparable arm's length transaction with a Person not an Affiliate of a Borrower.

Section 7.18 Hazardous Material.

- (a) Cause or permit:
- (i) any Hazardous Material to be placed, held, located or disposed of, on, under or at any real property owned by a Borrower or any part thereof, except for such Hazardous Materials that are necessary for any Borrower's or any Subsidiary's or any tenant's operation of its business thereon and which shall be used, stored, treated and disposed of in compliance with all applicable Environmental Laws and Regulations; or
- (ii) such real property or any part thereof to be used as a collection, storage, treatment or disposal site for any Hazardous Material.
- (b) Each Borrower and each Subsidiary acknowledges and agrees that the Agent and the Banks shall have no liability or responsibility for either:
- (i) damage, loss or injury to human health, the environment or natural resources caused by the presence, disposal, release or threatened release of Hazardous Materials on any part of such real property; or
- (ii) abatement and/or clean-up required under any applicable Environmental Laws and Regulations for a release, threatened release or disposal of any Hazardous Materials located at such real property or used by or in connection with any Borrower's or any Subsidiary's or any such tenant's business.

#### ARTICLE 8

#### Events of Default.

If any one or more of the following events ("Events of Default") shall occur and be continuing, the Commitments shall terminate and the entire unpaid balance of the principal of and interest on the Notes outstanding and all other obligations and Indebtedness of any and/or all of the Borrowers to the Banks and the Agent arising hereunder and under the other Loan Documents shall immediately become due and payable upon written notice to that effect given to a Borrower by the Agent (except that in the case of the occurrence of any Event of Default described in Section 8.6 no such notice shall be required), without presentment or demand for payment, notice of non-payment, protest or further notice or demand of any kind, all of which are expressly waived by each Borrower:

Section 8.1 Payments.

- (a) Failure to make any payment of interest upon any Note or to make any payment of any Fee within five days of when due; or
- (b) Failure to make any payment or mandatory prepayment of principal upon any Note when due; or

Section 8.2 Certain Covenants.

- (a) Failure to perform or observe any of the agreements of any Borrower or any Subsidiary contained in Section 6.9 hereof; or
- (b) Failure to perform or observe any of the agreements of any Borrower or any Subsidiary contained in Article 7 hereof; provided, that, the failure to perform or observe any of such agreements of any Borrower or any Subsidiary has or may result in a Material Adverse Effect; or

Section 8.3 Other Covenants.

- (a) Failure by any Borrower to (i) perform or observe any of the agreements of any Borrower or any Subsidiary contained in Article 7 hereof that has not or may not result in a Material Adverse Effect and (ii) perform or observe any other term, condition or covenant of this Agreement not covered by any of the other Events of Default set forth in this Article 8 or of any of the other Loan Documents to which it is a party, in each case which shall remain unremedied for a period of 30 days after notice thereof shall have been given to a Borrower by the Agent; or
- (b) Failure by any Loan Party other than a Borrower to perform or observe any term, condition or covenant of any of the Loan Documents to which it or he is a party, which shall remain unremedied for a period of 30 days after notice thereof shall have been given to a Borrower by the Agent; or

Section 8.4 Other Defaults.

- (a) Failure to perform or observe any term, condition or covenant of any bond, note, debenture, loan agreement, indenture, guaranty, trust agreement, mortgage or similar instrument to which any Borrower or any Subsidiary is a party or by which it is bound, or by which any of its properties or assets may be affected (a "Debt Instrument"), so that, as a result of any such failure to perform, the Indebtedness included therein or secured or covered thereby may be declared due and payable prior to the date on which such Indebtedness would otherwise become due and payable; or
- (b) Any event or condition referred to in any Debt Instrument shall occur or fail to occur, so that, as a result thereof, the Indebtedness included therein or secured or covered thereby may be declared due and payable prior to the date on which such Indebtedness would otherwise become due and payable; or
- (c) Failure to pay any Indebtedness for borrowed money due at final maturity or pursuant to demand under any Debt Instrument; provided, however, that the provisions of this Section 8.4 shall not be applicable to any Debt Instrument that on the date this Section 8.4 would otherwise be applicable thereto, relates to or evidences Indebtedness in a principal amount of less than Five Hundred Thousand (\$500,000) Dollars; or

Section 8.5 Representations and Warranties.

Any representation or warranty made in writing to the Banks or the Agent in any of the Loan Documents or in connection with the making of the Loans, or any certificate, statement or report made or delivered in compliance with this Agreement, shall have been false or misleading in any material respect when made or delivered; or

Section 8.6 Bankruptcy.

- (a) Any Borrower or any Subsidiary shall make an assignment for the benefit of creditors, file a petition in bankruptcy, be adjudicated insolvent, petition or apply to any tribunal for the appointment of a receiver, custodian, or any trustee for it or him or a substantial part of its or his assets, or shall commence any proceeding under any bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, readjustment of debt, dissolution or liquidation law or statute of any jurisdiction, whether now or hereafter in effect, or any Borrower or any Subsidiary shall take any corporate action to authorize any of the foregoing actions; or there shall have been filed any such petition or application, or any such proceeding shall have been commenced against it or him, that remains undismissed for a period of sixty (60) days or more; or any order for relief shall be entered in any such proceeding; or any Borrower or any Subsidiary by any act or omission shall indicate its or his consent to, approval of or acquiescence in any such petition, application or proceeding or the appointment of a custodian, receiver or any trustee for it or him or any substantial part of any of its or his properties, or shall suffer any custodianship, receivership or trusteeship to continue undischarged for a period of sixty (60) days or more; or
- (b) Any Borrower or any Subsidiary shall generally not pay its or his debts as such debts become due; or
- (c) Any Borrower or any Subsidiary shall have concealed, removed, or permitted to be concealed or removed, any part of its or his property, with intent to hinder, delay or defraud its or his creditors or any of them or made or suffered a transfer of any of its or his property that may be fraudulent under any bankruptcy, fraudulent conveyance or similar law; or shall have made any transfer of its or his property to or for the benefit of a creditor at a time when other creditors similarly situated have not been paid; or shall have suffered or permitted, while insolvent, any creditor to obtain a Lien upon any of its or his property through legal proceedings or distraint that is not vacated within sixty (60) days from the date thereof; or

Section 8.7 Judgments.

Any judgment against any Borrower or any Subsidiary or any attachment, levy or execution against any of its properties for any amount in excess of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand (\$250,000) Dollars shall remain unpaid, unstayed on appeal, undischarged, unbonded or undismissed for a period of sixty (60) days or more; or

Section 8.8 ERISA.

- (a) The termination of any Plan or the institution by the PBGC of proceedings for the involuntary termination of any Plan, in either case, by reason of, or that results or could result in, a "material accumulated funding deficiency" under Section 412 of the Code; or
  - (b) Failure by any Borrower to make required contributions, in accordance with

the applicable provisions of ERISA, to each of the Plans hereafter established or assumed by it; or

Section 8.9 Ownership of Stock.

Gerald Shreiber (or, in the event of the death of any of them, his estate, legal representative or heirs) shall at any time own, beneficially and of record, less than 10% in the aggregate of all of the issued and outstanding shares of Capital Stock of Parent having ordinary voting rights for the election of directors; or

Section 8.10 Management.

Gerald Shreiber shall cease for any reason whatsoever, including, without limitation, death or disability (as such disability shall be determined in the sole and absolute judgment of the Agent) to be and continuously perform the duties of chief executive officer of Parent or, if such cessation shall occur as a result of the death or such disability, no successor satisfactory to the Agent, in its sole discretion, shall have become and shall have commenced to perform the duties of chief executive officer of Parent within one hundred twenty (120) days after such cessation; provided, however, that if any satisfactory successor shall have been so elected and shall have commenced performance of such duties within such period, the name of such successor or successors shall be deemed to have been inserted in place of Gerald Shreiber in this Section 8.10.

#### ARTICLE 9

# The Agent

Section 9.1 Appointment, Powers and Immunities.

Each Bank hereby irrevocably appoints and authorizes the Agent to act as its agent hereunder and under the other Loan Documents with such powers as are specifically delegated to the Agent by the terms of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents together with such other powers as are reasonably incidental thereto. The Agent shall have no duties or responsibilities except those expressly set forth in this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and shall not be a trustee for any Bank. The Agent shall not be responsible to the Banks for any recitals, statements, representations or warranties contained in this Agreement, or the other Loan Documents in any certificate or other document referred to or provided for in, or received by any of them under, this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, or for the value, validity, effectiveness, genuineness, enforceability or sufficiency of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or any other document referred to or provided for herein or therein or for the collectibility of the Loans or for any failure by any Borrower or any of the other Loan Parties to perform any of its obligations hereunder or under the other Loan Documents. The Agent may employ agents and attorneys-in-fact and shall not be answerable, except as to money or securities received by it or its authorized agents, for the negligence or misconduct of any such agents or attorneys-in-fact selected by it with reasonable care. Neither the Agent nor any of its directors, officers, employees or agents shall be liable or responsible for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it or them hereunder or the other Loan Documents or in connection herewith or therewith, except for its or their own gross negligence or willful misconduct.

Section 9.2 Reliance by Agent.

The Agent shall be entitled to rely upon any certification, notice or other communication (including any thereof by telephone, telex, telegram or cable) believed by it to be genuine and correct and to have been signed or sent by or on behalf of the proper person or persons, and upon advice and statements of legal counsel, independent accountants and other experts selected by the Agent. As to any matters not expressly provided for by this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, the Agent shall in all cases be fully protected in acting, or in refraining from acting, hereunder or the other Loan Documents in accordance with instructions signed by the Required Banks, and such instructions of the Required Banks and any action taken or failure to act pursuant thereto shall be binding on all of the Banks.

Section 9.3 Events of Default.

The Agent shall not be deemed to have knowledge of the occurrence of a Default (other than the non-payment of principal of or interest on Loans) unless the Agent has received notice from a Bank or a Borrower specifying such Default and stating that such notice is a "Notice of Default". In the event that the Agent receives such a notice of the occurrence of a Default, the Agent shall give notice thereof to the Banks (and shall give each Bank notice of each such non-payment). The Agent shall (subject to Section 9.7 hereof) take such action with respect to such Default as shall be directed by the Required Banks.

Section 9.4 Rights as a Bank.

With respect to its Commitment and the Loans made by it, the Agent in its capacity as a Bank hereunder shall have the same rights and powers hereunder as any other Bank and may exercise the same as though it were not acting as the Agent, and the term "Bank" or "Banks" shall, unless the context otherwise indicates, include the Agent in its individual capacity. The Agent and its Affiliates may (without having to account therefor to any Bank) accept deposits from, lend money to and generally engage in any kind of banking, trust or other business with the Borrowers or their Affiliates, as if it were not acting as the Agent, and the Agent may accept fees and other consideration from the Borrowers or their Affiliates, for services in connection with this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or otherwise without having to account for the same to the Banks.

#### Section 9.5 Indemnification.

The Banks shall indemnify the Agent (to the extent not reimbursed by the Borrowers under Sections 10.1 and 10.2 hereof), ratably in accordance with the aggregate principal amount of the Loans made by the Banks (or, if no Loans are at the time outstanding, ratably in accordance with their respective Commitments), for any and all liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, actions, judgments, suits, costs, expenses or disbursements of any kind and nature whatsoever that may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against the Agent in any way relating to or arising out of this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or any other documents contemplated by or referred to herein or therein or the transactions contemplated by or referred to herein or therein or the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby (including, without limitation, the costs and expenses that the Borrowers are obligated to pay under Sections 10.1 and 10.2 hereof, but excluding, unless a Default has occurred and is continuing, normal administrative costs and expenses incident to the performance of its agency duties hereunder) or the enforcement of any of the terms hereof, or of any such other documents, provided that no Bank shall be liable for any of the foregoing to the extent they arise from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the party to be indemnified.

## Section 9.6 Non-Reliance on Agent and other Banks.

Each Bank agrees that it has, independently and without reliance on the Agent or any other Bank, and based on such documents and information as it has deemed appropriate, made its own credit analysis of each Borrower and decision to enter into this Agreement and that it will, independently and without reliance upon the Agent or any other Bank, and based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate at the time, continue to make its own analysis and decisions in taking or not taking action under this Agreement or the other Loan Documents. The Agent shall not be required to keep itself informed as to the performance or observance by any Borrower of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or any other document referred to or provided for herein or therein or to inspect the properties or books of any Borrower. Except for notices, reports and other documents and information expressly required to be furnished to the Banks by the Agent hereunder or under the other Loan Documents, the Agent shall not have any duty or responsibility to provide any Bank with any credit or other information concerning the affairs, financial condition or business of any Borrower, that may come into the possession of the Agent or any of its Affiliates.

## Section 9.7 Failure to Act.

Except for action expressly required of the Agent hereunder, the Agent shall in all cases be fully justified in failing or refusing to act hereunder or thereunder unless it shall be indemnified to its satisfaction by the Banks against any and all liability and expense that may be incurred by it by reason of taking or continuing to take any such action.

# Section 9.8 Resignation or Removal of Agent.

Subject to the appointment and acceptance of a successor Agent as provided below, the Agent may resign at any time by giving not less than 30 days' prior written notice thereof to the Banks and a Borrower and the Agent may be removed at any time with or without cause by the Required Banks. Upon any such resignation or removal, the Required Banks shall have the right to appoint a successor Agent. If no successor Agent shall have been so appointed by the Required Banks and shall have accepted such appointment within 30 days after the retiring Agent's giving of notice of resignation or the Required Banks' removal of the retiring Agent, then the retiring Agent may, on behalf of the Banks, after consultation with Parent, appoint a successor Agent which shall be a bank that has an office in New Jersey with a combined capital and surplus of at least \$100,000,000. Upon the acceptance of any appointment as Agent hereunder by a successor Agent, such successor Agent shall thereupon succeed to and become vested with all the rights, powers, privileges and duties of the retiring Agent, and the retiring Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations

hereunder. After any retiring Agent's resignation or removal hereunder as Agent, the provisions of this Article 9 shall continue in effect for its benefit in respect of any actions taken or omitted to be taken by it while it was acting as the Agent.

Section 9.9 Sharing of Payments.

- (a) Prior to any acceleration by the Agent and the Banks of the Obligations:
- (i) in the event that any Bank shall obtain payment in respect of a Note, or interest thereon, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, and whether through the exercise of a right of banker's lien, set-off or counterclaim against any Borrower or any other Loan Party or otherwise, in a greater proportion than any such payment obtained by any other Bank in respect of the corresponding Note held by it, then the Bank so receiving such greater proportionate payment shall purchase for cash from the other Bank or Banks such portion of each such other Bank's or Banks' Loan as shall be necessary to cause such Bank receiving the proportionate overpayment to share the excess payment with each Bank; and
- (ii) in the event that any Bank shall obtain payment in respect of any Interest Rate Contract to which such Bank is a party, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, and whether through the exercise of a right of banker's lien, set-off or counterclaim against any Borrower or any other Loan Party or otherwise, such Bank shall be permitted to retain the full amount of such payment and shall not be required to share such payment with any other Bank.
- (b) Upon or following any acceleration by the Agent and the Banks of the Oligations, in the event that any Bank shall obtain payment in respect of a Note, or interest thereon, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, and whether through the exercise of a right of banker's lien, set-off or counterclaim against any Borrower or any other Loan Party or otherwise, in a greater proportion than any such payment obtained by any other Bank in respect of the aggregate amount of the corresponding Note held by such Bank and any Interest Rate Contract to which such Bank is a party, then the Bank so receiving such greater proportionate payment, shall purchase for cash from the other Bank or Banks such portion of each such other Bank's or Banks' Loan, as shall be necessary to cause such Bank receiving the proportionate overpayment to share the excess payment ratably with each Bank. For the purposes of this subsection 9.9(b), payments on Notes received by each Bank shall be in the same proportion as the proportion of: (A) the sum of: (X) the Obligations owing to such Bank in respect of the Note held by such Bank, plus (y) the Obligations owing to such Bank in respect of Interest Rate Contracts to which such Bank is party, if any, to (B) the sum of: (x) the Obligations owing to all of the Banks in respect of all of the Notes, plus (y) the Obligations owing to all of the Banks in respect of all Interest Rate Contracts to which any Bank is a party;

provided, however, that, with respect to subsections 9.9(a)(i) and (b) above, if all or any portion of such excess payment or benefits is thereafter recovered from the Bank that received the proportionate overpayment, such purchase of Loans or payment of benefits, as the case may be, shall be rescinded, and the purchase price and benefits returned, to the extent of such recovery, but without interest.

## ARTICLE 10

Miscellaneous Provisions.

Section 10.1 Fees and Expenses; Indemnity.

The Borrowers will promptly pay all costs of the Agent in preparing the Loan Documents and all costs and expenses of the issue of the Notes and of the Borrowers' and the other Loan Parties' performance of and compliance with all agreements and conditions contained herein on its part to be performed or complied with (including, without limitation, all costs of filing or recording any assignments, mortgages, financing statements and other documents and all appraisal and environmental review fees and expenses), and the reasonable fees and expenses and disbursements of counsel to the Agent in connection with the preparation, execution and delivery, administration, interpretation and enforcement of this Agreement, the other Loan Documents and all other agreements, instruments and documents relating to this transaction, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by all such documents, the preservation of all rights of the Banks and the Agent, the negotiation, preparation, execution and delivery of any amendment, modification or supplement of or to, or any consent or waiver under, any such document (or any such instrument that is proposed but not executed and delivered) and with any claim or action threatened, made or brought against any of the Banks or the Agent arising out of or relating to any extent to this Agreement, the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby (other than a claim

or action resulting from the gross negligence, willful misconduct, or intentional violation of law by the Agent and or the Banks). In addition, the Borrowers will promptly pay all costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel) suffered or incurred by each Bank in connection with its enforcement of the payment of the Notes held by it or any other sum due to it under this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or any of its other rights hereunder or thereunder. In addition to the foregoing, each Borrower shall indemnify each Bank and the Agent and each of their respective directors, officers, employees, attorneys, agents and Affiliates against, and hold each of them harmless from, any loss, liabilities, damages, claims, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements) suffered or incurred by any of them arising out of, resulting from or in any manner connected with, the execution, delivery and performance of each of the Loan Documents, the Loans and any and all transactions related to or consummated in connection with the Loans (other than as a result of the gross negligence, willful misconduct or intentional violation of law by the Agent and/or the Banks), including, without limitation, losses, liabilities, damages, claims, costs and expenses suffered or incurred by any Bank or the Agent or any of their respective directors, officers, employees, attorneys, agents or Affiliates arising out of or related to any Environmental Liability or Environmental Proceeding, or in investigating, preparing for, defending against, or providing evidence, producing documents or taking any other action in respect of any commenced or threatened litigation, administrative proceeding or investigation under any federal securities law or any other statute of any jurisdiction, or any regulation, or at common law or otherwise against the Agent, the Banks or any of their officers, directors, affiliates, agents or Affiliates, that is alleged to arise out of or is based upon: (i) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact of any Borrower and its affiliates in any document or schedule filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental body; (ii) any omission or alleged omission to state any material fact required to be stated in such document or schedule, or necessary to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which made, not misleading; (iii) any acts, practices or omission or alleged acts, practices or omissions of any Borrower or its agents related to the making of any acquisition, purchase of shares or assets pursuant thereto, financing of such purchases or the consummation of any other transactions contemplated by any such acquisitions that are alleged to be in violation of any federal securities law or of any other statute, regulation or other law of any jurisdiction applicable to the making of any such acquisition, the purchase of shares or assets pursuant thereto, the financing of such purchases or the consummation of the other transactions contemplated by any such acquisition; or (iv) any withdrawals, termination or cancellation of any such proposed acquisition for any reason whatsoever. The indemnity set forth herein shall be in addition to any other obligations or liabilities of the Borrowers to the Agent and the Banks hereunder or at common law or otherwise. The provisions of this Section 10.1 shall survive the payment of the Notes and the termination of this Agreement.

## Section 10.2 Taxes.

If, under any law in effect on the date of the closing of any Loan hereunder, or under any retroactive provision of any law subsequently enacted, it shall be determined that any Federal, state or local tax is payable in respect of the issuance of any Note, then the Borrowers will pay any such tax and all interest and penalties, if any, and will indemnify the Banks and the Agent against and save each of them harmless from any loss or damage resulting from or arising out of the nonpayment or delay in payment of any such tax. If any such tax or taxes shall be assessed or levied against any Bank or any other holder of a Note, such Bank, or such other holder, as the case may be, may notify a Borrower and make immediate payment thereof, together with interest or penalties in connection therewith, and shall thereupon be entitled to and shall receive immediate reimbursement therefor from the Borrower. Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this Agreement, the covenants and agreements of the Borrowers in this Section 10.2 shall survive payment of the Notes and the termination of this Agreement.

# Section 10.3 Payments.

(a) As set forth in Article 2 hereof, all payments by the Borrowers on account of principal, interest, fees and other charges (including any indemnities) shall be made to the Agent at the Principal Office of the Agent, in lawful money of the United States of America in immediately available funds, by wire transfer or otherwise, not later than 11:00 A.M. New Jersey time on the date such payment is due. Any such payment made on such date but after such time shall, if the amount paid bears interest, be deemed to have been made on, and interest shall continue to accrue and be payable thereon until, the next succeeding Business Day. If any payment of principal or interest becomes due on a day other than a Business Day, such payment may be made on the next succeeding Business Day and such extension shall be included in computing interest in connection with such payment. Upon payment in full of any Note, the Bank holding such Note shall mark the Note "Paid" and return it to a Borrower.

(b) All payments hereunder and under the Notes shall be made without set-off or counterclaim.

Section 10.4 Survival of Agreements and Representations; Construction.

All agreements, representations and warranties made herein shall survive the delivery of this Agreement and the Notes. The headings used in this Agreement and the table of contents are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to constitute a part hereof. All uses herein of the masculine gender or of singular or plural terms shall be deemed to include uses of the feminine or neuter gender, or plural or singular terms, as the context may require.

Section 10.5 Set-off of Deposits.

Each Borrower hereby agrees that, in addition to (and without limitation of) any right of set-off, banker's lien or counterclaim a Bank may otherwise have, each Bank shall be entitled, at its option, to offset balances held by it at any of its offices against any principal of or interest on any of its Loans hereunder, or any Fee payable to it, that is not paid when due (regardless of whether such balances are then due to a Borrower), in which case it shall promptly notify a Borrower and the Agent thereof, provided that its failure to give such notice shall not affect the validity thereof. Furthermore, at any time, after the occurrence and during the continuance of any Event of Default, without demand or notice, the Agent or any Bank may set off any and all deposits or other sums at any time credited by or due from the Agent or any Bank or any Affiliate of the Agent or any Bank to the Borrower and/or any other Loan Party, whether now existing or hereafter arising, whether in regular or special depository accounts or otherwise or any part thereof and apply the same to any of the Obligations of the Borrowers and/or any other Loan Party even though unmatured and regardless of the adequacy of any other collateral securing the Obligations.

Section 10.6 Modifications, Consents and Waivers.

- (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any Loan Document, with the written consent of the Required Banks, the Agent and the Borrowers may, from time to time, enter into written amendments, supplements or modifications thereof and, with the consent of the Required Banks, the Agent on behalf of the Banks, may execute and deliver to any such parties a written instrument waiving or consenting to the departure from, on such terms and conditions as the Agent may specify in such instrument, any of the requirements of the Loan Documents or any Default or Event of Default and its consequences; provided, however, that no such amendment, supplement, modification, waiver or consent shall:
- (i) without the written consent of all of the Banks (A) increase the Commitment of any Bank, (B) extend the Credit Period, (C) reduce the rate or amount, or extend the time of payment, of the Commitment Fee , (D) reduce the rate or amount of, or extend the time of payment of, interest on any Loan or any Note, (E) reduce the amount, or extend the time of payment of any installment or other payment of principal on any Loan or any Note, (F) decrease or forgive the principal amount of any Loan or any Note, (G) consent to any assignment or delegation by any Borrower of any of its rights or obligations under any Loan Document; (H) change the provisions of Section 2.22, 2.24, 2.26 or this Section 10.6, (I) change the definition of "Required Banks", or any provision of this Agreement requiring the consent or approval of all the Banks, (J) change the several nature of the Banks' obligations, (K) change any provision governing the sharing of payments and liabilities among the Banks, (L) amend or modify the dollar amount set forth in Section 2.8(c)(i) hereof; or (M) release all or substantially all of the obligations of any Borrower under any Loan Document; provided that any increase to a Commitment or the Total Commitment in accordance with terms of Section 2.8(c) shall not require the consent of any Bank other than the Bank whose Commitment is being increased; and
- (ii) without the written consent of the Agent, amend, modify or waive any provision of Article 9 or otherwise change any of the rights or obligations of the Agent under any Loan Document.
- (b) No modification, amendment or waiver of or with respect to any provision of this Agreement, any Notes, or any of the other Loan Documents and all other agreements, instruments and documents delivered pursuant hereto or thereto, nor consent to any departure by any Borrower from any of the terms or conditions thereof, shall in any event be effective unless it shall be in writing and signed by the Agent and the Banks whose consent is required as provided above. Upon full execution, any such amendment, supplement, modification, waiver or consent shall apply equally to the Agent, each Bank and each Borrower and shall be binding upon Borrower, the Banks, the Agent and all future holders of the Notes. In the case of any waiver, each Borrower, the Banks and the Agent shall be restored to their former position and rights hereunder and under the outstanding Notes and other Loan Documents to the extent provided for in such waiver, any such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given and any Default or Event of Default

waived shall not extend to any subsequent or other Default or Event of Default, or impair any right consequent thereon. No consent to or demand on any Borrower in any case shall, of itself, entitle it to any other or further notice or demand in similar or other circumstances.

Section 10.7 Remedies Cumulative; Counterclaims.

Each and every right granted to the Agent and the Banks hereunder or under any other document delivered hereunder or in connection herewith, or allowed it by law or equity, shall be cumulative and may be exercised from time to time. No failure on the part of the Agent or any Bank or the holder of any Note to exercise, and no delay in exercising, any right shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right preclude any other or future exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right. The due payment and performance of the Obligations shall be without regard to any counterclaim, right of offset or any other claim whatsoever that any Borrower may have against any Bank or the Agent and without regard to any other obligation of any nature whatsoever that any Bank or the Agent may have to any Borrower, and no such counterclaim or offset shall be asserted by any Borrower (unless such counterclaim or offset would, under applicable law, be permanently and irrevocably lost if not brought in such action) in any action, suit or proceeding instituted by any Bank or the Agent for payment or performance of the Obligations .

Section 10.8 Further Assurances.

At any time and from time to time, upon the request of the Agent, each Borrower shall execute, deliver and acknowledge or cause to be executed, delivered and acknowledged, such further documents and instruments and do such other acts and things as the Agent may reasonably request in order to fully effect the purposes of this Agreement, the other Loan Documents and any other agreements, instruments and documents delivered pursuant hereto or in connection with the Loans.

Section 10.9 Notices.

All notices, requests, reports and other communications pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing, either by letter (delivered by hand or commercial messenger service or sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, except for routine reports delivered in compliance with Article 5 hereof which may be sent by ordinary first-class mail) or telegram or telecopy, addressed as follows:

## (a) If to any Borrower:

C/o J & J Snack Foods Corp. 6000 Central Highway Pennsauken, NJ 08109 Attention: Mr. Dennis Moore, Chief Financial Officer Telecopier No.: (856) 488-7587

with a copy to:

Blank Rome Comisky & McCauley Woodland Falls Corporate Park 210 Lake Drive East Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 Attention: A. Fred Ruttenberg, Esq. Telecopier No.: (856) 779-7647

# (b) If to any Bank:

To its address set forth below its name on the signature pages hereof, with a copy to the Agent; and

#### (c) If to the Agent:

Fleet National Bank, as Agent 208 Harristown Road Glen Rock, New Jersey 07452 Attention: Kathryn Murphy, Vice President Telecopier No.: (201) 251-5275

with a copy (other than in the case of Borrowing Notices and reports and other documents delivered in compliance with Article 5 hereof) to: Emmet, Marvin & Martin, LLP 120 Broadway New York, New York 10271 Attention: Richard M. Skoller, Esq.

Telecopier No.: (212) 238-3100

Any notice, request, demand or other communication hereunder shall be deemed to have been given on: (x) the day on which it is telecopied to such party at its telecopier number specified above (provided such notice shall be effective only if followed by one of the other methods of delivery set forth herein) or delivered by receipted hand or such commercial messenger service to such party at its address specified above, or (y) on the third Business Day after the day deposited in the mail, postage prepaid, if sent by mail, or (z) on the day it is delivered to the telegraph company, addressed as aforesaid, if sent by telegraph. Any party hereto may change the person, address or telecopier number to whom or which notices are to be given hereunder, by notice duly given hereunder; provided, however, that any such notice shall be deemed to have been given hereunder only when actually received by the party to which it is addressed.

Section 10.10 Counterparts.

This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument.

Section 10.11 Severability.

The provisions of this Agreement are severable, and if any clause or provision hereof shall be held invalid or unenforceable in whole or in part in any jurisdiction, then such invalidity or unenforceability shall affect only such clause or provision, or part thereof, in such jurisdiction and shall not in any manner affect such clause or provision in any other jurisdiction, or any other clause or provision in this Agreement in any jurisdiction. Each of the covenants, agreements and conditions contained in this Agreement is independent and compliance by the Borrowers with any of them shall not excuse non-compliance by the Borrowers with any other. All covenants hereunder shall be given independent effect so that if a particular action or condition is not permitted by any of such covenants, the fact that it would be permitted by an exception to, or be otherwise within the limitations of, another covenant shall not avoid the occurrence of a Default or an Event of Default if such action is taken or condition exists.

Section 10.12 Binding Effect; No Assignment or Delegation by Borrowers.

This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of each Borrower and its successors and to the benefit of the Banks and the Agent and their respective successors and assigns. The rights and obligations of the Borrowers under this Agreement shall not be assigned or delegated without the prior written consent of the Agent, and any purported assignment or delegation without such consent shall be void.

Section 10.13 Assignments and Participations by Banks.

- (a) Each Bank may, with the prior written consent of the Agent and a Borrower (which consents shall not be unreasonably withheld; provided that, at any time a Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the prior consent of a Borrower shall not be required), assign to one or more banks or other entities all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement (including, without limitation, all or a portion of its Commitment, the Loans owing to it, and the Note or Notes held by it); provided, however, that: (i) each such assignment shall be of a constant, and not a varying, percentage of all of the assigning Bank's rights and obligations under this Agreement, (ii) the amount of the Commitment of the assigning Bank being assigned pursuant to each such assignment (determined as of the date of the Assignment and Acceptance with respect to such assignment) shall in no event be less than \$5,000,000 and shall be an integral multiple of \$1,000,000 for amounts in excess thereof, and (iii) each such assignment shall be to an Eligible Assignee. Upon such execution, delivery, acceptance and recording, from and after the effective date specified in each Assignment and Acceptance, which effective date shall be at least two Business Days after the execution thereof: (x) the assignee thereunder shall be a party hereto and, to the extent that rights and obligations hereunder have been assigned to it pursuant to such Assignment and Acceptance, have the rights and obligations of a Bank hereunder, and (y) the Bank assignor thereunder shall, to the extent that rights and obligations hereunder have been assigned by it pursuant to such Assignment and Acceptance, relinquish its rights and be released from its obligations under this Agreement (and, in the case of an Assignment and Acceptance covering all or the remaining portion of an assigning Bank's rights and obligations under this Agreement, such Bank shall cease to be a party hereto).
- (b) By executing and delivering an Assignment and Acceptance, the Bank assignor thereunder and the assignee thereunder confirm to and agree with each other and

the other parties hereto as follows: (i) other than as provided in such Assignment and Acceptance, such assigning Bank makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to any statements, warranties or representations made in or in connection with this Agreement or the execution, legality, validity, enforceability, genuineness, sufficiency or value of this Agreement or any other instrument or document furnished pursuant hereto; (ii) such assigning Bank makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to the financial condition of any Borrower or the performance or observance by any Borrower of any of its obligations under this Agreement or any other instrument or document furnished pursuant hereto; (iii) such assignee confirms that it has received a copy of this Agreement, together with copies of such financial statements and such other documents and information as it has deemed appropriate to make its own credit analysis and decision to enter into such Assignment and Acceptance; (iv) such assignee will, independently and without reliance upon the Agent, such assigning Bank or any other Bank and based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate at the time, continue to make its own credit decisions in taking or not taking action under this Agreement; (v) such assignee confirms that it is an  $\frac{1}{2}$ Eligible Assignee; (vi) such assignee appoints and authorizes the Agent to take such action as agent on its behalf and to exercise such powers under this Agreement as are delegated to the Agent by the terms hereof, together with such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto; and (vii) such assignee agrees that it will perform in accordance with their terms all of the obligations which by the terms of this Agreement are required to be performed by it as a Bank.

- (c) Upon its receipt of an Assignment and Acceptance executed by an assigning Bank and an assignee representing that it is an Eligible Assignee, together with any Note subject to such assignment, the Agent shall: (i) accept such Assignment and Acceptance, and (ii) give prompt notice thereof to a Borrower. Within five Business Days after its receipt of such notice, the Borrowers, at their own expense, shall execute and deliver to the Agent in exchange for the surrendered Note a new Note to the order of such Eligible Assignee in an amount equal to the Commitment assumed by it pursuant to such Assignment and Acceptance and, if the assigning Bank has retained a Commitment hereunder, a new Note to the order of the assigning Bank in an amount equal to the Commitment retained by it hereunder. Such new Note shall be in an aggregate principal amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of such surrendered Note, shall be dated the effective date of such Assignment and Acceptance and shall otherwise be in substantially the form of Exhibit A hereto.
- (d) Each Bank may, without the prior consent of the other Banks or any Borrower, sell participations to one or more banks or other entities in all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement (including, without limitation, all or a portion of its Commitment), the Loans owing to it, and the Note held by it; provided, however, that: (i) such Bank's obligations under this Agreement (including, without limitation, its Commitment hereunder) shall remain unchanged, (ii) such Bank shall remain solely responsible to the other parties hereto for the performance of such obligations, (iii) such Bank shall remain the holder of any such Note for all purposes of this Agreement, and (iv) the Borrowers, the Agent and the other Banks shall continue to deal solely and directly with such Bank in connection with such Bank's rights and obligations under this Agreement.
- (e) Any Bank may, in connection with any assignment or participation or proposed assignment or participation pursuant to this Section 10.13, disclose to the assignee or participant or proposed assignee or participant, any information relating to the Borrowers furnished to such Bank by or on behalf of the Borrowers; provided that, prior to any such disclosure, the assignee or participant or proposed assignee or participant shall agree to preserve the confidentiality of any confidential information relating to the Borrowers received by it from such Bank.
- (f) Anything in this Section 10.13 to the contrary notwithstanding, any Bank may assign and pledge all or any portion of its Loans and its Notes to any Federal Reserve Bank (and its transferees) as collateral security pursuant to Regulation A of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and any Operating Circular issued by such Federal Reserve Bank. No such assignment shall release the assigning Bank from its obligations hereunder.

Section 10.14 Delivery of Tax Forms.

Each Bank that is not organized under the laws of the United States or a state thereof shall:

- (a) deliver to a Borrower and the Agent, on or prior to the date of the execution and delivery of this Agreement: (i) two accurate and duly completed executed copies of United States IRS Form 1001 or 4224, or successor applicable form, as the case may be, and (ii) an accurate and complete IRS Form W-8 or W-9, or successor applicable form, as the case may be;
  - (b) deliver to a Borrower and the Agent two further accurate and complete

executed copies of any such form or certification on or before the date that any such form or certification expires or becomes obsolete and after the occurrence of any event requiring a change in the most recent form previously delivered by it to a Borrower; and

(c) obtain such extensions of time for filing and completing such forms or certifications as may reasonably be requested by a Borrower or the Agent;

unless in any such case an event (including, without limitation, any change in treaty, law or regulation) has occurred prior to the date on which any such delivery would otherwise be required which renders all such forms inapplicable or which would prevent such Bank from duly completing and delivering any such form with respect to it and such Bank so advises a Borrower and the Agent. Such Bank shall certify: (i) in the case of a Form 1001 or 4224 that is required pursuant to subsection 10.14(a), that it is entitled to receive payments under this Agreement without deduction or withholding of any United States Federal income taxes; (ii) in the case of an IRS Form 1001 or 4224, that is provided pursuant to subsection 10.14(b), to the extent legally entitled to do so, that it is entitled to receive payments under this Agreement without, or at a reduced rate of, deduction or withholding of any United States Federal income taxes; and (iii) in the case of a Form W-8 or W-9, that it is entitled to an exemption from United States backup withholding tax. Each Person not organized under the laws of the United States or a state thereof that is an assignee hereunder shall, prior to the effectiveness of the related transfer, be required to provide all of the forms and statements required pursuant to this subsection 10.14.

Section 10.15 GOVERNING LAW; CONSENT TO JURISDICTION; WAIVER OF TRIAL BY JURY .

- (a) THIS AGREEMENT, THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS AND ALL OTHER DOCUMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS EXECUTED AND DELIVERED IN CONNECTION HEREWITH AND THEREWITH, SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED AND INTERPRETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY WITHOUT REGARD TO ITS RULES PERTAINING TO CONFLICTS OF LAWS.
- EACH BORROWER IRREVOCABLY CONSENTS THAT ANY LEGAL ACTION OR PROCEEDING AGAINST IT UNDER, ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY MANNER RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, AND EACH OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT MAY BE BROUGHT IN ANY COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY, COUNTY LOCATED IN NEW JERSEY, OR IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY. EACH BORROWER, BY THE EXECUTION AND DELIVERY OF THIS AGREEMENT, EXPRESSLY AND IRREVOCABLY ASSENTS AND SUBMITS TO THE PERSONAL JURISDICTION OF ANY OF SUCH COURTS IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING. EACH BORROWER FURTHER IRREVOCABLY CONSENTS TO THE SERVICE OF ANY COMPLAINT, SUMMONS, NOTICE OR OTHER PROCESS RELATING TO ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING BY DELIVERY THEREOF TO IT BY HAND OR BY MAIL IN THE MANNER PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 10.9 HEREOF. EACH BORROWER HEREBY EXPRESSLY AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY CLAIM OR DEFENSE IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING BASED ON ANY ALLEGED LACK OF PERSONAL JURISDICTION, IMPROPER VENUE OR FORUM NON CONVENIENS OR ANY SIMILAR BASIS. BORROWER SHALL BE ENTITLED IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING TO ASSERT ANY DEFENSE GIVEN OR ALLOWED UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY STATE OTHER THAN THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY UNLESS SUCH DEFENSE IS ALSO GIVEN OR ALLOWED BY THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION 10.15 SHALL AFFECT OR IMPAIR IN ANY MANNER OR TO ANY EXTENT THE RIGHT OF ANY BANK TO COMMENCE LEGAL PROCEEDINGS OR OTHERWISE PROCEED AGAINST ANY BORROWER IN ANY JURISDICTION OR TO SERVE PROCESS IN ANY MANNER PERMITTED BY LAW.
- (c) EACH BORROWER, THE AGENT AND THE BANKS (BY ACCEPTANCE OF THE NOTES) MUTUALLY HEREBY KNOWINGLY, VOLUNTARILY AND INTENTIONALLY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY, AND EACH BORROWER WAIVES THE RIGHT TO INTERPOSE ANY SETOFF OR COUNTERCLAIM, IN EACH CASE IN RESPECT OF ANY CLAIM BASED HEREON, ARISING OUT OF, UNDER OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OF THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS CONTEMPLATED TO BE EXECUTED IN CONNECTION HEREWITH OR ANY COURSE OF CONDUCT, COURSE OR DEALINGS, STATEMENTS (WHETHER VERBAL OR WRITTEN) OR ACTIONS OF ANY PARTY, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY COURSE OF CONDUCT, COURSE OF DEALINGS, STATEMENTS OR ACTIONS OF THE AGENT OR ANY BANK RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE LOANS AND/OR ANY OTHER CREDIT FACILITIES HEREUNDER OR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LOAN DOCUMENTS AND AGREE THAT NEITHER PARTY WILL SEEK TO CONSOLIDATE ANY SUCH ACTION WITH ANY OTHER ACTION IN WHICH JURY TRIAL CANNOT BE OR HAS NOT BEEN WAIVED.

Section 10.16 Entire Agreement

This Agreement and the other Loan Documents are intended by the parties as the final, complete and exclusive statement of the transactions evidenced thereby. All prior or contemporaneous promises, agreements and understandings, whether oral or written, are deemed to be superceded by this Agreement and such other Loan Documents, and no party is relying on any promise, agreement or understanding not set forth in this Agreement or such other Loan Documents.

Section 10.17 Interest Adjustment.

All Loan Documents are hereby expressly limited so that in no contingency or

event whatsoever, whether by reason of acceleration of maturity of the indebtedness evidenced hereby or otherwise, shall the amount paid or agreed to be paid to a Bank for the use or the forbearance of the indebtedness evidenced hereby exceed the maximum permissible under applicable law. As used herein, the term "applicable law" shall mean the law in effect as of the date hereof; provided, however, that in the event there is a change in the law which results in a higher permissible rate of interest, then the Loan Documents shall be governed by such new law as of its effective date. In this regard, it is expressly agreed that it is the intent of each Borrower, the Agent and the Banks in the execution, delivery and acceptance of this Agreement to contract in strict compliance with the laws of the State of New Jersey from time to time in effect. If, under or from any circumstances whatsoever, fulfillment of any provision hereof or of any of the Loan Documents at the time of performance of such provision shall be due, shall involve transcending the limit of such validity prescribed by applicable law, then the obligation to be fulfilled shall automatically be reduced to the limits of such validity, and if under or from circumstances whatsoever a Bank should ever receive as interest an amount which would exceed the highest lawful rate, such amount which would be excessive interest shall be applied to the reduction of the principal balance evidenced by a Note (in such manner as such Bank may determine in its sole discretion) and not to the payment of interest. This provision shall control every other provision of each of the Loan Documents.

Section 10.18 Lost Notes

Upon receipt of an affidavit of an officer of any Bank as to the loss, theft, destruction or mutilation of any Note payable to such Bank or any other Loan Document which is not of public record, and, in the case of any such loss, theft, destruction or mutilation, upon surrender and cancellation of such Note or other Loan Document, each Borrower will issue, in lieu thereof, a replacement Note or other Loan Document in the same principal amount thereof and otherwise of like tenor.

Section 10.19 Joint and Several Basis; Notices Binding

All Obligations of the Borrowers to the Agent and/or Bank under or in any way connected with the Loan Documents shall be on a joint and several basis and each Borrower shall be jointly and severally liable for all such Obligations. It is expressly agreed that any notice sent by one or more Borrowers to the Agent and/or any Bank shall be binding on all the Borrowers and any notice sent by the Agent and/or any Bank to one or more Borrowers shall be binding upon each Borrower.

> [BALANCE OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK. SIGNATURE PAGES AND EXHIBITS FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed on the date first above written.

## PARENT:

J & J SNACK FOODS CORP.

Name: Dennis G. Moore

Title: Senior Vice President

# SUBSIDIARY BORROWERS:

BAKERS BEST SNACK FOODS CORP.

FEDERAL PBC COMPANY

THE ICEE COMPANY

- J & J RESTAURANT GROUP, INC.
- J & J SNACK FOODS SALES CORP. OF TEXAS
- J & J SNACK FOODS CORP. OF NEW JERSEY
- J & J SNACK FOODS SALES CORP.
- J & J SNACK FOODS CORP. OF PENNSYLVANIA
- J & J SNACK FOODS TRANSPORT CORP.
- J & J SNACK FOODS CORP. OF CALIFORNIA
- J & J SNACK FOODS INVESTMENT CORP. J & J SNACK FOODS CORP./MIDWEST
- J & J SNACK FOODS CORP./MIA

By:			
,			

Name: Dennis G. Moore

Title: Vice President of each of the

above Subsidiary Borrowers

Commitment: \$30,000,000.00

FLEET NATIONAL BANK, as Agent and as a Bank

By:\_

Name: John F. Cullinan

Title: Senior Vice President

Lending Office for ABR Loans, LIBOR Loans and COF Loans:

Fleet National Bank 208 Harristown Road

Glen Rock, New Jersey 07452 Attention: Kathryn Murphy, Vice President

Address for Notices:

Fleet National Bank 208 Harristown Road Glen Rock, New Jersey 07452

Attention: Kathryn Murphy, Vice President

Telecopier: (201) 251-5275

Commitment: \$20,000,000.00

NATIONAL CITY BANK, as a Bank

Name: Tara M. Handforth

Title: Corporate banking Officer

Lending Office for ABR Loans, LIBOR Loans and

COF Loans:

National City Bank One South Broad Street - 13th Floor Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107 Attention: Melissa Landay, Vice President

Address for Notices:

National City Bank One South Broad Street - 13th Floor Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107 Attention: Melissa Landay, Vice President

Telecopier: (267) 256-4001

Commitment: \$10,000,000.00

MELLON BANK, N.A., as a Bank

By:\_\_\_

Name: Frank P. Mohapp

Title: First Vice President

Lending Office for ABR Loans, LIBOR Loans and COF Loans:

AIM 199-5220 Mellon Independence Center 701 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19106

Mailing Address:

AIM 199-5220 Post Office Box 7899 Philadelphia, PA 19101-7899

Attention: Tammy Sanders
Loan Administration
Telephone: (215) 553-0361
Facsimile: (215) 553-4789

Address for Notices:

Mellon Bank, N.A. 610 W. Germantown Pike Suite 200 Plymouth Meeting, PA 19462

Attention: Frank P. Mohapp First Vice President

Telecopier: (610) 941-4136